

Product Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: LQ035NC121

Customer :		
Approved by:		
Note :		

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2009-08-13	Approval by Dept. Mgr.(Section Manager)	朱砡瑩	Section Manager (PM)	Accept
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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision	Date	Page	Description
А	2008/5/6	All	New Creation
В	2008/6/13	10	LCM PIN Definition
2.0	2009/08/13	all	Change format form 奇信 to 奇美



1. SUMMARY

This technical specification applies to 3.45"color TFT-LCD panel. The 3.45" color TFT-LCD panel is designed for GPS, camcorder, digital camera application and other electronic products which require high quality flat panel displays.

2. FEATURES

High Resolution: 230,400 Dots (320 RGB x 240). LQ035NC121 is a transmissive type color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) which uses amorphous thin film transistor (TFT) as switching devices. This product is composed of a TFT LCD panel, driver ICs, FPC.

3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter		Specifications	Unit
Screen size		3.45(Diagonal)	inch
Display Format		320 RGB x 240	Dot
Active area		70.08(H) x 52.56(V)	mm
Pixel size		73x 219	um
Pixel Configuration		RGB-Stripe	
Outline dimension		76.9(W) x 63.9(H) x 1.5(D)	mm
Display Mode		Normally white/Transmissive	
Transmittance		7.4	%
Display Garmut		NTSC 60%	
Input Interface		Digital 24-bit RGB	
Weight		(TBD)	g
Contrast Ratio		350	
View Angle direction		6 o'clock	
View Angle L/R/U/D (CR>10)		55/55/45/50	Degree
	Operation	-20~70	$^{\circ}$ C
Temperature Range	Storage	-30~80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$

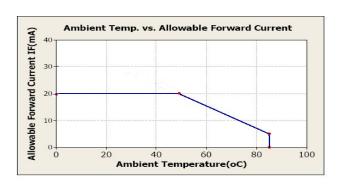
4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	DVDD,AVDD	GND=0	-0.3	7.0	V	
Input Signal Voltage	V _{in}	GND=0	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	NOTE
Logic Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	GND=0	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	NOTE

Note: Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings listed above

1. Temp. \leq 60°C, 90% RH MAX.

2.



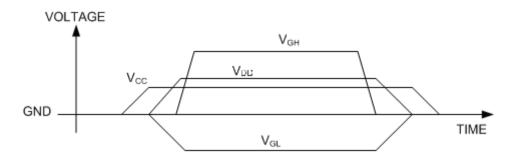


5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1. Operating conditions:

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Condition
Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oill	Condition
Power Voltage	VCC	3	3.3	3.6	V	
Digital Operation Current	lcc		8.6		mA	

Note: Please power on following the sequence VCC → VDD



6. DC CHARATERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit	Condition	
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Condition
Low level input voltage	V _{IL}	0	-	0.3 VCC	V	
Hight level input voltage	V _{IH}	0.7 VCC	-	VCC	V	



7.AC CHARATERISTICS

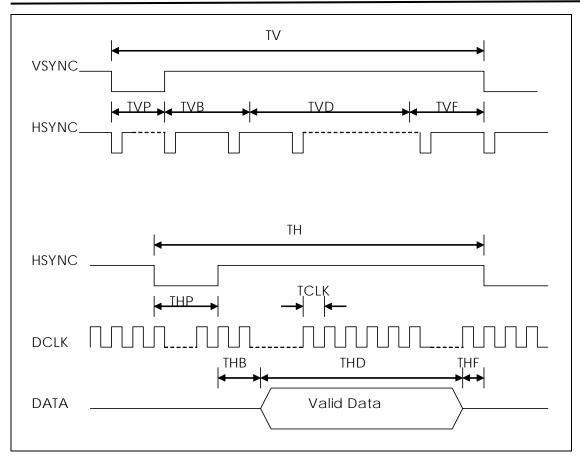
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Frequency	Tosc	-	6.5	10	MHz
Dclk	High Time	Tch	-	77	-	ns
	Low Time	Tcl	-	77	-	ns
Data	Setup Time	Tsu	12	-	-	ns
Data	Hold Time	Thd	12	-	-	ns
	Period	TH	-	408	-	Tosc
	Pulse Width	THS	5	30	-	Tosc
l lavara a	Back-Porch	Thb		38		Tosc
Hsync	Display Period	TEP	-	320	-	Tosc
	Hsync-den time	THE	36	68	88	Tsoc
	Front-Porch	Thf	-	20	-	Tosc
	Period	Tv	-	262	-	TH
	Pulse Width	Tvs	1	3	5	TH
Vsync	Back-Porch	Tvb	-	15	-	TH
	Display Period	Tvd	-	240	-	TH
	Front-Porch	Tvf	2	4	-	TH

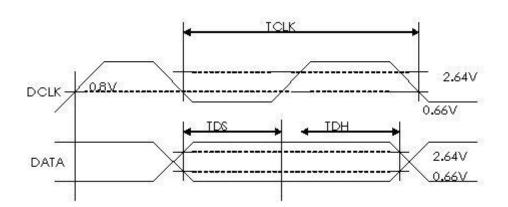
Note: 1. Thp + Thb = 68, the user is make up by yourself.

2. Tv = Tvs + Tvb + Tvd + Tvf, the user is make up by yourself.

3. When SYNC mode is used,1st data start from 68th Dclk after Hsync falling



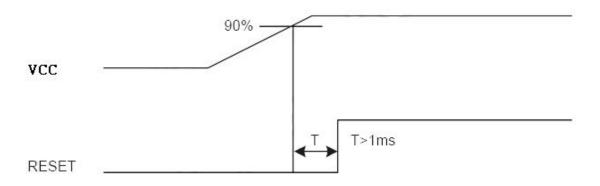






7.1 Reset Timing Chart

The RESET input must be held at least 1ms after power is stable



Reset timing

8. OPTICAL CHARATERISTIC

Ta=25±2°C, ILED=20mA

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark		
Response time	۵	Tr	$\theta = 0^{\circ} \cdot \Phi = 0^{\circ}$	ı	10		ms	Note 3,5		
ixesponse uni	<u> </u>	Tf		ı	15		ms	Note 3,3		
Contrast ratio		CR	At optimized viewing angle	300	350	-	-	Note 4,5		
Color Chromaticity	White	Wx	<i>θ</i> =0° 、Φ=0	(0.26)	(0.31)	(0.36)		Note 2,6,7		
Color Chromaticity	willte	Wy	$\theta = 0$ $\Phi = 0$	(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.38)		11016 2,0,7		
	Hor	ΘR		ı	(55)	ı				
Viewing angle	Hor.	Hor.	HOI.	ΘL	CR≧10	ı	(55)	1	Deg.	Note 1
viewing angle	Ver.	ΦТ	OIX≦ IO	-	(45)	-	Deg.	Note i		
	vei.	ΦВ		-	(50)	-				
Transmittance		Т%		-	7.4	-	%	Center of display		

 $Ta=25\pm2$ °C, $I_L=20$ mA

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

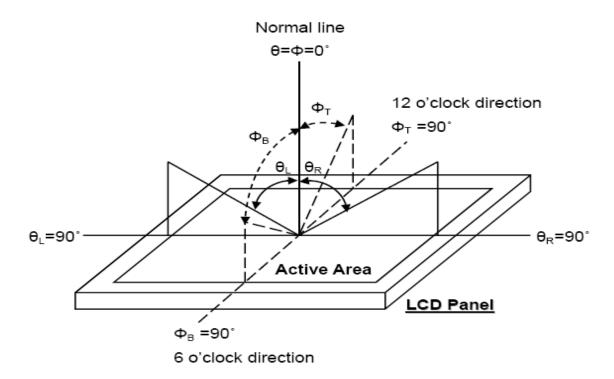


Fig. 8-1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 2: Test equipment setup:

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a driven temperature for 10 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7 luminance meter 1.0° field of view at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.

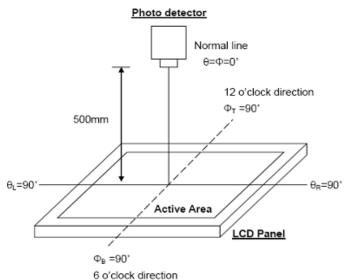


Fig. 8-2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time, Tr, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time, Tf, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed



from 10% to 90%.

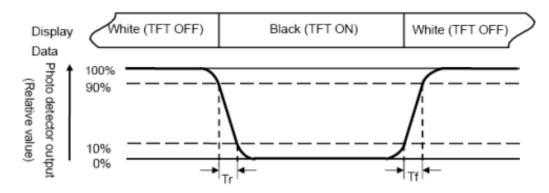


Fig. 3-3 Definition of response time

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following expression.

Note 5: White $V_i = V_{i50} \pm 1.5V$

Black Vi = $V_{i50} \pm 2.0V$

"±" means that the analog input signal swings in phase with VCOM signal.

"±" means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with VCOM signal.

The 100% transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the input terminals of module are electrically opened.

Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931) Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD

Note 7: Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

Note 8 : Uniformity (U) =
$$\frac{\text{Brightness (min)}}{\text{Brightness (max)}} \times 100\%$$

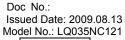
9. TOUCH PANEL

NA



10. INTERFACE 10.1. LCM PIN Definition

Pin	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	LED-	I	Backlight LED Ground	
2	LED-	I	Backlight LED Ground	
3	LED+	I	Backlight LED Power	
4	LED+	I	Backlight LED Power	
5	Y1	I	Top electrode ,	
6	X1	I	Right electrode	
7	NC		Not Use	
8	/RESET	-	Hardware Reset	
9	SPENA	I	SPI Interface Data Enable Signal	Note 3
10	SPCLK	I	SPI Interface Data Clock	Note 3
11	SPDAT	I	SPI Interface Data	Note 3
12	В0	I	Blue Data Bit 0	
13	B1	I	Blue Data Bit 1	
14	B2	I	Blue Data Bit 2	
15	В3	I	Blue Data Bit 3	
16	B4	I	Blue Data Bit 4	
17	B5	I	Blue Data Bit 5	
18	В6	I	Blue Data Bit 6	
19	В7	I	Blue Data Bit 7	
20	G0	I	Green Data Bit0	
21	G1	I	Green Data Bit1	
22	G2	I	Green Data Bit2	
23	G3	I	Green Data Bit3	
24	G4	I	Green Data Bit4	
25	G5	I	Green Data Bit5	
26	G6	I	Green Data Bit6	
27	G7	I	Green Data Bit7	
28	R0	I	Red Data Bit0 /DX0	Note 4
29	R1	I	Red Data Bit1 /DX1	Note 4
30	R2	I	Red Data Bit2 /DX2	Note 4
31	R3	I	Red Data Bit3 /DX3	Note 4
32	R4	I	Red Data Bit4 /DX4	Note 4







33	R5	I	Red Data Bit5 /DX5	Note 4
34	R6	I	Red Data Bit6 /DX6	Note 4
35	R7	I	Red Data Bit7 /DX7	Note 4
36	HSYNC	I	Horizontal Sync Input	
37	VSYNC	I	Vertical Sync Input	
38	DCLK	I	Dot Data Clock	
39	NC		Not Use	
40	NC		Not Use	
41	Vcc	I	Digital Power	
42	Vcc	I	Digital Power	
43	Y2	I	Bottom electrode	
44	X2	I	Left electrode	
45	NC	-	Internal test use	
46	NC	-	Not Use	
47	NC	-	Internal test use	
48	SEL2	I	Control the input data format /floating	Note 1
49	SEL1	I	Control the input data format	Note 1,5
50	SEL0	I	Control the input data format	Note 1,5
51	NC		Not Use	
52	DE	I	Data Enable Input	Note 2
53	DGND	I	Ground	
54	AVSS	I		

Note 1:

1. For digital RGB input data format, both SYNC mode and DE mode are supported. If DE signal is fixed low, SYNC mode is used. Otherwise, DE mode is used. Suggest the DE signal usually pull low.

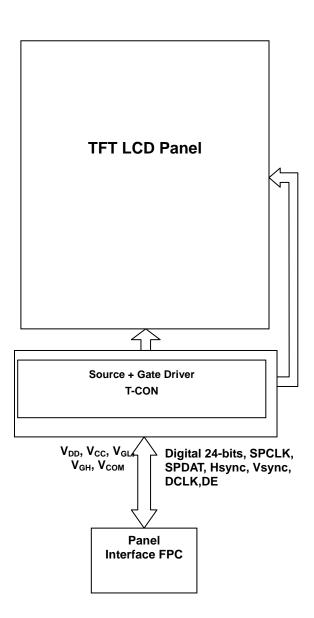


10.2 Basic Display Color and Gray Scale

Color		Input Color Data																							
		Red							Green					Blue											
		MS	_						SB		USB	0-	<u> </u>			LSE		_	SB		<u> </u>				SB
	a	R7				R3			R0	G7		G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7					B2		B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255) Bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	Blue(0) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255) Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



11. BLOCK DIAGRAM





12. QUALITY ASSURANCE

No.	Test Items	Test Condition	REMARK
1	High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=80°C Dry 240h	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-30°C Dry 240h	
3	High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=70°C Dry 240h	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-20°C Dry 240h	
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=60°C 90%RH 240h	
6	Electro Static Discharge Test	Panel surface / FPC input Contact / Air: ±200V machine mode, 150pF, 330Ω	Non-operation
7	Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (0.5h) ~ 70°C (0.5h) / 100 cycles(Dry)	

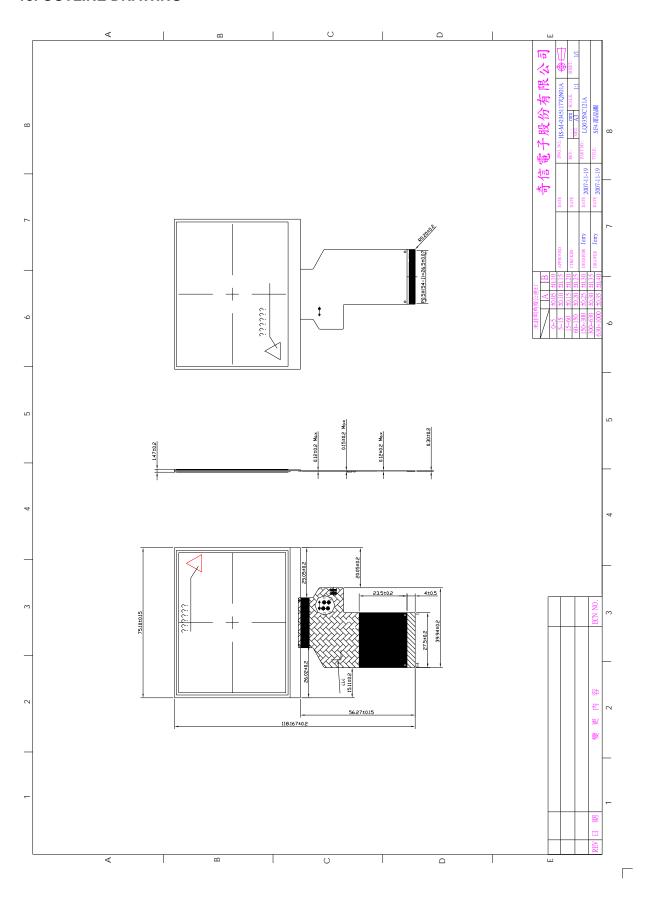
***** Ta= Ambient Temperature

Note:

- 1. The test samples have recovery time for 2 hours at room temperature before the function check. In the standard conditions, there is no display function NG issue occurred.
- 2. All the cosmetic specifications are judged before the reliability stress.



13. OUTLINE DRAWING





14. PACKAGE INFORMATION

TBD

15.PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

15.1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
 - And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with adsorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

15.2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower)
 And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

15.3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

15.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

15.5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

15.6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. Is apt to remain on the polarizer. Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.