Electropneumatic Positioner Type 3730-3

With HART communication





Fig. 1 · Type 3730-3

Mounting and **Operating Instructions**

EB 8384-3 EN

Firmware version 1.3x Edition April 2005







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General safety instructions



- The positioner may only be assembled, started up or operated by trained and experienced personnel familiar with the product.
 - According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel is referred to as individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible dangers due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the relevant standards.
- Explosion-protected versions of this positioner may only be operated by personnel who have undergone special training or instructions or who are authorized to work on explosion-protected devices in hazardous areas. Refer to section 11 on Servicing explosion-protected versions.
- Any hazards that could be caused by the process medium, the operating pressure, the signal pressure or by moving parts of the control valve are to be prevented by means of the appropriate measures.
- If inadmissible motions or forces are produced in the actuator as a result of the supply pressure level, it must be restricted by means of a suitable supply pressure reducing station.
- Proper shipping and appropriate storage are assumed.
- Note! The device with a CE marking fulfils the requirements of the Directives 94/9/EC (ATEX) and 89/336/EEC (EMC).
 - The declaration of conformity can be viewed and downloaded on the Internet at http://www.samson.de.

Article code	Туре 3730-3	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	0	0	Χ	0	Χ	0	0	Χ	0	Χ	Χ
acc. to ATEX CSA/FM intrinsica	T6/II 2 D IP 65 T 80 °C ally safe/non incendive 6 / II 3 D IP 65 T 80 °C	0 1 3 8	-														
Inductive	Without		0														
limit switch	With Type SJ 2-SN		1			0											
Sol. valve SIL 4	Without 24 V DC			0 4													
Analog position transmitter	Without With				0												
External Position sensor	Without With		0			0											
Diagnostics	EXPERT EXPERT+ (extended)								1								
Housing material	Aluminum Stainless steel 1.4581					0					0						
Positioner for	Without													0			
special applications	Free of substances that impair painted surfaces													1			
	Exhaust air with pneum. connection 1/4 NPT													2			
Special versions	Without														0	0	0
	IECEx	1													0	1	2

Firmware modification

Modification	ons of positioner firmware in comparison to previous versions					
Previous	New					
1.00	1.10					
	The HART protocol as per HART specification Revision 5 is supported by default setting. The setting can be changed to HART Revision 6 over TROVIS-VIEW. HART tools as well as AMS or handheld communicators are currently not supported by the Revision 6 version.					
	The following additional status indications were implemented: Code 76 - No emergency mode Code 77 - Program loading error Displays number of zero calibrations performed since the last initialization.					
	For initialization of "AIR TO CLOSE" actuators, the direction of action (Code 7) is automatically set to increasing/decreasing.					
	Code 3 , the activation period of the enabled configuration function was extended to 120 s.					
1.10	1.20					
	Electronics changed, no new functions added.					
1.20	1.30					
	New EXPERT+ diagnostics functions (Code 48) added Positioner in EXPERT+ version with extended diagnostics features.					
	A running initialization can be canceled by pressing the pushbutton.					
	The options position transmitter (Code 37) and solenoid valve (Code 45) are automatically recognized.					

Firmware modification

Design and principle of operation

The electropneumatic positioner is mounted to pneumatic control valves and is used to assign the valve position (controlled variable x) to the control signal (reference variable w). The DC control signal received from a control unit is compared to the travel or rotational angle of the control valve and issues a signal pressure (output variable y).

The positioner is designed depending on the corresponding accessories for direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuators or for attachment to actuators according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR).

Additionally, a coupling wheel included in the accessories is required to transfer the rotary motion for rotary actuators according to VDI/VDE 3845.

Springless rotary actuators require an accessory reversing amplifier to permit the powered operation in either direction.

The positioner basically consists of a travel sensor system that functions proportional to the resistance, an analog i/p module with downstream booster as well as the electronic unit with a microcontroller.

The positioner is fitted with three binary contacts as standard: A fault alarm output is used to indicate a fault to the control station and two configurable software limit switches to indicate the valve's end positions.

The position of the valve is transmitted as linear travel motion or angle of rotation via pick-up lever and travel sensor (2) to an analog PD controller (3). Simultaneously, an A/D converter (4) transmits the position of the valve to the microcontroller (5). The PD

controller compares this actual position to the 4 to 20 mA DC control signal (reference variable) after it has been converted by the A/D converter (4).

In case of a system deviation, the operation of the i/p converter (6) is changed so that the actuator (1) is filled or vented via the downstream air capacity booster (7). This causes the closure member of the control valve to move to the position determined by the reference variable.

The pneumatic air capacity booster (7) and the pressure regulator (8) are provided with supply air. An intermediate flow regulator (9) with fixed settings is used to purge the positioner and also guarantees trouble-free operation of the pneumatic booster. The output signal pressure supplied by the booster can be limited over the software.

The volume restriction Q (10) is used to optimize the positioner by adapting it to the actuator size.

Serial interface

The positioner is equipped with an interface to allow the SAMSON TROVIS-VIEW Configuration and Operator Interface software to transmit data and parameters over an adapter cable from the RS-232 interface of a computer to the positioner. Refer to section 13.

To detect any valve faults at an early stage, the positioner can optionally be equipped with EXPERT+ valve diagnostics. You can access the functions provided by EXPERT+ valve diagnostics over TROVIS-VIEW software and over the DTM file of the device. Refer to Data Sheet T 8388 EN for more details on EXPERT+ valve diagnostics. Instructions on how to operate the software can be

found in the Operating Instructions EB 8388 EN.

1.1 Communication

The positioner is equipped with an interface for HART protocol (Highway Addressable Remote Transducer) for communication purposes. Data are transmitted in a superimposed frequency (FSK = Frequency Shift Keying) on the existing signal loop for the 4 to 20 mA reference variable.

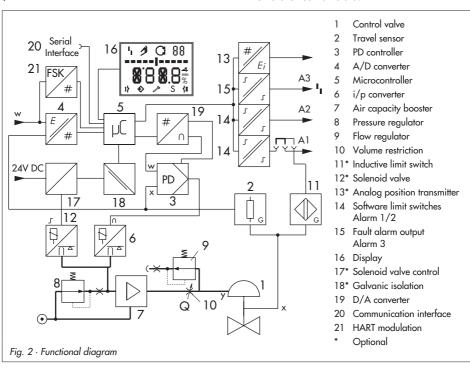
Either a HART capable handheld communicator or a PC with FSK modem can be used to establish communication and operate the positioner.

1.2 Additional equipment

As an option, the device can be additionally equipped with a solenoid valve for forced venting, an analog position transmitter, an inductive limit switch or an external position sensor.

Version with solenoid valve

If the operating voltage for the solenoid valve (12) fails, the supply pressure for the i/p module is vented to the atmosphere. The positioner can no longer operate and the control valve moves to the fail-safe position determined by the actuator, independent of the reference variable.



Positioner with position transmitter

The position transmitter (13) is a two-wire transmitter and issues the travel sensor signal as a 4 to 20 mA signal processed by the microcontroller.

Since this signal is issued independent of the positioner's input signal (min. current 3.8 mA), the actual travel/angle of rotation is controlled in real-time. Additionally, the position transmitter provides the possibility of signaling a positioner fault over a signal current of <2.4 mA or >21.6 mA.

Version with inductive limit switch

The rotary shaft of the positioner carries an adjustable tag which actuates the installed proximity switch.

The optional inductive limit switch (11) leads to A1 and the software limit switch, which keeps its function, leads to A2.

Version with external position sensor

In this version, only the sensor is mounted to the control valve. The positioner is located separately from the valve.

The connection of x and y signals to the valve is established via cable and air hosing (only for non-hazardous areas and without inductive limit switch).

1.3 Technical data

Positioner	
Nominal travel, adjustable	Direct attachment to Type 3277: 3.6 to 30 mm, attachment acc. to IEC 60534-6: 3.6 to 200 mm or 24° to 100° opening angle for rotary actuators
Travel range	Adjustable within the nominal travel/nominal angle, max. ratio 1:5
Reference variable w	Signal range 4 to 20 mA, 2-wire unit, reverse polarity protection, min. span 4 mA, static destruction limit 100 mA
Minimum current	3.6 mA for display, 3.8 mA for operation
Load impedance	≤8.2 V (corresponding to 410 Ω at 20 mA)
Supply air	Supply pressure from 1.4 to 6 bar (20 to 90 psi), Air quality acc. to ISO 8573-1 Edition 2001: Max. particle size and density: Class 4 Oil content: Class 3, pressure dew point: Class 3 or at least 10 K beneath the lowest
Signal pressure (output)	0 bar up to supply pressure, limitable to 1.4/2.4/3.7 ±0.2 bar via software
Characteristic, user-defined adjustable over operating software	Linear/equal percentage/reverse equal percentage/butterfly valve linear/butterfly valve eq. percentage/rotary plug valve linear/rotary plug valve eq. percentage/segmented ball valve linear/segmented ball valve eq.percentage Deviation from terminal-based conformity ≤ 1 %
Hysteresis	≤0.3 %
Sensitivity	≤0.1 %

Transit time	Separately adjustable up to 240 seconds for supply air and exhaust air				
Direction of action	Reversible				
Air consumption, steady state	Independent from supply pressure approx. 110 l _n /h				
Air delivery Actuator pressurized Actuator vented	At $\Delta p = 6$ bar: $\geq 8.5 \text{ m}_n^3/\text{h}$, at $\Delta p = 1.4$ bar: $3.0 \text{ m}_n^3/\text{h}$ K _{Vmax} $_{(20 ^{\circ}\text{C})} = 0.09$ at $\Delta p = 6$ bar: $\leq 14.0 \text{ m}_n^3/\text{h}$, at $\Delta p = 1.4$ bar: $4.5 \text{ m}_n^3/\text{h}$ K _{Vmax} $_{(20 ^{\circ}\text{C})} = 0.15$				
Permissible ambient temperature	-20 to +80 °C, with metal cable gland -40 to +80 °C The limits specified in the EC Type Examination Certificate additionally apply for explosion-protected devices.				
Influences	Temperature: ≤0.15 %/10 K Supply air: None Vibration: ≤0.25 % up to 2000 Hz and 4 g acc. to IEC 770				
Electromagnetic compatability	Complying with EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 21				
Explosion protection	 ☑ II 2 G EEx ia IIC T6 / II 2 D IP 65 T 80 °C or ☑ II 3 G EEx nA II T6 / II 3 D IP 65 T 80 °C IECEx ia IIC T6 / IP 54 and IP 65 T 80 °C FM/CSA intrinsically safe Class I, II, III, Division 1, Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G, T6 FM/CSA non incendive Class I, Division 2, Group A, B, C, D, T6 				
Degree of protection	IP 65				
Communication (local)	SAMSON SSP interface and serial interface adapter				
Software requirements	TROVIS-VIEW with database module 3730-3				
Communication (HART)	HART® field communication protocol Impedance in the HART frequency range: receive 350 to 450 Ω , send: approx. 155 Ω				
Software requirements (HART)	For handheld communicator: device description for 3730-3, For PC: DTM file acc. to Specification 1.2, suitable for integrating the positioner in frame applications that supports the FDT/DTM concept (e.g. PACTware); other integration options (e.g. AMS, PDM) available.				

Binary contacts	1 fault alarm contact, 2 software limit switches with configurable limit values, reverse polarity protection					
Signal status No response: Response:	Without explosion protection Conductive (R = 348Ω) Non-conducting	Exprotected version: ≥ 2.1 mA ≤ 1.2 mA				
Operating voltage	Positioners with model no/9000 only for connection to signal converter acc. to EN 60947-5-6. All other versions also for connection to binary input of the PLC acc. to EN 61131, P _{max} = 400 mW	Only for connection to signal converter acc. to EN 60 957-5-6				

Design and principle of operation

Solenoid valve	SIL 4 approval acc. to IEC 61508
	24 V DC reverse polarity protection, static destruction limit 40 V;
Input	Current consumption I = $\frac{U - 5.6 \text{ V}}{4020 \Omega}$ (corresponding to 4.5 mA at 24 V)
Signal	Signal "0" no pick-up ≤ 15 V Signal "1" safe pick-up >19 V
Service life	>5 x 10 ⁵ switching cycles
Implementation in safety-relevant systems in compliance with IEC 61508	Probability of failure on demand of safety functions PFD < 2.8 x 10 ⁻⁷ for a confidence level of 95 %. The safe failure fraction (SFF) according to Table A1 in IEC 61508-2 is greater or equal to 0.99. The valves are therefore suitable for implementation in safety-related systems with a hardware fault tolerance of 1 or 2 up to and including SIL 4.
Analog position transmitter	Two-wire transmitter
Supply voltage	12 to 30 V DC, reverse polarity protection, static destruction limit 40 V
Output signal	4 to 20 mA
Direction of action	Reversible
Operating range	0 to 100 $\%$ of the travel range, optional also for fault indication over 2.4 or 21.6 mA
Characteristic	Linear
Hysteresis and HF influence	Same as positioner
Ripple content of output signal	0.6 % at 28 Hz acc. to IEC 381 T1
Other influences	Same as positioner
Fault indication	Can be issued with current signal < 2.4 mA or > 21.6 mA
Inductive limit switch	Type SJ 2SN Proximity Switch
For connection to switching a	mplifier acc. to EN 60947-5-6. Can be used in combination with a software limit switch.
External position sensor	
Nominal travel	Adjustable same as positioner
Cable	Max. 10 m with M12x1 connector, designed for continuous flexing, flame retardant acc. to VDE 0472, reistant to oils, lubricants as well as other corrosive media
Ambient conditions	Perm. temperature: -40 to +105 °C, the limits specified in the EC Type Examination Certificate additionally apply for explosion-protected devices. Vibration immunity: up to 10 g in the range between 10 and 2000 Hz
Degree of protection	IP 67
Materials	Housing: Die-cast aluminum GD AlSi12 acc. to DIN 1725 (3.2582), chromated and plastic coated, special version. CrNiMo (1.4581); External parts: Stainless steel 1.4571 and 1.4301. Cable gland M20x1.5, black polyamide
Weight	Approx. 1.0 kg

2 Attachment to the control valve - Mounting parts and accessories

The positioner can be attached either directly to a SAMSON Type 3277 Actuator or according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR) to control valves with cast yokes or rod-type yokes as well as to rotary actuators according to VDI/VDF 3845.

For attachment to the various actuators, corresponding mounting parts and accessories are required. These are listed with their order numbers in Tables 1 to 5.

On attaching the positioner, it is important to observe the assignment between lever and pin position according to the travels listed in the travel tables

Travel table for attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR)

The tables show the maximum adjustment range at the positioner. The travel that can be implemented at the valve is restricted by the pin position used and additionally by the actuator spring compression required. The positioner is standard equipped with the lever M (pin position 35).

Note!

If the standard mounted lever M (pin position 35) is replaced, the newly mounted lever must be moved once all the way as far as it will go in both directions to adapt it to the internal measuring lever.

Travel tab	Travel table for direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuator							
Type 3277-5	Actuator size cm ²	Rated travel mm		ge at positioner avel Max.	Required lever	Assigned pin position		
32//-5 and	120	7.5	5	17.6	M	25		
3277	120/240/350	15	7.5	35.4	M	35		
Actuators	700	30	10	50	М	50		

Travel table for undefinitely decorating to the observe of traveley								
SAMSON valves			Other valv	es/actuators	Required	Assigned		
	cm ²	Rated travel mm	Min. Tr	avel Max.	lever	pin position		
Туре 3271	60 and 120 with Type 3510 Valve	7.5	3.6	17.6	S	17		
	120	7.5	5.0	17.6	М	25		
	120/240/350	15	7.5	35.4	М	35		
Actuator	700/1400/2800	15 and 30/30	10	50	М	50		
	1400/2800	60	14.0	70.8	L	70		
	1400/2800	60	20.0	100	L	100		
	1400/2800	120	40.0	200	XL	200		
Rotary actu	ators	Open	ing angle 24° to	5 100°	М	90°		

Attachment to the control valve — Mounting parts and accessories

Table 1	Direct attachment to Type 3277-5 Actuator, see Fig. 3								
Mounting parts	For actuators with 120 cm ² effective diaphragm of	area	1400-7452						
	Switchover plate (old) for Actuator Type 3277-5x	1400-6819							
	Switchover plate new for Actuator Type 3277-5x	xxxxx.01 (new)	1400-6822						
Accessories for the	Connecting plate for additional attachment of a sc Connecting plate (old) for Actuator Type 3277-5xx	1400-6820 1400-6821							
actuator	Connecting plate new for Actuator Type 3277-5x	xxxxx.01 (new)	1400-6823						
	Note : Only new switchover and connecting plates Old and new plates are not interchangeable.	ctuators (Index 01).							
Accessories	Connecting plate (6)	G 1/4: 1400-7461	1/4 NPT: 1400-7462						
for the	or pressure gauge bracket (7)	G 1/4: 1400-7458	1/4 NPT: 1400-7459						
positioner	Pressure gauge mounting kit (8) (output/supply)	St. st./Bs: 1400-6950	St. st./St. st.: 1400-6951						
Table 2	Direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuator, see Fig	. 4							
	Mounting parts for actuators with 240, 350 and 7	700 cm ²	1400-7453						
Accessories	Required piping with screw fittings for "Actuator stem retracts" or when the top diaphragm chamber is filled with air	cm ² Steel 240 1400-6444 350 1400-6446 700 1400-6448	1400-6447						
	Connection block with seals and screw	G 1/4: 1400-8811	1/4 NPT: 1400-8812						
	Pressure gauge mounting kit (output and supply)	St.st./Bs: 1400-6950	St.st/St.st.: 1400-6951						

Table 3	e 3 Attachment to NAMUR ribs or control valves with rod-type yokes (rod diameter Ø 35 mm or smaller) according to IEC 60534-6, see Fig. 5						
Travel in mm	Lever	For actuators	or actuators Order n				
7.5	S	Type 3271-5 Actuator v Valve, see Fig. 6	ype 3271-5 Actuator with 60/120 cm ² on Type 3510 ralve, see Fig. 6				
5 to 50	Without (lever M on basic model)	Actuators from other mo	Actuators from other manufacturers and Type 3271 with 120 to 700 cm ²				
14 to 100	L	Actuators f. other manuf	Actuators f. other manufacturers and Type 3271 w. 1400 cm ²				
40 to 200	XL		Actuators from other manufacturers and Type 3271 with 1400/2800 cm², 120 mm travel				
30 or 60	L		Type 3271 Actuator with 1400 cm² (120 mm travel), 2800 cm² (30 or 60 mm travel)				
	Mounting brackets for Emerson and Masoneilan linear actuators In addition, a mounting kit acc. to IEC 60534-6 is required depending on the travel. See row above.						
	Connecting plate G 1/4: 1400-7461 1/4 NPT : 1400-7462						
Accessories or pressure gauge bracket (7) G 1/4: 1400-7458 1/4 NPT: 1400-7459							
Pressure gauge mounting kit (output/supply) St.st./Bs: 1400-6950 St.st./St.st.: 1400-6951							

Attachment to the control valve — Mounting parts and accessories

Table 4	Attachment to rotary actuators (VDI/VDE 3845 for all sizes of fixing level 2) see Figs. 7 and 8				
Mounting parts	With follower clamp and coupling wheel	71		1400-7448 1400-7614 1400-9120	
Accessories	Connecting plate		G ¼: 1400-7461 ¼ NPT: 1400-7462		
	or pressure gauge bracket (7)		G 1/4: 1400-7458 1/4 NPT: 1400-7459		
	Pressure gauge mounting kit (output/supply)		St.st./Bs: 1400-6950 St.st./St.st: 1400-6951		
Table 5	General accessories				
Accessories	Pneumatic reversing amplifier for double-acting actuators		G 1/4 1/4 NPT	1079-1118 1079-1119	
	Cable gland M20 x 1.5 Nickel-plated brass			1890-4875	
	Adapter M 20 x 1.5 to ½ NPT, aluminum			0310-2149	
	Retrofit kit for inductive limit switch 1x SJ 2-SN			1400-7460	
	Cover plate with list of parameters and operating instructions		German/English (standard) English/Spanish English/French	1190-0761 1190-3100 1190-3142	

2.1 Direct attachment

2.1.1 Type 3277-5 Actuator

Refer to Table 1 on page 14 for the required mounting parts as well as the accessories with their order numbers.

Note the travel table on page 13!

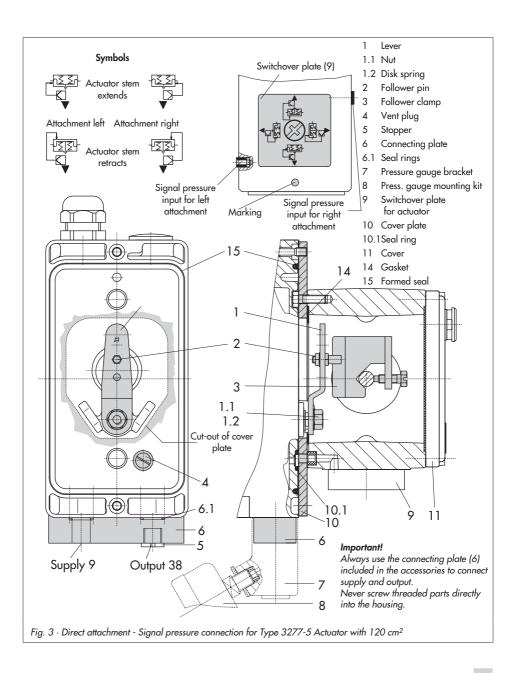
Actuator with 120 cm²

Depending on the type of positioner attachment, the signal pressure is routed either left or right of the yoke through a bore to the actuator diaphragm. Depending on the fail-safe action of the actuator "Actuator stem extends" or "Actuator stem retracts" (valve closes or opens if the supply air fails), the switchover plate (9) must first be attached to the actuator yoke. Align the switchover plate with the corresponding symbol for left or right attachment according to the marking (view looking onto the switchover plate).

- Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges onto the positioner, making sure both seal rings (6.1) are seated properly.
- Remove vent plug (4) on the back of the
 positioner and close the signal pressure
 output "Output 38" on the connecting
 plate (6) or on the pressure gauge
 bracket (7) with the stopper (5) included
 in the accessories.
- Place follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align and screw tight so that the mounting screw is located in the groove of the actuator stem.
- 4. Mount cover plate (10) with narrow side of the cut-out opening (Fig. 3, on the

- left) pointing towards the signal pressure connection. Make sure that the bonded gasket (14) points towards the actuator yoke.
- 15 mm travel: Keep the follower pin (2) at lever M (1) on the back of the positioner in the pin position 35 (delivered state).
 - 7.5 mm travel: Remove the follower pin(2) from the pin position 35, reposition it in the bore for pin position 25 and screw tight.
- 6. Insert formed seal (15) in the groove of the positioner casing.
- 7. Place positioner on the cover plate (10) in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower clamp (3). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly and open the positioner cover to hold the positioner shaft in position at the cap or the switch (Fig. 18).

 The lever (1) must rest on the follower
 - The lever (1) must rest on the follower clamp with spring force.
 - Mount the positioner on the cover plate (10) using the two fixing screws. During the installation make sure that the seal ring (10.1) is inserted in the bore of the intermediate plate.
- Mount cover (11) on the other side.
 Make sure that the vent plug points downwards when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.



2.1.2 Type 3277 Actuator

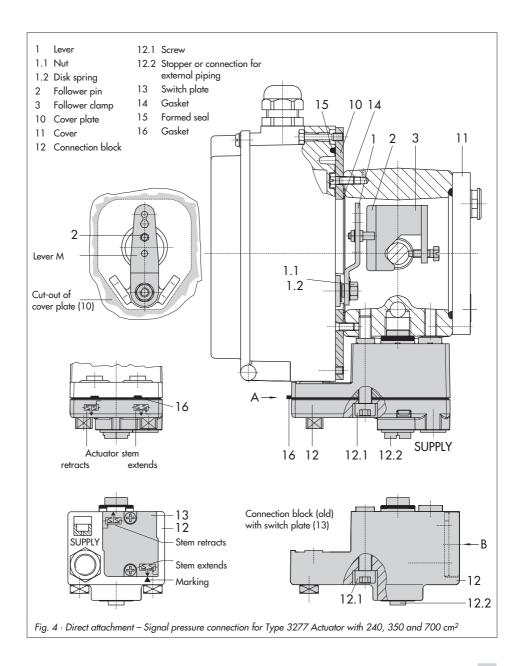
Refer to Table 2 on page 14 or the required mounting parts as well as the accessories with their order numbers. Note the travel table on page 13!

Actuators with 240 to 700 cm²

The positioner can be mounted either on the left or on the right side of the yoke. The signal pressure is routed to the actuator over the connection block (12), for actuators with fail-safe action "Actuator stem extends" internally through a bore in the valve yoke and for "Actuator stem retracts" through external piping.

- Place follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align and screw tight so that the mounting screw is located in the groove of the actuator stem.
- Mount cover plate (10) with narrow side
 of the cut-out opening (Fig. 4, on the
 left) pointing towards the signal pressure
 connection. Make sure that the bonded
 gasket (14) points towards the actuator
 yoke.
- For actuators with 700 cm², remove the follower pin (2) at lever M (1) on the back of the positioner from pin position 35, reposition it in the bore for pin position 50 and screw tight.
 For actuators 240 and 350 cm² with 15 mm travel, the follower pin (2) remains in pin position 35.
- 4. Insert formed seal (15) in the groove of the positioner casing.
- 5. Place positioner on the cover plate in such a manner that the follower pin (2)

- rests on the top of the follower clamp (3). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly and open the positioner cover to hold the positioner shaft in position at the cap or the switch (Fig. 18). The lever (1) must rest on the follower clamp with spring force. Mount the positioner on the cover plate (10) using the two fixing screws.
- 6. Make sure that the tip of the gasket (16) projecting from the side of the connection block (12) is positioned above the actuator symbol that corresponds with the actuator with fail-safe action "Actuator stem extends" or "Actuator stem retracts." If necessary, remove the three fixing screws and the cover. Then reposition the gasket (16) turned by 180°. The previous version of the connection block (Fig. 4, bottom) requires the switch plate (13) to be turned such that the corresponding actuator symbol points to the marking.
- 7. Place the connection block (12) with the associated seal rings against the positioner and the actuator yoke. Screw it tight using the fixing screw (12.1). For actuators with fail-safe action "Actuator stem retracts", additionally remove the stopper (12.2) and fit on the external signal pressure piping.
- Mount cover (11) on the other side.
 Make sure that the vent plug points downwards when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.



2.2 Attachment according to IEC 60534-6

The positioner is attached to the control valve with a NAMUR bracket (10).

Refer to Table 3 on page 14 for the required mounting parts as well as the accessories with their order numbers. Note the travel table on page 13!

 Screw the two bolts (14) to the bracket (9.1) of the stem connector (9), place the follower plate (3) on top and use the screws (14.1) to tighten.

Actuator size 2800 cm²:

For a travel of 60 mm or smaller, screw the longer follower plate (3.1) directly to the stem connector (9). For a travel exceeding 60 mm, mount the bracket (16) first and then the follower plate (3) to the bracket together with the bolts (14) and screws (14.1).

- Mount NAMUR bracket (10) to the control valve as follows:
 - For attachment to the NAMUR rib, use an M8 screw (11) and toothed lock washer directly in the yoke bore. For attachment to valves with rod-type yokes, use two U-bolts (15) around the yoke.
 - Align the NAMUR bracket (10) in such a way that the slot of the follower plate (3) is centrally aligned with the NAMUR bracket at mid valve travel.
- Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges

- (8) on the positioner, making sure both seal rings (6.1) are seated properly.
- Select required lever size (1) M, L or XL and pin position according to the actuator size and valve travels listed in the table below.
 - Should you require a pin position other than position **35** with the standard installed lever **M**, or require a lever size **L** or **XL**, proceed as follows:
- 5. Screw the follower pin (2) in the assigned lever bore (pin position) as listed in the table. Only use the longer follower pin (2) included in the mounting kit.
- 6. Place lever (1) on the positioner shaft and screw tight using the disk spring (1.2) and nut (1.1).

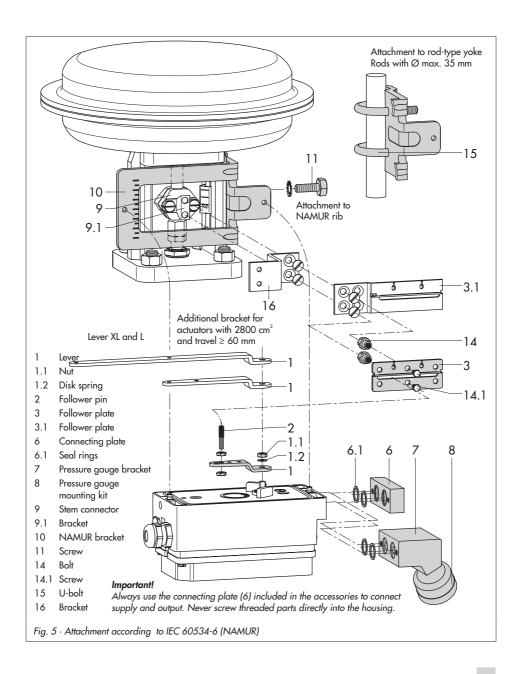
Note!

If you have mounted a new lever (1), you must move it once all the way as far as it will go in both directions.

 Place positioner on the NAMUR bracket in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests in the slot of the follower plate (3, 3.1). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly.

Screw the positioner to the NAMUR bracket using both its fixing screws.

Attachment to the control valve — Mounting parts and accessories

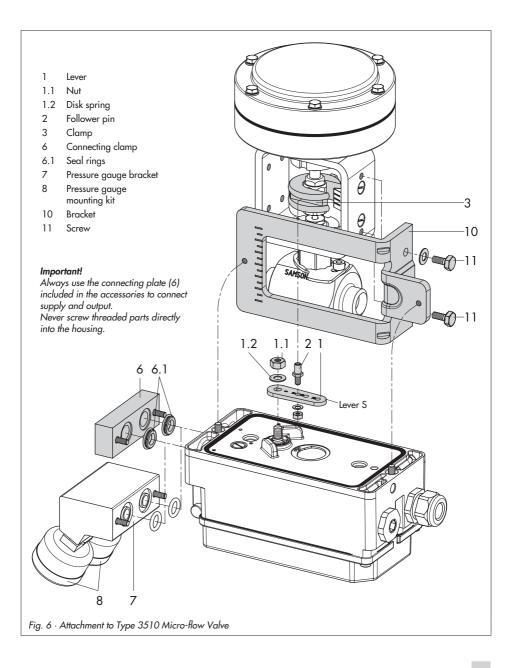


Attachment to Type 3510 2.3 Micro-flow Valve

The positioner is attached to the valve yoke using a bracket.

Refer to Table 3 on page 14 for the required mounting parts as well as the accessories with their order numbers. Note the travel table on page 13!

- 1. Place clamp (3) on the valve stem connector, align at a right angle and screw tight.
- 2. Screw bracket (10) to the valve yoke using two screws (11).
- 3. Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges to the positioner, making sure both seal rings (6.1) are seated properly.
- 4. Unscrew the standard installed lever M (1) including follower pin (2) from the positioner shaft.
- 5. Take lever \$ (1) and screw follower pin (2) in the bore for pin position 17.
- 6. Place lever S on the positioner shaft and screw tight using the disk spring (1.2) and nut (1.1).
 - Move lever once all the way as far as it will go in both directions.
- 7. Place positioner on the bracket (10) in such a manner that the follower pin slides into the groove of the clamp (3). Adjust the lever (1) correspondingly. Screw the positioner to the bracket (10) using both its hexagon screws.



2.4 Attachment to rotary actuators

The positioner is mounted to the rotary actuator using two pairs of double brackets.

Refer to Table 4 on page 15 for the required mounting parts as well as the accessories with their order numbers.

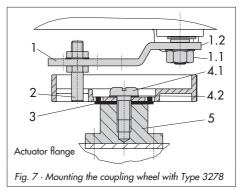
Prior to the attachment of the positioner to the SAMSON Type 3278 Rotary Actuator, you have to mount the associated adapter (5) to the free end of the rotary actuator shaft.

Note!

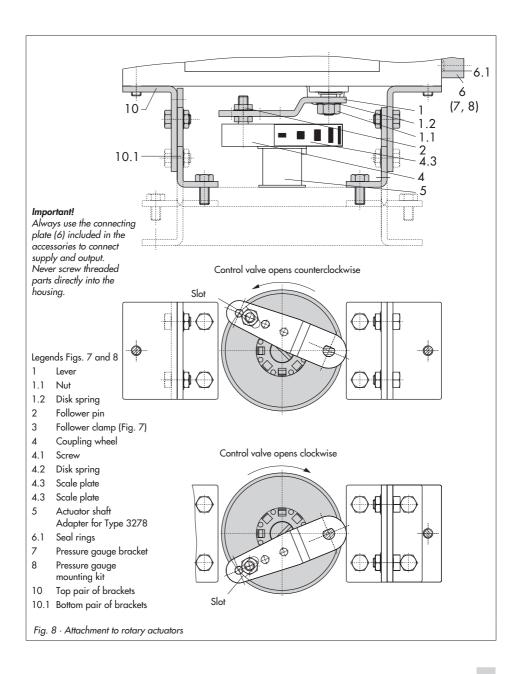
During the installation of the positioner as described below, it is imperative that the actuator's direction of rotation be observed.

- 1. Place follower clamp (3) on the slotted actuator shaft or the adapter (5).
- Place coupling wheel (4) with flat side facing the actuator on the follower clamp (3). Refer to Fig. 8 to align slot so that it matches the direction of rotation when the valve is in its closed position.
- Screw coupling wheel and follower clamp tightly onto the actuator shaft using screw (4.1) and disk spring (4.2).
- Screw the bottom pair of brackets (10.1) with the bends pointing either to the inside or to the outside (depending on the actuator size) to the actuator case. Position top pair of brackets (10) and screw tight.

- Mount connecting plate (6) or pressure gauge bracket (7) with pressure gauges to the positioner, making sure both O-rings are seated properly.
 For double-acting, springless rotary actuators, a reversing amplifier is required to attach the positioner to the actuator, see section 2.5.
- 6. Unscrew the standard follower pin (2) from the positioner's lever M (1). Use the metal follower pin (Ø5) included in the mounting kit and screw tight into the bore for pin position 90°.
- 7. Place positioner on the top pair of brackets (10) and screw tight. Considering the actuator's direction of rotation, adjust lever (1) so that it engages in the slot of the coupling wheel (4) with its follower pin (see Fig. 8). It must be guaranteed that the lever (1) is parallel to the long side of the positioner when the actuator is at half its angle of rotation.
- Stick scale plate (4.3) on the coupling wheel so that the arrow tip indicates the closed position, and it can be easily read when the valve is installed.



Attachment to the control valve — Mounting parts and accessories



Reversing amplifier for 2.5 double-acting actuators

For the use with double-acting actuators, the positioner must be fitted with a reversing amplifier. The reversing amplifier is listed as an accessory in the Table 5 on page 15.

The output signal pressure of the positioner is supplied at the output A₁ of the reversing amplifier. An opposing pressure, which equals the required supply pressure when added to the pressure at A1, is applied at output A₂.

The rule $A_1 + A_2 = Z$ applies.

Mounting

- 1. Mount the connecting plate (6) from the accessories in Table 5 to the positioner. Make sure that both O-rings (6.1) are seated correctly.
- 2. Thread the special nuts (1.3) from the accessories of the reversing amplifier into the boreholes of the connecting plate.
- 3. Insert the gasket (1.2) into the recess of the reversing amplifier and push both the hollowed special screws (1.1) into the connecting boreholes A1 and Z.
- 4. Place the reversing amplifier onto the connecting plate (6) and screw tight using both the special screws (1.1).
- 5. Use a screwdriver (8 mm wide) to screw the enclosed filters (1.6) into the connecting boreholes A1 and Z.

Notel

The sealing plug (1.5) in the Type 3730 Positioner should not be unscrewed out of the reversing amplifier.

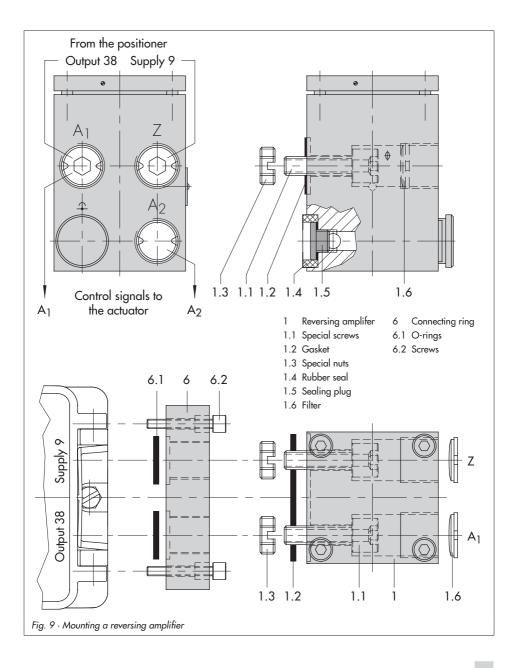
The rubber seal (1.4) is not required and can be removed when the sealing plug is used.

Signal pressure connections

A1: Output A1 leading to the signal pressure connection at the actuator which opens the valve when the pressure increases

A2: Output A2 leading to the signal pressure connection at the actuator which closes the valve when the pressure increases

Set slide switch on positioner to AIR TO OPEN.



2.6 Attaching an external position sensor

Refer to Table 6 on page 33 for a list of the mounting parts as well as the accessories required for mounting the position sensor. Accessories for the pneumatic connection to the positioner housing can be found in Table 7.

In the positioner version with an external position sensor, the sensor placed in a separate housing is attached over a plate or bracket to the control valve. The travel pick-off corresponds to that of a standard device.

The positioner unit can be mounted as required to a wall or a pipe.

For the pneumatic connection either a connecting plate (6) or a pressure gauge bracket (7) must be fixed to the housing, depending on the accessory chosen. Make sure the seal rings (6.1) are correctly inserted (see Fig. 5, bottom right).

For the electric connection the connecting lead must be fitted with an M12x1 connector plug at one end. The lead end without the plug can be shortened, if required, and wired to the connector included (section 3.2 on page 36). The electrical and pneumatic connections between the sensor and the positioner unit may be a maximum of 10 meters.

Note! In addition, the instructions in section 3.1 and 3.2 apply for the pneumatic and electrical connection.

Operation and setting are described in sections 4 and 5.



Fig. 10 · Positioner unit with sensor mounted on a micro-flow valve

2.6.1 Mounting the position sensor with direct attachment

Type 3277-5 Actuator with 120 cm²

The signal pressure from the positioner is routed over the signal pressure connection of the connecting plate (9, Fig. 11 left) to the actuator diaphragm chamber. To proceed, first screw the connecting plate (9) included in the accessories onto the actuator yoke.

- Turn the connecting plate (9) so that the correct symbol for the fail-safe position "Actuator stem extends" or "Actuator stem retracts" is aligned with the marking (Fig. 11, below).
- Make sure that the gasket for the connecting plate (9) is correctly inserted.
- The connecting plate has boreholes with NPT and G threads.
 - Seal the threaded connection that is not used with the rubber seal and square plug.

Type 3277 Actuator with 240 to 700 cm²:

The signal pressure is routed to the connection at the side of the actuator yoke for the version "Actuator stem extends".

For the fail-safe position "Actuator stem retracts" the connection on the top diaphraam case is used. The connection at the side of the yoke must be fitted with a venting plug (accessories).

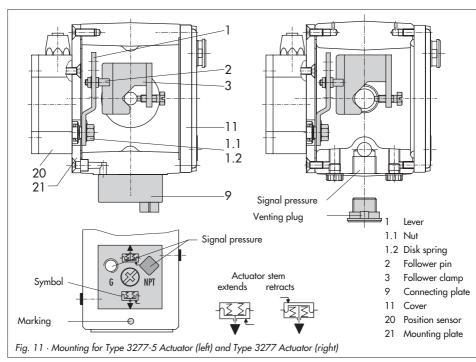
Mounting the position sensor

1. Place the lever (1) on the sensor in mid-position and hold it in place. Unthread the nut (1.1) and remove the lever together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.

- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the mounting plate (21).
- 3. Depending on the actuator size and rated travel of the valve, determine the required lever and position of the follower pin (2) from the travel table on page 13.

The positioner is delivered with lever M in pin position 35 on the sensor. If necessary, remove the follower pin (2) from its pin position and move it to the borehole for the recommended pin position and screw tight.

4. Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft.



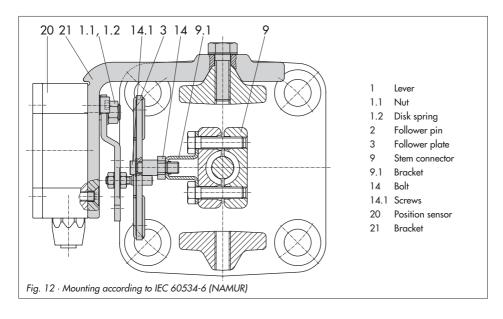
- Place the lever (1) in mid-position and hold it in place. Screw on the nut (1.1).
- Place the follower clamp (3) on the actuator stem, align and fasten it, making sure that the fastening screw rests in the groove of the actuator stem.
- 6. Place the mounting plate (21) together with the sensor onto the actuator yoke so that the follower pin (2) rests on the top of the follower clamp (3). It must rest on it with spring force.
 Screw tight the mounting plate (21) onto the actuator yoke using both fixing screws.
- Mount cover (11) on the other side.
 Make sure that the vent plug points downwards when the control valve is installed to allow any condensed water that collects to drain off.

2.6.2 Mounting the position sensor with attachment according to IEC 60534-6

For the required mounting parts as well as the accessories, refer to the order numbers listed in Tables 6 and 7 on page 33.

- Place the lever (1) on the sensor in mid-position and hold it in place.
 Unthread the nut (1.1) and remove the lever together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the bracket (21).

The standard attached lever **M** with the follower pin (2) at position **35** is designed for 120, 240 and 350 cm² actuators with 15 mm rated travel.



For other actuator sizes or travels, select the lever and pin position from the travel table on page 13. Lever L and XL are included in the mounting kit.

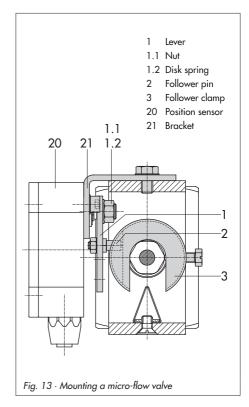
- 3. Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft. Place the lever (1) in mid-position and **hold it in place**. Screw on the nut (1.1).
- 4. Screw both bolts (14) to the bracket (9.1) of the stem connector (9). Attach the follower plate (3) and fix with the screws (14.1).
- 5. Place the bracket with the sensor at the NAMUR rib in such a manner that the follower pin (2) rests in the slot of the follower plate (3), then screw the bracket using its fixing screws onto the valve.

2.6.3 Mounting the position sensor to Type 3510 Micro-flow Valve

For the required mounting parts as well as the accessories, refer to the order numbers listed in Tables 6 and 7 on page 33.

- 1. Place the lever (1) in mid-position and hold it in place. Unscrew the nut (1.1) and remove the standard attached lever M (1) together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the bracket (21).
- 3. Select the lever \$ (1) from the accessories and screw the follower pin (2) into the hole for pin position 17. Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft.

- Place the lever (1) in mid-position and hold it in place. Screw on the nut (1.1).
- 4. Place the follower clamp (3) on the stem connector, align it at a right angle and screw tight.
- 5. Position the bracket (21) with the position sensor on the valve yoke and screw tight, making sure the follower pin (2) slides into the groove of the follower clamp (3).



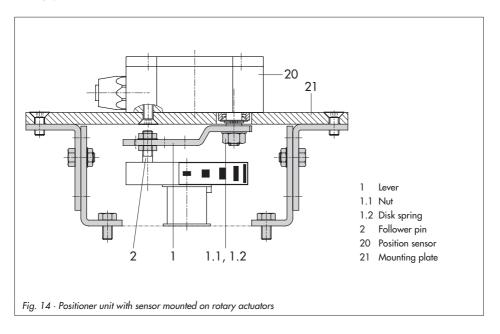
2.6.4 Mounting the position sensor to rotary actuators

For the required mounting parts as well as the accessories, refer to the order numbers listed in Tables 6 and 7 on page 33.

- 1. Place the lever (1) in mid-position and **hold it in place**. Unscrew the nut (1.1) and remove the standard attached lever M (1) together with the disk spring (1.2) from the sensor shaft.
- 2. Screw the position sensor (20) onto the bracket (21).
- 3. Replace the follower pin (2) normally attached to the lever (1) with the metal follower pin (\emptyset 5) from the accessories and screw it into the hole for pin position 90°.

- 4. Place the lever (1) and disk spring (1.2) on the sensor shaft.
 - Place the lever (1) in mid-position and **hold it in place**. Screw on the nut (1.1).

Follow the instructions describing attachment to the standard positioner in section 2.4 Instead of the positioner, attach the position sensor (20) with its mounting plate (21).



Attachment to the control valve — Mounting parts and accessories

Table 6	Mounting parts for position sensor	Order no.		
Direct attachment	Mounting parts for actuators with 120 cm ² see Fig. 11 left	1400-7472		
	Connecting plate (9, old) for Actuator Type 3277-5xxxxxx. 00	G 1/8 1/8 NPT	1400-6820 1400-6821	
Accessories for actuator 120 cm ²	Connecting plate (new) for Actuator Type 3277-5xxxxxx.0	1400-6823		
	Note : Only new switchover and connecting plates can be used with new actuators (Index 01). Old and new plates are not interchangeable.			
Direct attachment	achment Mounting parts for actuators with 240, 350 and 700 cm², see Fig. 11 right		1400-7471	
NAMUR attachment	MUR attachment Mounting parts for attachment to NAMUR rib w. lever L and XL, see Fig. 1		1400-7468	
Attachment to micro-flow valves	Mounting parts for Type 3510 Micro-flow Valve, see Fig. 1	1400-7469		
Attachment to rotary actuators	Mounting parts with follower clamp and coupling wheel, se	1400-7473		
Table 7	Postioner accessories		Order no.	
	Connecting plate (6)	G 1/4 1/4 NPT	1400-7461 1400-7462	
Accessories	or pressure gauge bracket (7)	G 1/4 1/4 NPT	1400-7458 1400-7459	
	Pressure gauge mounting kit (8) (output and supply)	St. steel/Brass St.st./St. steel	1400-6950 1400-6951	

3 Connections

3.1 Pneumatic connections

Caution!

The threads in the positioner housing are not designed for direct air connection!

The screw glands must be screwed into the connecting plate, the pressure gauge mounting block or the connection block from the accessories. The air connections are optionally designed as a bore with ½ NPT or G ¼ thread.

The customary fittings for metal and copper pipes or plastic hoses can be used.

Note!

The supply air must be dry and free from oil and dust. The maintenance instructions for upstream pressure reducing stations must be observed.

Blow through all air tubes and hoses thoroughly prior to connecting them.

If the positioner is attached directly to the Type 3277 Actuator, the connection of the positioner's output pressure to the actuator is fixed. For attachment according to IEC 60534-6 (NAMUR), the signal pressure can be routed to either the top or bottom diaphragm chamber of the actuator, depending on the actuator's fail-safe action "Actuator stem extends" or "Actuator stem retracts".

For rotary actuators, the manufacturer's specifications for connection apply.

3.1.1 Signal pressure gauges

To monitor the supply air (Supply) and signal pressure (Output), we recommend that pressure gauges be attached (see accessories in Tables 1 to 5).

3.1.2 Supply pressure

The required supply air pressure depends on the bench range and the actuator's operating direction (fail-safe action).

The bench range is registered on the nameplate either as spring range or signal pressure range depending on the actuator. die The direction of action is marked **FA** or **FE**, or by a symbol.

Actuator stem extends FA (Air to open ATO)

Fail-safe position "Valve Closed" (for globe and angle valves):

Required supply pressure = Upper bench range value + 0.2 bar, minimum 1.4 bar.

Actuator stem retracts FE (Air to close ATC)

Fail-safe position "Valve Open" (for globe and angle valves):
For tight-closing valves, the maximum signal pressure pst_{max} is roughly estimated as follows:

$$pst_{max} = F + \frac{d^2 \cdot \pi \cdot \Delta p}{4 \cdot A}$$

d = Seat diameter [cm]

 Δp = Differential pressure across the valve

A = Actuator diaphragm area [cm²]

= Upper bench range of the actuator [bar]

If there are no specifications, calculate as follows:

Required supply pressure = Upper bench range value + 1 bar

Note!

The signal pressure at the output (Output 38) of the positioner can be limited to 1.4, 2.4 or 3.7 bar over Code 16 or the pressure limit can be deactivated (MAX).

3.2 Electrical connections



For electrical installation, you are required to observe the relevant electrotechnical regulations and the accident prevention regulations that apply in the country of use. In Germany, these are the VDE regulations and the accident prevention regulations of the employers' liability insurance association.

The following standards apply for assembly and installation in hazardous areas: EN 60079-14: 2003 (VDE 0165 Part 1/8.98) "Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres" and EN 50281-1-2: 1999 (VDE 0165 Part 2/11.99) "Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust".

For the interconnection of intrinsically safe electrical equipment, the permissible maximum values specified in the EC type examination certificate apply (U_i or U₀; I_i or I₀; P_i or P₀; C_i or C₀, and L_i or L₀).

The following applies for equipment with type of protection EEx nA (non-sparking apparatus) according to the standard EN 50021 (1999): Connecting, interrupting, or switching circuits while energized is only allowed during installation, maintenance or repair work.

The following applies for equipment connected to energy-limited circuits with type of protection EEx nL (energy-limited apparatus) according to the standard EN 50021 (1999): This type of equipment may be switched under normal operating conditions.

For the interconnection of equipment to energy-limited circuits with type of protection EEx nL IIC, the permissible maximum values specified in the statement of conformity or the addenda to the statement of conformity apply.

Caution!

The terminal assignment specified in the certificate must be adhered to. Reversing the assignment of the electrical terminals may cause the explosion protection to become ineffective!

Do not tamper with enameled screws inside or on the housing.

Note on the selection of cables and wires:

To install intrinsically safe circuits, observe section 12 of the standard EN 60079-14: 2003 (VDE 0165 Part 1). To run multi-core cables or lines with more than one intrinsically safe circuit, section 12.2.2.7 of this standard applies.

An additional cable gland can be installed when connecting the device over two separate cables. Cable entries left unused must be sealed with blanking plugs. Devices used at ambient temperatures down to −20 °C must have metal cable entries.

The wires for the reference variable must be connected to the terminals 11 and 12 located in the housing. Only use **a current** source!

Caution! The erroneous connection of a voltage source of just around 7 V (or around 2 V when connected to the wrong pole) can damage the positioner.

In general, it is not necessary to connect the positioner to a bonding conductor. Should this be required, however, this conductor can be connected inside the device.

Depending on the version, the positioner is equipped with inductive limit switches and/or a solenoid valve.

The position transmitter is operated on a two-wire circuit. The usual supply voltage is 24 V DC. Considering the resistance of the supply leads, the voltage at the position transmitter terminals can be between 12 and 30 V DC.

Refer to Fig. 15 or the label on the terminal strip for terminal assignment.

Note! The minimum permissible reference variable should not fall below 3.8 mA for operating the positioner.

Accessories:

Plastic cable gland M20 \times 1.5:

Black Order no. 1400-6985 Blue Order no. 1400-6986 Nickel-plated brass Order no. 1890-4875 Adapter M20 x 1.5 to ½ NPT Aluminum, powder-coated

Order no. 0310-2149

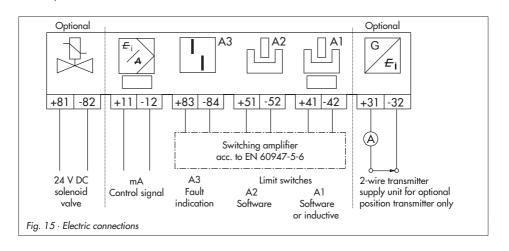
Connection for version with external position sensor

The terminal assignment is fixed by the connector of the connecting lead.

Shorten the connecting lead to the required length and strip the insulation off. Route the strands to the following contacts of the free connector:

Contact	Cable color
1	Brown
2	White
3	Blue
4	Black shielding
5	Green/vellow

Connect the fixed M12x1 plug connector to the position sensor and the mounted connector to the positioner unit.



3.2.1 Switching amplifiers

For operation of the limit switches, switching amplifiers must be connected in the output circuit. To ensure the operating reliability of the positioner, the amplifiers should comply with the limit values of the output circuits conforming to EN 60947-5-6.

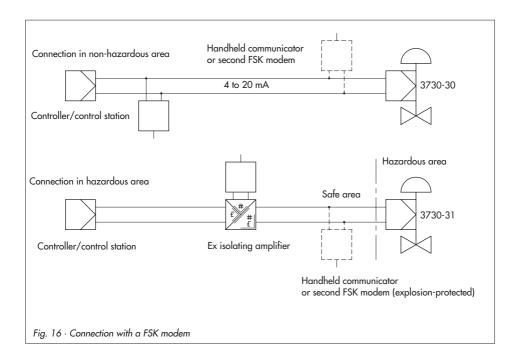
If the positioner is to be installed in hazardous areas, the relevant regulations must be observed.

3.2.2 Establishing communication

Communication between PC and positioner (via FSK modem or handheld communicator, if necessary, using an isolation amplifier) is based on the HART protocol.

Type Viator FSK modem
RS 232 EExia Order no. 8812-0129
RS 232 not ex Order no. 8812-0130
PCMCIA not ex Order no. 8812-0131
USB not ex Order no. 8812-0132

If the supply voltage of the controller or control station becomes too low because it has been reduced by the load in the circuit, an isolation amplifier is to be connected be-



tween controller and positioner (interfacing as for positioner connected in hazardous areas, see Fig. 16).

If the positioner is used in hazardous areas, an explosion-protected isolation amplifier is to be used.

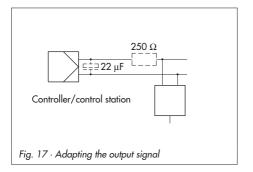
By means of the HART protocol, all control room and field devices connected in the loop are individually accessible through their address via point-to-point or standard bus (Multidrop).

Point-to-point:

The bus address/polling address must always be set to zero (0).

Standard bus (Multidrop):

In the standard bus (Multidrop) mode, the positioner follows the analog current signal (reference variable) as for point-to-point communication. This operating mode is, for example, suitable for split-range operation of positioners (series connection). The bus address/polling address has to be within a range of 1 to 15.



Note:

Communication errors may occur when the process controller/control station output is not HART-compatible.

For adaptation, the Z box (order no. 1170-2374) can be installed between output and communication interface.

At the Z box a voltage of 330 mV is released (16.5 Ω at 20 mA).

Alternatively, a 250- Ω resistor can be connected in series and a 22-uF capacitor can be connected in parallel to the analog output. Note that in this case, the controller output load will increase.

4 Operation

Note!

A summary about operating and start up can be found in section 8 on page 64. A leaflet including the same summary is also enclosed with the positioner.

4.1 Operator controls and display

Rotary pushbutton

The positioner is mainly operated with the rotary pushbutton.

Turn the button to select and set codes, parameter and values. Press it to confirm them.

Slide switch AIR TO OPEN or AIR TO CLOSE

This switch is used to adapt the positioner to the operating direction of the actuator.

For actuator where the supply pressure opens the valve, fail-safe position: "springs close valve": switch position AIR TO OPEN.

For actuator where the supply pressure closes the valve, fail-safe position: "springs open valve": switch position AIR TO CLOSE.

For positioners with an attached reversing amplifier for double-acting rotary actuators (section 2.5): switch position AIR TO OPEN.

The switch position is prompted prior to an initialization. After an initialization has been completed, changing the switch position does not have any effect on the operation of the positioner.

Volume restriction Q

The volume restriction is used to adapt the air delivery to the actuator size. Two fixed settings are possible depending on how the air is routed at the actuator:

- For actuators smaller than 240 cm² with a loading pressure connection at the side (Type 3271-5), set restriction to MIN SIDE
- For a connection at the back (Type 3277-5), set restriction to MIN BACK.
- For actuators 240 cm² and larger, set to MAX SIDE for a side connection and to MAX BACK for a connection at the back.

Displays

Symbols appear on the LC display that are assigned to parameters, codes, and functions.

The bar graph in the operating modes Manual and Automatic indicates the system deviation that depends on the sign (+/-) and the value. One bar graph element appears per 1 % system deviation.

If the device has not yet been initialized (see section 4.3.1), the lever position in degrees in relation to the longitudinal axis is indicated instead of the system deviation. One bar graph element corresponds to approximately a 5° angle of rotation.

If the fifth element blinks (value displayed > 30°), the permissible angle of rotation has been exceeded. Lever and pin position must be checked.

Displays and their meaning AUtO Automatic mode MAX TunE Initialization in progress Maximum range CL Clockwise YES Available NO Not available CCL Counterclockwise NOM Nominal travel ZΡ Zero calibration Error Err ON ON **ESC** Escape OFF OFF 77 Increasing/increasing н ix greater than 21.6 mA RES Reset ZΖ Increasing/decreasing LO ix smaller than 2.4 mA RUN Start Blinking Controlled operation IOW w too low SAFE Fail-safe position Blinking Not initialized MAN Manual mode SUb Substitute calibration Failure/fault Manual operation Control operation Code Bar graph for Designation system deviation Position or lever position Parameter Units Limit switch Alarm 1 Limit switch ΊΙ Alarm 2 Configuration Limit value of total Fail-safe position travel exceeded enabled active Initialization key Cap or rotary switch Metal tag of proximity switch SSP interface **a** 00000 Switch for fail-safe action AIR TO OPEN CLOSE of the actuator Volume restriction Rotary pushbutton

Fig. 18 · Display and operator controls

4.2 **Enabling and selecting** parameters

The codes which are marked with an asterisk (*) in section 12 on page 69 onwards must be enabled with Code 3 before the associated parameters can be configured as described below.



Code 3 Configuration not enabled



Configuration enabled

- From the current display, turn the rotary pushbutton until Code 3 and OFF appear on the display. Confirm Code 3 by pressing the button, the code number blinks.
- ► Turn ⊗ button until **ON** appears. Confirm setting by pressing the button.

Configuration is enabled and is indicated by symbol appearing on the display. Now you can adjust the codes, parameters and values for the control valve in any desired order by turning the button. Confirm settings by pressing the button.

Note!

To cancel a value that you have just entered under a code, turn the button until **ESC** appears on the display and press to confirm.



Canceling the setting

Note! If no settings are entered within 120 seconds, the enabled configuration function becomes invalid and the display resets to Code 0.

The code list on page 69 onwards in section 12 shows all parameters that can be adjusted, including their description and their default settings.

Important!

After attaching the positioner to the valve as well as setting the fail-safe position and the volume restriction, it is sufficient for standard operation to press the initialization key in order to ensure optimum positioner operation (section 5.5 on page 47). For this purpose, the positioner must be op-

erated with its default values. If necessary, a reset must be carried out (section 5.8 on page 56).

Operating modes 4.3

4.3.1 Automatic and manual operating modes

Prior to initialization:

If the positioner has not been initialized yet, the automatic operating **AUtO** cannot be selected.

The valve can only be positioned manually with the positioner.

To proceed, turn button clockwise until Code 1 appears, then confirm Code 1 by pressing the button.



If both the code number and the hand symbol are blinking, the valve can be manually positioned by turning the button.

After initialization:

After successful initialization in the MAX, **NOM** or **MAN** mode (section 5.5.1), the positioner is in the automatic control operation mode \mathbb{C} .



Standard

Switching to manual operating mode

Over Code 0, press the \button, AUtO appears in the display, Code 0 blinks.

Turn button until MAN appears.





Press 🕏 button to switchover to the manual operating mode 🧷.

The switchover is smooth since the manual operating mode starts up with the set point last used during automatic operating mode. The current position is displayed in %.

Adjusting the manual set point





Turn button until Code 1 appears.

Press button to confirm, Code 1 blinks. While Code 1 is blinking, you can move the valve to the position required by turning the button. To proceed, turn the button until enough the positioner has built up enough pressure and the control valve starts to react. The positioner automatically returns to manual mode with Code 0 if the button is not activated within two minutes.

Switching from manual to automatic operating mode works in the same manner. First, you must reset the positioner to Code 0 and set it to automatic mode AUtO and confirm.

4.3.2 SAFE - Fail-safe position

If you want to move the valve to fail-safe position, proceed as follows:

Select Code 0, press the [®] button, *AUtO* or *MAN* appears on the display, Code 0 blinks.

Turn the igotimes button until **SAFE** appears.



Press the button to confirm this setting.

Operating mode **SAFE** has been selected, symbol **S** for the fail-safe position appears.

Caution!

The valve moves to the fail-safe position.

Once the positioner is initialized, the current valve position is indicated on the digital display in %.

If you want to return the valve from the fail-safe position to the operating mode **AUTO** or **MAN**, the button must be pressed while Code **0** is active.

When the code number blinks, turn the button to switch to the desired operating mode.

Press the button to confirm.

5 Start-up and settings

Note!

A summary about start-up and operation can be found in section 8 on page 64. A leaflet including the same summary is also enclosed with the positioner.

- Connect pneumatic supply air (Supply 9), making sure the pressure is correct as described in section 3.1.
- Apply an electrical reference variable of 4 to 20 mA (terminals 11 and 12).
- The voltage supply >19 V DC for version with a solenoid valve must be connected at terminals 81 (+) und 82 (-).



Warning!

The signal pressure supplied may cause the actuator stem to move, be aware of risk of injury!

5.1 Determining the fail-safe position

To adapt the positioner to the operating direction of the actuator, set slide switch to AIR TO OPEN or AIR TO CLOSE

AIR TO OPEN = Signal pressure opens the valve, for fail-safe position: actuator stem extends/valve closed

AIR TO CLOSE = Signal pressure closes the valve, for fail-safe position: actuator stem retracts/valve open.

The switch position is prompted prior to an initialization. After an initialization has been completed, changing the switch position

does not have any effect on the operation of the positioner.

Setting the volume restriction Q 5.2

- For actuators smaller than 240 cm² with a loading pressure connection at the side (Type 3271-5), set restriction to MIN
- For a connection at the back (Type 3277-5), set restriction to MIN
- For actuators 240 cm² and larger, set to MAX SIDE for a side connection and to MAX BACK for a connection at the back.

Note! The positioner must re-initialized if the volume restriction setting is changed after the positioner has already been initialized.

Adapting the display

The data representation on the positioner display can be turned by 180°. If the displayed data appear upside down, proceed as follows:



Reading direction for right attachment of pneumatic connections



Reading direction for left attachment of pneumatic connections

Turn the button until Code 2 appears, and press the button to confirm Code 2, Code 2 blinks.

Turn button until the display is adiusted to the desired direction, then confirm reading direction by pressing the button.

5.3 Limiting the signal pressure

If the maximum actuator force may cause damage to the valve, the signal pressure must be limited. Select Code 3 to enable configuration and then access Code 16 to set the pressure limit to 1.4, 2.4 or 3.7 bar.

The required signal pressure limit is only automatically recognized on initialization when the fail-safe position AIR TO OPEN is set.

Checking the operating 5.4 range of the positioner

To check the mechanical attachment and the proper functioning, the valve should be moved through the operating range of the positioner in the manual operating mode with the manual reference variable.



Code 0 Select manual operation Default MAN



Code 1 Position valve using the rotary pushbutton, the current angle of rotation is indicated

1. Turn the [⊕] button until Code **0** appears, then confirm Code 0 by pressing the Button.

Start-up and settings

- 2. Turn the ⊕ button until *MAN* appears in the display, i.e. manual operating mode, confirm selected operating mode by pressing the ⊕ button.
- Turn the ⊕ button until Code 1 appears, confirm Code 1 by pressing ⊕ button.
 The hand symbol and Code 1 blink.
- 4. Position control valve by turning the button several times until pressure builds up, and the control valve moves to its final positions so that the travel/angle of rotation can be checked.

 The permissible range has been exceeded when the displayed angle is higher than 30°, and the outer right or left bar graph element blinks.

 If this is the case, it is absolutely neces-

sary to check lever and pin position as

Note!

If the selected pin position is smaller than intended for the respective travel range, the positioner switches to the **SAFE** mode, the valve moves to the fail-safe position (see section 4.3.2 on page 44).

5. Initialize positioner as described in section 5.5.

Simplified start-up!

described in section 2.

For most applications, the positioner with its default settings is ready for operation, provided it has been properly attached.

After the fail-safe position and the volume restriction have been set, the positioner only needs to be initialized by pressing the INIT key.

Caution!

Prior to starting the initialization procedure, check the maximum permissible supply pressure of the control valve to prevent the valve from being damaged. On initialization, the positioner supplies the maximum available supply pressure. If necessary, restrict the signal pressure by using a pressure reducing valve upstream of the control valve. Initialization is run in default mode **MAX** (section 5.5.1). During this process, the positioner adapts itself optimally to the maximum travel/angle of rotation range. The only parameter that must be checked is the direction of action, i.e. whether the default setting (Code 7 to 77 = increasing/increasing) matches the application or whether it must be changed.

The initialization modes described in following serve to individually adapt and optimize the positioner to the way it is attached to the valve.

5.5 Initialization

During initialization the positioner adapts itself optimally to the friction conditions and the signal pressure demand of the control valve.

The type and extent of self-adaptation depends on the set initialization mode (see section 5.5.1).

MAX is the default setting for initialization based on the maximum nominal range.

If configuration is enabled via Code 3, Code 6 can be used to change to other initialization modes.

If the positioner has been initialized once already, it will automatically go to the operating mode used last after the electrical reference variable is applied, Code 0 appears on the display.

On initializing the positioner for the first time, the hand symbol appears on the display.

Note!

Every time you re-initialize the positioner, it should be reset to its basic setting including the default values. Refer to section 5.8 on page 56.

Start the initialization process by pressing the INIT key with a suitable tool.

The time required for an initialization process depends on the transit time of the actuator and take several minutes. Positioners with EXPERT+ diagnostic functions start plotting the reference graphs after the initialization process has been completed. See note at the end of this section.



Warning!

During the initialization, the control valve moves through its entire travel/angle of rotation range. Therefore, do not start initialization while a process is running, but only during start-up, when all shut-off valves are closed

Note!

The initialization procedure can be interrupted while running by pressing . StOP appears three seconds long and the positioner then moves to the fail-safe position.



Alternating displays Initialization running



Bar graph display indicating the progress of the initialization



Initialization successful, positioner in automatic operating mode

After a successful initialization, the positioner runs in control operation indicated by the G control symbol.

The control position in % predetermined by the reference variable appears on the display.

A malfunctioning leads to the process being interrupted. The initialization error appears on the display according to how it has been classified by the condensed status. See section 5.6 on page 55.

If the slide switch is set to AIR TO CLOSE, the positioner automatically switches to the direction of action increasing/decreasing (기외) on successful completion of initialization. This results in the following assignment between reference variable and valve position:

Fail-safe position	Direction of action	Valve Closed at Open at	
Actuator stem extends FA AIR TO OPEN	77	4 mA	20 mA
Actuator stem retracts FE AIR TO CLOSE	אצ	20 mA	4 mA

The tight-closing function is activated. Set Code *15* (final position w>) to 99 % for three-way valves.

Further settings relevant for the valve can be entered subsequently.

Note!

Positioner with integrated EXPERT+ diagnostics automatically start to plot the reference graphs (drive signal Y d1 and hysteresis d2) after initialization has been completed. TEST d1 and d2 appear on the display in an alternating sequence.

An unsuccessful plotting of the reference graphs are indicated on the display by Code 81 (see error code list).

After the initialization has been successfully completed, the positioner still works properly, even though the reference graph plotting has not been completed successfully. The reference graphs are required for the extended diagnostic functions of EXPERT+.

5.5.1 Initialization modes

After enabling configuration with Code 3 and accessing Code 6, you can choose one of the initialization modes MAX, NOM, MAN or SUb to start initialization.

ZP, the zero calibration is described in section 5.7 on page 56.

MAX – Initialization based on maximum range

Initialization mode for simplified start-up for valves with two clearly defined mechanical travel stops, e.g. three-way valves.

The positioner determines travel/angle of rotation of the closing member from the CLOSED position to the opposite side and adopts this travel/angle of rotation as the operating range from 0 to 100 %.

Enable configuration:



Default OFF

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{3}$, press \bigoplus , turn $\Theta \to ON$, press Θ .

After enabling:



Default MAX

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \boldsymbol{\delta}$, press \bigoplus , turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow MAX$, press \bigoplus .

Press INIT key to start initialization!



The initialization procedure may take several minutes, depending on the actuator size, as the valve moves through its entire travel/angle of rotation range.

Positioners with EXPERT+ diagnostic functions automatically start plotting the reference graphs after the initialization process has been completed. See the note on page 48.

Note!

For MAX initialization, the positioner cannot indicate nominal travel/angle of rotation in mm/°, Code 5 remains disabled.

In addition, the lower (Code 8) and the upper (Code 9) x-range value can only be displayed and modified in %.

During MAX initialization, an increased system deviation (undefined final position of the actuator) in the upper control range may occur with some control valves due to the pneumatic actuator design.

If you want the display to indicate mm/°, proceed as follows after configuration has been enabled:

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{4}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn ⊕ → Select pin position entered during installation, press .

If you now switch to Code 5, the nominal range appears in mm/°.

The lower and upper x-range values for Code 8 and 9 are displayed in mm/° and can be adapted accordingly.

NOM – Initialization based on nominal range

Initialization mode for globe valves, especially for valves with maximum ranges that are clearly greater than the required nominal range.

For this initialization mode, the following parameters must be entered: pin position (Code 4), nominal travel/angle (Code 5) and, if required, the direction of action (Code **7**).

The calibrated sensor enables the effective valve travel to be preset very accurately. During the initialization procedure, the positioner checks whether the control valve can move through the indicated nominal range (travel or angle) without collision.

In case of a positive result, the indicated nominal range is adopted with the limits of lower x-range and upper x-range values as the operating range.

Note!

The maximum possible travel must always be greater than the nominal travel entered. If this is not the case, the initialization is interrupted (error indication Code 52) because the nominal travel is not achieved.

Enable configuration:



Default OFF

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{3}$, press \bigoplus , turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$, press \bigoplus .

After enabling:



Turn \oplus \rightarrow Code **4**, press \oplus ,

turn ⊕ → Select pin position entered during installation, press .



Default 15

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{5}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Enter nominal valve travel.

press .



Default MAX

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code}\, \boldsymbol{\delta}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow NOM$, press \bigoplus .

Press INIT key to start initialization!



The initialization procedure may take several minutes, depending on the actuator size, as the valve moves through its entire travel/angle of rotation range.

Positioners with EXPERT+ diagnostic functions automatically start plotting the reference graphs after the initialization process has been completed. See note on page 48.

MAN - Initialization based on a manually selected range

(with default upper x-range value by means of manual adjustment).

Initialization mode just as **NOM**, however, for starting up valves with unknown nominal range.

In this mode, the positioner expects the control valve to be moved manually to the desired OPEN position prior to enabling the initialization procedure.

The upper range travel/angle of rotation

value is adjusted using the rotary pushbutton. The positioner uses this OPEN position and the CLOSED position to calculate the differential travel/angle and accepts it as the operating range with the lower x-range value and upper x-range value being the limits.

Enable configuration:



Default OFF

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; 3$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$, press \bigoplus .

After enabling:

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{4}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn [®] → Select pin position entered during installation, press .

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{6}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow MAN$, press \bigoplus .



Default MAX

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{0}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\otimes \to MAN$, press \otimes .



Default MAN

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{1}$, press \bigoplus , Code 1 blinks.



Turn @ until the valve reaches its OPEN position, press .

Press INIT key to start initialization!



The initialization procedure may take several minutes, depending on the actuator size, as the valve moves through its entire travel/angle of rotation range.

Positioners with EXPERT+ diagnostic functions automatically start plotting the reference graphs after the initialization process has been completed. See note on page 48.

SUb

(substitute configuration, without initializa-

This initialization mode is an emergency mode. The positioner parameters are estimated and not determined by an initialization procedure, so that a high stationary accuracy cannot be expected.

You should always select a different initialization mode if the plant allows it.

The initialization mode **SUb** is used to replace a positioner while the process is in operation. For this purpose, the control valve is usually fixed mechanically in a certain position, or pneumatically by means of a pressure signal which is routed to the actuator externally. The blocking position ensures that the plant continues to operate with this valve position.

The spare positioner should not be initialized. If necessary, reset the spare positioner usina Code 36.

After the old positioner has been replaced with a new one, the following parameters must be entered: pin position (Code 4), nominal range (Code 5), direction of action (Code 7) and closing direction (Code 34). The default travel limit of 100 % (Code 11) must be disabled with OFF.

In addition, the blocking position (Code 35) must be adjusted with the 🕸 button so that it matches the position of the previously blocked valve.

The parameters Kp (Code 17), Tv (Code 18) and the pressure limit (Code 16) should remain set to their default values. If the configuration data of the new positioner are known, it is recommended to accept its KP and Ty values.

After setting the AIR TO OPEN/CLOSE switch for the fail-safe position, setting the volume restriction and pressing the INIT key, the positioner calculates its configuration data on the basis of the blocking position and the closing direction as well as the other entered data.

The positioner switches to manual operation, subsequently the blocking position should be canceled as described on page 54.

Enable configuration:



Default OFF

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{3}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$, press \bigoplus .

After enabling:



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{4}$, press \bigoplus ,

press [®] → Select pin position entered during installation, press .



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code}\,\mathbf{5}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow$ Enter nominal travel/angle, press \otimes .



Default MAX

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \boldsymbol{6}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow SUb$, press \bigoplus .



Default 77

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{7}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn ⊕ → Retain direction of action 77 or select 7V

Press .



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ 11$, press \bigoplus .

turn ⊕ → Deactivate travel limit, press \otimes .



Default **OFF**

Turn \otimes \rightarrow Code **16**.

Retain default value for pressure limit, change value only if necessary.



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} 17$

Retain default. Proceed as follows only if known:

Press ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow Select K_P$.

press \otimes .



Default 2

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; 18$,

Retain default Ty, change only if known.



Default CCL

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ \mathbf{34}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn ⊕ → Select closing direction.

CCL = counterclockwise and CL = clockwise.

Direction of rotation which causes the valve to move to the CLOSED position (view onto the rotary switch movement while positioner cover is open).

Press .



Default 0.0

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code}\ \mathbf{35}$, press \bigoplus .

turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Enter blocking position, e.g. 5 mm (read off at travel indicator scale of the blocked valve or measure with a ruler).

Press .

Start-up and settings

- Set switch for fail-safe position AIR TO OPEN or AIR TO CLOSE as described in section 5.1 on page 44.
- Set volume restriction as described in section 5.2 on page 45.

Press INIT key!

The positioner switches to manual operating mode!



The adjusted blocking position is indicated

As initialization has not been carried out completely, the error code **76** (no emergency mode) and possibly also error code **57** may appear on the display. These alarms do not influence the positioner's readiness for operation.

Canceling the blocking position

For the positioner to follow its reference variable again, the blocking position must be canceled and the positioner must be set to automatic operation **AUtO** as follows:

Press $\Theta \to \mathsf{Code} \ \mathbf{1}$, press Θ ,

turn igotimes in order to move the valve slightly past the blocking position, then cancel mechanical blocking.

Press 🕀 .

Turn \bigoplus \rightarrow Code $\mathbf{0}$, press \bigoplus ,

Turn [®] until **AUtO** appears on the display.

Press igotimes to confirm the operating mode.

The positioner switches to automatic operating mode!

The current valve position is indicated in %.

Note!

If the positioner shows a tendency to oscillate in automatic operating mode, the parameters K_P and T_V must be slightly corrected. Proceed as follows:

Set T_V to 4 (Code 18).

If the positioner still oscillates, the gain K_P (Code **17**) must be decreased until the positioner shows a stable behavior.

Zero point correction

Finally, if process operations allow it, the zero point must be adjusted according to section 5.7 on page 56.

Caution!

The positioner automatically moves to zero point.

Fault/failure 5.6

All status and fault alarms are assigned a classified status in the positioner.

To provide a better overview, the classified alarms are summarized in a condensed status for the positioner (see section 6).

The condensed status appears on the display with the following symbols:

Condensed status	Display
Failure	١,
Maintenance request/ maintenance demand	ß
Function check	Text
No alarm	

If the positioner has not been initialized, the fault symbol 'I appears on the display as the positioner cannot follows its reference

Additionally, a signal is issued over the fault alarm contact when certain faults occur (see error code list).

To access the error codes, turn the oxtimes button past the Code **50**.

Err appears on the display with the respective error code.

For the cause of the fault and its remedy, refer to the codes listed in section 12 on page 69 onwards.



Display indicating an error code

After an error code has occurred, you should first try to confirm it as follows:

Enable configuration:

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{3}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$, press \bigoplus .

Turn ⊕ until the error code number appears, then press

to confirm it.

Should the error occur again, read the remedy instructions in the error code list.

Occurrences such as when the total valve travel is exceeded or when the temperature leaves the permissible temperature range affect the condensed state and cause a fault alarm to be displayed depending on its classification.

The optional EXPERT+ diagnostics generates additional diagnostic alarms which are included in the condensed status with their corresponding status classification. When a diagnostic alarm is issued by EXPERT+, this is displayed by Code 79 (see error code list).

5.7 Zero calibration

In case of discrepancies with the closing position of the valve, e.g. with soft-sealed plugs, it may become necessary to recalibrate the zero point.

Enable configuration:



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{3}$, press \bigoplus , turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$, press \bigoplus .

After enabling:



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code}\, \boldsymbol{6}$, press \bigoplus , turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ZP$, press \bigoplus .

Press INIT key!

Zero calibration is started, the positioner moves the control valve to the CLOSED position and readjusts the internal electrical zero point.



The valve briefly moves from the current travel/angle of rotation position to the closed position.

Reset to default values 5.8

This function resets all parameters to the factory default values (see code list in section 12).

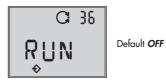
Enable configuration:



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{3}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$, press \bigoplus .

After enabling:



Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ \mathbf{36}$, press \bigoplus , turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow RUN$, press \bigoplus .

All parameters are reset and can be reconfigured.

Start-up via local interface 5.9 (SSP)

The positioner must be supplied with at least 4 mA.

The positioner can be connected directly to the PC via the local serial interface and the serial interface adapter.

Use the TROVIS-VIEW software with 3730-3 device module installed. Refer to section 13 for more details

For start-up and settings, proceed as described in section 5, 5.1 to 5.3 and then proceed as described in section 13.

Notel

Depending on the firmware installed in the positioner, a certain minimum version of the TROVIS-VIEW device module is required for communication.

If you have already installed the software, you can download updates at www.samson.de (Support & Downloads -TROVIS VIEW Updates).

5.10 Start-up over HART communication

The positioner must be supplied with at least 4 mA current. The FSK modem must be connected in parallel to the current loop.

A DTM file (Device Type Manager) conforming to the Specification 1.2 is available for communication. This allows the device, for example, to be run with the PACTware operator interface. All the positioner's parameters are then accessible over the DTM and the operator interface.

For start-up and settings, proceed as described in section 5, 5.1 to 5.3. Refer to the code list in section 12 as well as section 13 for the parameters necessary for the operator interface.

Note!

The write access for HART communication can be disabled over Code 47. You can only disable or enable this function locally at the positioner.

The write access is enabled by default. The on-site operation including the INIT key can be locked over HART communication. The word "HART" then blinks on the display when Code 3 is selected. This locking function can only be disabled over HART communication. On-site operation is enabled by default.

Status and diagnostic alarms 6

The Type 3730-3 Positioner contains an integrated diagnostic approach to generate classified status and diagnostic alarms.

There are two different on-board diagnostics available: the standard integrated diagnostics (EXPERT) and the optional extended EXPERT+ diagnostics.

Standard EXPERT diagnostics 6.1

The standard EXPERT diagnostics provides information about positioner states such as operating hours counter, process monitoring, number of zero calibrations and initializations, total valve travel, temperature, initialization diagnostics, zero/control loop errors, logging of the last 30 alarms,

In addition, the standard EXPERT diagnostics generates diagnostic and status alarms which allow faults to be pinpointed quickly when a fault occurs.

Alarms are classified in the following main groups:

- Status
- Operation
- Hardware
- Initialization
- Data memory
- **Temperature**

Extended EXPERT⁺ diagnos-6.2 tics

In addition to the standard EXPERT diagnostic features, the optional EXPERT+ extended diagnostics provides the following online and offline test functions which enable significant statements on the condition of the entire control valve.

Online test functions (monitoring functions)

- Data logger
- Histogram
- Cycle counter
- Valve end position trend
- Y = f(X) diagram (drive signal)
- Hysteresis test

Offline test functions (manual functions)

- Y = f (X) diagram over the entire valve travel range
- Hysteresis test over the entire valve travel range
- Static characteristic
- Step response test

The diagnostic tests are completely integrated in the positioner. Further status alarms are generated from the extensive information gained in the diagnostic tests of EXPERT+ which provide the user with information covering the whole control valve. The required reference curves are automatically plotted after initialization and saved in the positioner if EXPERT+ is activated. The optional diagnostic functions provided by EXPERT+ can be selected when ordering

the positioner. Additionally, it is possible to activate EXPERT+ at a later point in time in an existing positioner.

For this purpose, an activation code can be ordered, specifying the serial number of the positioner.

6.3 Classification of the status alarms and the condensed status

The alarms are assigned a classification status in the positioner. The following states are differentiated between:

Failure

The positioner cannot perform its control task due to a functional fault in the device or in one of its peripherals or an initialization has not yet been successfully completed.

Maintenance demand

The positioner still performs its control task (with restrictions). A maintenance demand or above average wear has been determined. The wear tolerance will soon be exhausted or is reducing at a faster rate than expected. Maintenance is necessary in the medium term.

Maintenance requirement

The positioner still performs its control task (with restrictions). A maintenance demand or above average wear has been determined. The wear tolerance will soon be exhausted or is reducing at a faster rate than expected. Maintenance is necessary in the short term.

Function check

Test or calibration procedures are being performed. The positioner is temporarily unable to perform its control task until this procedure is completed.

Status alarm	Engineering tool
Alarm inactive	0
Alarm active Classified as "No alarm"	8
Alarm active Classified as "Maintenance requirement"/ "Maintenance demand"	<i>J</i> =
Alarm active Classified as "Function check"	Δ
Alarm active Classified as "Failure"	!

Status and diagnostic alarms

Classification process in the positioner

An alarm is assigned to one of following classified states in the table:

Condensed status

To provide a better overview, the state of the positioner is summarized in a condensed status which is made up from a summary of all classified positioner alarms.

If an event is classified as "No alarm", this event does not have any affect on the condensed status of the positioner.

The condensed status is displayed in the engineering tool as well as on the positioner display as in the following table:

Status alarm	Engineering tool	Positioner display
"Failure"	!	ı,
"Maintenance requirement" "Maintenance demand"	<i>[</i> -	S
"Function check"	Δ	Text
"No alarm"	0	

Status modification

The classification of the status alarms can be changed as required.

They can be modified using TROVIS-VIEW software over the local SSP interface.

In addition, the classification can be modified over the parameters in DD or easily entered over the DTM.

Note!

All additional alarms generated by EXPERT⁺ have the status "No alarm" by default.

Logging and displaying diagnostic functions/alarms

The last 30 alarms are logged in the positioner. However, it is important to note that the same alarm is only logged once when it first occurs.

The alarms and the condensed states appear on the display as described in the code list (section 12).

In addition, the diagnostic parameters are issued over the communication interface of the positioner.

The diagnostic functions can easily be displayed and configured using the TROVIS-VIEW software connected over the local interface (SSP) or over the DTM.

7 Adjusting the limit switch

The positioner version with inductive limit switch has one adjustable tag (1) mounted on the shaft which operates the proximity switch (3).

For operation of the inductive limit switch, the corresponding switching amplifier (see section 3.2.1) must be connected to the output.

If the tag (1) is inside the field of the switch, the switch assumes a high resistance. If the tag is outside of the field, the switch assumes a low resistance.

Normally, the limit switch is adjusted such that it will provide a signal in both end positions of the valve. The switch, however, can also be adjusted to indicate intermediate valve positions.

The desired switching function, i.e. whether the output relay shall be picked up or released when the tag has entered the field, has to be determined, if necessary, at the switching amplifier.

Note!

The inductive limit switch replaces the software limit switch A1 with terminal assignment +41/-42.

Each switching position can optionally be set to indicate when the tag has entered the field, or when it has left the field.

The second software limit switch remains effective, the function of the software limit switch A1 is disabled.

Software adaptation

Code 38 (inductive alarm is set to YES). The inductive limit switch is connected to the terminals +41/-42.

The device is set up accordingly when delivered ex works SAMSON.

Setting the switching point:

Important!

During adjustment or testing, the switching point must always be approached from mid-position (50 %).

To ensure safe switching under any ambient conditions, the switching point should be adjusted to a value of approx. 5 % before the mechanical stop (OPEN - CLOSED).

For CLOSED position:

- Initialize positioner.
- 2. Use the MAN function to move the positioner to 5 % (see LC display).
- 3. Adjust the tag using the yellow adjustment screw (2) until the tag enters or leaves the field and the switching amplifier responds. You can measure the switching voltage as an indicator.

Contact function:

Tag leaving the field > contact is made. Tag entering the field > contact is opened.

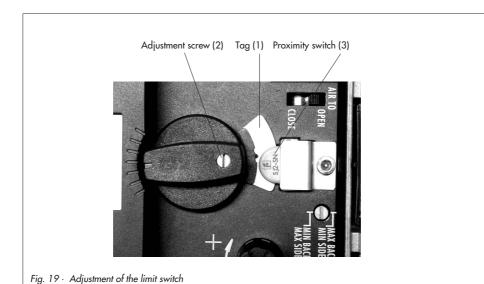
For OPEN position:

- 1. Initialize positioner.
- 2. Use the MAN function to move the positioner to 95 % (see LC display).
- 3. Adjust the tag (1) using the yellow adjustment screw (2) until the tag enters or leaves the field of the proximity switch

You can measure the switching voltage as an indicator.

Contact function:

Tag leaving the field > Contact is made. Tag entering the field > Contact is opened.



8 Quick start-up guide

8.1 Mounting

Direct attachment

to SAMSON Type 3277 Actuator

Travel mm	Actuator cm ²	Pin position
7.5	120	25
15	120/240/350	35
15/30	700	50

Note!

Standard delivery includes lever M ready assembled with the follower pin on 35 mm pin position for 15 mm travel!

To mount the positioner, lift the lever so that the follower pin rests on the follower clamp of the actuator stem.

NAMUR attachment

- Determine the maximum travel range of the control valve from the closed position to as far it will go in the other direction.
- Select the lever to match the maximum travel range as well the next largest pin position and screw onto the shaft of the positioner.
- Lever option/pin distance: see pin position table (Code 4) or cover plate on the positioner.
- Screw the NAMUR bracket onto the valve yoke so that it is aligned centrally to the slot of the follower plate when the travel position is at 50 %.

Secure the positioner to the NAMUR bracket, making sure that the follower pin is in the slot of the follower plate. Make sure the lever can still move.

Attachment to rotary actuators

- Lever M pin position 90°
- Put the valve into the closed position, determine the opening direction.
- Place the follower plate on the slotted actuator shaft and fasten it to the coupling wheel. Attach the top pair of brackets and the bottom pair of brackets to the actuator.
- Place the positioner on the brackets and screw tight, making sure that the lever with its follower pin engages the slot of the coupling wheel, while taking into account the opening direction.

 It is important to make sure that the le-
 - It is important to make sure that the lever's mid position corresponds to the mid travel of the valve (lever's mid position = the lever is parallel to the long side of the positioner casing).

Pneumatic connections

Screw the threaded connections only into the attached connection block, connecting plate or pressure gauge block from the accessories.

8.2 Start-up

Connect pneumatic supply air (1.4 to 6 bar).

Apply an electrical reference variable (4 to 20 mA).

Set the fail-safe position

Position the slide switch according to fail-safe position of the control valve: AIR TO OPEN or AIR TO CLOSE.

Adapt the volume restriction Q to the actuator size

Only set the restriction for actuators $< 240 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ to:}$

MIN SIDE for connection at the side or MIN BACK for connection at the back.

Note!

After each change of the volume restriction setting, the positioner must be re-initialized.

Changing the reading direction of the display

(if necessary)

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ \mathbf{2}$, press \bigoplus ,

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \text{Display ok, press } \bigoplus$.

Operation

Selecting the parameters or values

Each parameter has a code number which is shown in the display. Use the button to select.

Turn the button to select parameters or values and then **push** to confirm.

Select and confirm **ESC** to prevent an entered value from being accepted.

Enabling parameters

Parameters that have a code marked with an asterisk (*) can only be changed when they are enabled beforehand using Code 3.

The configuration mode is shown in the display with the \Rightarrow symbol.

See the code list on page 69 onwards or cover plate of the positioner for a description of the menu codes.

8.3 Initialization

Important!

Perform a reset (Code 36) prior to each initialization

Turn \bigcirc → Code **3**. \bot

turn

→ON.

→

turn ⊕ → Code **36**. ⊿

select RUN, ↓

Caution!

During initialization, the valve runs through its whole range of travel/angle of rotation.

8.3.1 Simplest method (MAX)

Mount and start up the positioner and press the INIT key! READY!

The positioner adapts itself automatically to the maximum travel/angle of rotation range of the control valve.

8.3.2 Precise method (NOM)

Positioner adapts itself precisely to the nominal travel/rotational angle of the control

Mount and start up the positioner, then proceed as follows:

Turn \rightarrow Code **3**, \downarrow

turn \rightarrow ON, \downarrow

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \mathbf{4}, \, \bot$ Select pin position, ↓

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ \mathbf{5}$. \bot

Enter nominal travel/range, \rightarrow

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \, \boldsymbol{6}, \, \bot$

select NOM. _

Press INIT key!

8.3.3 Manual method (MAN)

Initialization mode same as **NOM**, but for start-up of control valves with unknown nominal ranges. The final position of travel/angle of rotation (valve open) is entered manually.

Mount and start up the positioner, then proceed as follows:

Turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ \mathbf{0}$. \bot .

turn

→ select MAN.

→

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \ 1. \ \bot$.

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \mathbf{3}, \, \bot$.

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow ON$. \Box

turn $\bigoplus \rightarrow \mathsf{Code} \; \boldsymbol{6}, \, \downarrow$, select $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{MAN}}, \, \downarrow$

Press INIT key!

Note!

After imposing the electrical reference variable, the positioner is in the last used operating mode. Code **0** appears in the display. If the positioner has not yet been initialized, the fault | symbol appears on the display and the symbol blinks.

9 Retrofitting an inductive limit switch

Required retrofit kit:

Limit switch Order no. 1400-7460

- 1. Take off the rotary pushbutton (3) and cap (1), unthread the five fixing screws (2) and lift off the plastic cover (9).
- 2. Use a knife to cut an opening at the marked location (4).
- 3. Push the connector (11) with cable through the opening and secure the proximity switch (7) on the cover with a dot of glue.
- 4. Remove the jumper at the socket ST1 of the top board and insert the cable connector (11).
- 5. Guide the cable in such a manner that the plastic cover can be placed back onto the positioner. Insert the fixing screws (2) and screw tight. Attach the clamping plate (8) onto the proximity switch.
- 6. Attach the rotary switch (5). Make sure the flattened side of the positioner shaft is turned so that the rotary switch (5) can be attached with the metal tag next to the proximity switch.

7. Important!

On start-up of the positioner, set the option "inductive alarm" under Code 38 from NO to YES.

- Сар 1
- Screws
- Rotary pushbutton
- 4 Marking
- Rotary switch
- Metal tag
- Proximity switch 7
- 8 Clamping plate
- Plastic cover
- 11 Connector





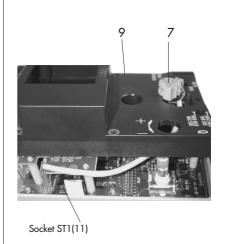


Fig. 20 · Retrofitting an inductive limit switch

10 Maintenance

The positioner does not require any maintenance.

There are filters with a 100 μm mesh size in the pneumatic connections for supply and output which can be removed and cleaned, if required.

The maintenance instructions of any upstream supply air pressure reducing stations must be observed.

11 Servicing explosion-protected devices

If a part of the positioner on which the explosion protection is based needs to be serviced, the positioner must not be put back into operation until an expert has inspected the device according to explosion protection requirements, has issued a certificate stating this or given the device a mark of conformity.

Inspection by an expert is not required if the manufacturer performs a routine check on the device prior to putting it back into operation. The passing of the routine check must be documented by attaching a mark of conformity to the device.

Explosion-protected components may only be replaced by original, checked components from the manufacturer.

Devices that have already been used outside of hazardous areas and are intended for use in hazardous areas in future must comply with the safety demands placed on repaired devices. Prior to operation, they must be tested according to the specifications stipulated for "Repairing explosion-protected devices".

12 Code list

Code no.	Parameter – Display, values [default setting]	Description	
Importo	mportant! Codes with marked with an asterisk (*) must be enabled with Code 3 prior to configuration.		
0	Operating mode [MAN] AUIO SAFE ESC	AUtO = Automatic mode MAN = Manual mode SAFE = Fail-safe position ESC = Escape Switchover from automatic to manual mode is smooth. In fail-safe mode, the symbol S appears on the display. In MAN and AUtO mode, the system deviation is represented by the bar graph elements. When the positioner is initialized, the numerical display indicates the valve position or the angle of rotation in %, otherwise the position of the sensor in relation to the central axis is displayed in degrees °.	
1	Manual w 0 to 100 [0] % of the nominal range	Adjust the manual set point with the rotary pushbutton, the current travel/angle is displayed in % when the positioner is initialized, otherwise the sensor position in relation to the central axis is indicated in degrees °.	
2	Reading direction Normal or upside down ESC	The reading direction of the display is turned by 180°.	
3	Enable configuration [OFF] ON ESC	Enables the option to modify data (automatically deactivated when the rotary pushbutton has not been operated for 120 s.) HART blinks on the display when the on-site operation is locked. Codes marked with an asterisk (*) can only be read and not overwritten. Likewise, codes can only read over the SSP interface.	

4*	Pin position [OFF] 17, 25, 35, 50 mm	For initialization using NOM or SUb, the follower pin must be inserted into the correct pin position according to the valve travel/angle of rotation.		
	70, 100, 200 mm, 90° with rotary actuators	Pin position Code 4	Standard Code 5	Adjustment range Code 5
	ESC	17 25	7.5 7.5	3.6 to 17.7 5.0 to 25.0
	Note! If you select a pin position in Code 4 that is too small, the positioner switches to SAFE mode for reasons of safety	35 50 70 100 200 90°	15.0 30.0 40.0 60.0 120.0 90.0	7.0 to 35.4 10.0 to 50.0 14.0 to 70.7 20.0 to 100.0 40.0 to 200.0 24.0 to 110.0
5*	Nominal range [15.0] mm or angle ° ESC	For initialization using NOM or SUb, the nominal travel/angle of rotation of the valve must be entered. The permissible adjustment range depends on the pin position according to the table. After initialization has been successfully completed, the maximum nominal travel/angle reached on initialization is displayed.		
6*	Init mode [MAX] NOM MAN Sub ZP ESC	Select the initialization mode MAX: Maximum range of the control valve, the travel/angle of the closure member from the CLOSED position to the opposite stop in the actuator. NOM: Nominal range of the control valve, the travel/angle of the closure member measured from the CLOSED position to the indicated OPEN position. MAN: Manual adjustment: upper x-range value SUb: No self-adjustment (emergency mode) ZP: Zero calibration		
7*	w/x [אק] ESC	Direction of action of the reference variable w in relation to the travel/angle of rotation x (increasing/increasing or increasing/decreasing) Automatic adaptation: AIR TO OPEN: On completing initialization, the direction of action remains increasing/increasing (¬¬¬), a globe valve opens as the mA signal increases. AIR TO CLOSE: On completing initialization, the direction of action changes to increasing/decreasing (¬¬¬), a globe valve closes as the mA signal increases.		

8*	Lower x-range value 0.0 to 80.0 [0.0] % of the nominal range, Specified in mm or angle ° provided Code 4 is set ESC	Lower range value for the travel/angle of rotation in the nominal or operating range. The operating range is the actual travel/angle of the control valve and is limited by the lower x-range value (Code 8) and the upper x-range value (Code 9). Usually, the operating range and the nominal range are identical. The nominal range can be limited to the operating range by the lower and upper x-range values. Value is displayed or must be entered. The characteristic is adapted. See also the example in Code 9!
9*	Upper x-range value 20.0 to 100.0 [100.0] % nominal range, Specified in mm or angle ° provided Code 4 is set ESC	Upper range value for the travel/angle of rotation in the nominal or operating range. Value is displayed or must be entered. The characteristic is adapted. Example: The operating range is modified, for example, to limit the range of a control valve which has been sized too large. For this function, the entire resolution range of the reference variable is converted to the new limits. 0 % on the display corresponds to the set lower limit and 100 % to the set upper limit.
10*	Lower x-limit [OFF] 0.0 to 49.9 % of the operating range ESC	Limitation of the travel/angle of rotation downwards to the entered value, the characteristic is not adapted. The characteristic is not adapted to the reduced range. See also example in Code 11.
11*	Upper x-limit [100 %] 50.0 to 120.0 [100] % of the operating range or OFF ESC	Limitation of the travel/angle of rotation upwards to the entered value, the characteristic is not adapted. Example: In some applications, it makes sense to limit the valve travel, e.g. if a certain minimum medium flow is required or a maximum flow must not be reached. The lower limit must be adjusted with Code 10, and the upper limit with Code 11. If a tight-closing function has been set up, it has priority over the travel limitation! When set to OFF, the valve can be opened past the nominal travel with a reference variable outside of the 4 to 20 mA range.

12*	w-start 0.0 to 75.0 [0.0] % of the reference variable range ESC	Lower range value of the applicable reference variable range must be smaller than the final value w-end, $0\% = 4$ mA The reference variable range is the difference between w-end and w-start, and must be $\Delta w \ge 25\% = 4$ mA. For an adjusted reference variable range of 0 to $100\% = 4$ to 20 mA, the control valve must move through its entire operating range from 0 to 100% travel/angle of rotation. In split-range operation , the valves operate with smaller reference variables. The control signal of the control unit to control two valves is divided such, for instance, that the valves move through their full travel/angle of rotation at only half the input signal (first valve set to 0 to $50\% = 4$ to 12 mA and second valve set to 50% to 100% = 12% to 20% mA reference variable).	
13*	w-end 25.0 to 100.0 [100.0] % of the reference variable range ESC	Upper range value of the applicable reference variable range, must be greater than w-start. 100 % = 20 mA	
14*	Final position w < 0.0 to [1.0] % of the span adjusted via Code 12/13 OFF	If w approaches the percentage adjusted towards the final value that causes the valve to close, the actuator is immediately completely vented (with AIR TO OPEN) or filled with air (with AIR TO CLOSE). This action always lead to maximum tight-closing of the valve. Codes 14/15 have priority over Codes 8/9/10/11.	
15*	Final position w > [OFF] 50.0 to 100.0 % of the span adjusted via Code 12/13 ESC	If w approaches the percentage adjusted towards the final value that causes the valve to open, the actuator is immediately completely filled with air (with AIR TO OPEN) or vented (with AIR TO CLOSE). This action always lead to the valve being completely opened. Codes 14/15 have priority over Codes 8/9/10/11. Example: Set the final position w > to 99 % for three-way valves.	
16*	Pressure limit [OFF] 1.4 2.4 3.7 bar ESC	The signal pressure can adopt the value of the applied supply pressure at the maximum [OFF] or it can be limited in stages of 1.4, 2.4 or 3.7 bar. This pressure limitation is already effective during the initialization. Note: After changing a pressure limit already set, the actuator must be vented once (e.g. by selecting the fail-safe position over Code 0).	

17*	KP step 0 to 17 [7] ESC	Displaying or changing K _P Note on changing the K _P and T _V steps: During the initialization of the positioner, the K _P and T _V values are optimized. Should the positioner show a tendency for impermissibly high post-pulse oscillation due to additional interference, the K _P and T _V steps can be adapted after the initialization. For this, either the T _V step can be increased in increments until the desired response behavior is reached or, when the maximum value of 4 is reached, the K _P step can be decreased in increments. CAUTION! Changing the K _P step influences the system deviation. This effect decreases as the K _P step increases.
18*	TV step [2] 1 2 3 4 OFF ESC	Displaying or changing T _V , See note under K _P step A change of the T _V step has no effect on the system deviation.
19*	Tolerance band 0.1 to 10.0 [5] % of the operating range ESC	Used for error monitoring Determination of the tolerance band in relation to the operating range. Associated lag time [30] s is a reset criterion. If, during initialization, a transit time is determined which is 6 times > 30 s, the 6fold transit time is accepted as lag time.
20*	Characteristic 0 to 9 [0] ESC	Select the characteristic: 0: Linear 5: Rotary plug valve linear 1: Equal percentage 6: Rotary plug valve eq. perc. 2: Reverse equal percentage 7: Segmented ball valve linear 3: Butterfly valve linear 8: Segmented ball valve eq. p. 4: Butterfly valve eq. percentage 9: User-defined * * Definition over SAMSON TROVIS-VIEW software or HART communication
21*	w-ramp Open 0 to 240 s [0] ESC	The time required to pass through the operating range when the valve opens. Limitation of the transit time (Code 21 and 22): For some applications it is recommendable to limit the transit time of the actuator to prevent it from engaging too fast in the running process.

22*	w-ramp Closed 0 to 240 s [0] ESC	The time required to pass through the operating range when the valve closes.
23*	Total valve travel 0 to 9999 [0] subsequently 10E3-99E7 RES ESC	Totaled double valve travel. Can be reset to 0 via RES.
24*	LV total valve travel 1000 to 9999 [100 000] subsequently 10E3-99E7ESC	Limit value of total valve travel. If the limit value is exceeded, the fault symbol and the wrench symbol appear. Exponential display for 10 000 travel cycles onwards.
25*	Alarm mode 0 to 3 [2] ESC	Switching mode of software limit switches alarm A1 and A2 in responding state (when positioner has been initialized). 1) Explosion-protected version according to EN 60947-5-6 0: A1 \geq 2.1 mA
26*	Limit value A1 OFF 0.0 to 100.0 [2.0] % of the operating range ESC	Displaying or changing the software limit value A1 in relation to the operating range. Setting has no effect when an inductive limit switch has been installed.

27*	CFF 0.0 to 100.0 [98.0] % of the operating range ESC	Displaying or changing the software limit value A2 in relation to the operating range.
28*	Alarm Test Reading direction: Standard Turned [OFF] [OFF] RUN 1 1 RUN RUN 2 2 RUN RUN 3 3 RUN ESC ESC	Testing the software limit switches alarm A1 and A2 in addition to the fault alarm contact A3. If the test is activated, the respective limit switches five times. RUN1/1 RUN: Software limit switch A1 RUN2/2 RUN: Software limit switch A2 RUN3/3 RUN: Fault alarm contact A3
29*	Position transmitter x/ix ³⁾ [オオ] オム ESC	Operating direction of the position transmitter; indicates how the travel/angle position is assigned to the output signal i, based on the closed position. The operating range (see Code 8) of the valve is represented by the 4 to 20 mA signal. Values exceeding or falling below the limits 2.4 to 21.6 mA can be represented. When a positioner has not been connected (reference variable less than 3.6 mA), the signal is 0.9 mA and 3.8 mA in an uninitialized state. When YES is set in Code 32, the position transmitter issues the value as per Code 30 during initialization or zero calibration. When NO is set in Code 32, 4 mA is issued during a running self-adaptation.
30*	Fault alarm ix ³⁾ [OFF] HI LO ESC	Used to select whether faults causing the fault alarm contact to switch should also be signaled by the position transmitter output and how they should be signaled HI ix > 21.6 mA or LO ix < 2.4 mA
31*	Position transmitter test ³⁾ -10.0 to 110.0 [x before the function is triggered] % of the operating range ESC	Testing the position transmitter. Values can be entered in relation to the operating range. The current actual value is used in initialized positioners locally as the start value (bumpless changeover to the test mode). On testing over software, the entered simulation value is issued as the position feedback signal for 30 seconds.
	³¹ Analog position transmitter: Code 29/	/30/31 can only be selected if the position transmitter (optional) is installed.

32*	Display special functions NO [YES] ESC	Fault alarm via display and fault alarm contact for special functions, e.g. zero calibration, initialization and position transmitter test (Code 31).
33*	Display total valve travel NO [YES] ESC	Fault alarm indicated on the display and over the fault alarm contact when the limit value for the total valve travel is exceeded.
34*	Closing direction CL [CCL] ESC	CL: Clockwise, CCL: Counterclockwise Turning direction in which the valve is moved to the CLOSED position (view onto the rotary switch motion when the positioner cover is open). Needs only be entered in initialization mode SUb (Code 6).
35*	Blocking position [0] mm/° /% ESC	Entering the blocking position. Distance up to the CLOSED position. Only necessary in initialization mode SUb.
36*	Reset [OFF] RUN ESC	Resets all parameters to default (factory setting). Note: After setting RUN, the positioner must be re-initialized.
37	Position transmitter Yes No	Display only, indicates whether the position transmitter option is installed.
38*	Inductive alarm [NO] YES ESC	Indicates whether the inductive limit switch option is installed or not.
39	System deviation e info -99.9 to 999.9 % ,	Display only, indicates the deviation from the set point position.
40	Transit time Open info 0 to 240 s [0]	Display only, minimum opening time is determined during initialization
41	Transit time Closed info 0 to 240 s [0]	Display only, minimum closing time is determined during initialization
42	Auto-w info 0.0 to 100.0 % of the span 4 to 20 mA	Display only, indicates the supplied automatic reference variable corresponding 4 to 20 mA.
43	Firmware info	Display only, indicates the current firmware version of the positioner.

44	y info [0] OP 0 to 100 % MAX	Display only, blocked prior to initialization. After initialization: indicates the actuator pressure in %. 0 to 100 % corresponds to the pressure range which adjusts the travel/angle range from 0 to 100 %. If the actuator pressure is 0 bar, e.g. due to tight-closing on bottom or fail-safe action, 0 P appears on the display. If the actuator pressure is higher than the pressure required for X = 100 %, e.g. due to tight-closing on top, MAX appears on the display. Value is determined during initialization.
45	Solenoid valve info Yes No	Display only, indicates whether a solenoid valve is installed. If a voltage supply is connected at the terminals of the installed solenoid valve, YES and HIGH appear on the display in alternating sequence. If a voltage supply is not connected (actuator vented, fail-safe position indicated on the display by the S symbol), YES and LOW appear on the display in alternating sequence.
46*	Polling address 0 to 63 [0] ESC	Select bus address
47*	Write protection HART YES [NO] ESC	When the write protection function is activated, device data can only be read, but not overwritten over HART communication.

48	Diagnostics	
	d	Diagnostic parameters
	d0 Current temperature –55 to 125	Operating temperature [°C] inside the positioner
	d1 Minimum temperature [20]	The lowest temperature below 20 °C that has ever occurred.
	d2 Maximum temperature [20]	The highest temperature above 20 °C that has ever occurred.
	d3 Number of zero calibrations	The number of zero calibrations since the last initialization.
	d4 Number of initializations	The number of initializations that have been performed.
	d5 Zero point limit [5 %] 0.0 to 100.0 %	Limit for the zero point monitoring.
	d6 Condensed status	Condensed status, made up from the individual states. OK: Okay, C: Maintenance requirement, CR: Maintenance demand, B: Failure, I: Function check.
	d7 Start reference run [OFF] ON ESC 1	Triggering of a reference run for the functions: Drive signal Y stationary and drive signal Y hysteresis. The reference run can only be activated in manual operation as the valve moves through its entire travel range. If EXPERT ⁺ is activated at later point in time, the reference graphs must be plotted in order to activate the diagnostic functions.
	d8 EXPERT* activation	Enter the activation code for EXPERT ⁺ . After the activation procedure has been successfully completed, YES appears under d8.

Error codes – Remedy		Condensed status alarm active, when prompted, <i>Err</i> appears.	
-	Initialization error (indicated on the display by the condensed status with the corresponding classification)		
50	x < range	The value supplied by the measuring signal is either too high or too low, the measuring sensor is close to its mechanical limit. • Pin positioned incorrectly. • Bracket slipped in case of NAMUR attachment or positioner is not central. • Follower plate incorrectly attached.	
	Remedy	Check attachment and pin position, set operating mode from SAFE to MAN and re-initialize the positioner.	
51	x > range	The measuring span of the sensor is too low. • Pin positioned incorrectly. • Wrong lever. A rotational angle smaller than 11° at the positioner shaft creates just an alarm. An angle below 6° leads to the initialization being canceled.	
	Remedy	Check attachment and re-initialize the positioner.	
52	Attachment	 Positioner attachment incorrect. Nominal travel/angle (Code 5) could not be achieved on initialization under NOM or SUB (no tolerance downwards permissible) Mechanical or pneumatic error, e.g. wrong lever selected or supply pressure too low to move to the required position or pneumatic fault 	
	Remedy	Check attachment and supply pressure. Re-initialize the positioner. Under certain circumstances, it may be possible to check the maximum travel/angle by entering the actual pin position and then performing an initialization under MAX. After initialization has been completed, the Code 5 indicates the maximum achieved travel or angle.	
53	Init time >	The initialization routine lasts too long. The positioner returns to its previous operating mode. • No pressure on the supply line or there is a leak. • Supply air failure during initialization.	
	Remedy	Check attachment and supply pressure. Re-initialize the positioner.	

54	Init – Solenoid valve	 A solenoid valve is installed (Code 45 = YES) and was not or not properly connected so that an actuator pressure could not be built up. The message appears when you attempt to initialize the positioner. If you attempt to initialize the device from the fail-safe position (SAFE).
	Remedy	Re. 1) Check connection and supply voltage of the solenoid valve.
		Re. 2) Set the <i>MAN</i> operating mode over Code 0. Then initialize the positioner.
55	Transit time <	The actuator transit times determined during the initialization are so short that the positioner cannot adapt itself optimally.
	Remedy	Check the volume restriction setting as described in section 5.2, re-initialize the positioner.
56	Pin pos.	Initialization was canceled because you are required to enter the pin position for the selected initialization modes NOM and SUb .
	Remedy	Enter pin position over Code 4 and nominal travel/angle over Code 5 . Re-initialize the positioner.
	tional error ted on the display by the cond	ensed status with the corresponding classification)
57	Control loop Additional alarm at the fault	Control loop error, the control valve does not react within the tolerable times of the controlled variable (tolerance band alarm Code 19).
	alarm contact!	Actuator mechanically blocked.
		 Attachment of the positioner subsequently postponed. Supply pressure not sufficient.
	Remedy	Check attachment.
		Griedit Grieditino
58	Zero point	Zero point incorrect. Error may arise when the mounting position/linkage of the positioner moves or when the valve seat trim is worn, especially with soft-sealed plugs.
58		Zero point incorrect. Error may arise when the mounting position/linkage of the positioner moves or when the valve seat trim
59		Zero point incorrect. Error may arise when the mounting position/linkage of the positioner moves or when the valve seat trim is worn, especially with soft-sealed plugs. Check valve and mounting of the positioner. If OK, perform a

60	Fatal error Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	An error was detected in the data relevant for safety, autocorrection is not possible. This may be due to EMC disturbances. The control valve moves to its fail-safe position.
	Remedy	Reset over Code 36. Re-initialize the positioner.
Hardw	are error (indicated on the dis	play by the condensed status with the corresponding classification)
62	x signal Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	Determination of the measured value for the actuator has failed. Conductive plastic element is defective. The positioner continues to run in emergency mode, but should be replaced as soon as possible. The emergency mode on the display is indicated by a blinking control symbol and 4 dashes instead of the position indication.
		Note on the control: If the measuring system has failed, the positioner is still in a reliable state. The positioner switches to emergency mode where the position cannot be accurately controlled anymore. However, the positioner continues operation according to its reference variable signal so that the process remains in a safe state.
	Remedy	Return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
63	w too small	The reference variable is much smaller than 4 mA (0 %); occurs if the power source that drives the positioner does not comply with the standard. This state is indicated on the positioner display by a blinking <i>LOW</i> .
	Remedy	Check reference variable. If necessary, limit the current source downwards so that no values below 4 mA can be issued.
64	i/p converter (y)	The circuit of the i/p converter has been interrupted.
	Remedy	Cannot be remedied. Return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.

Error o	appendix	
65	Hardware Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	A hardware error has occurred, the positioner moves to the fail-safe position <i>SAFE</i> .
	Remedy	Confirm error and return to the automatic operating mode, or perform a reset and re-initialize the device. If this is not successful, return device to SAMSON AG for repair.
66	Data memory Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	The writing of data to the data memory does not work anymore, e.g. when the written data deviate from the read data. Valve moves to the fail-safe position.
	Remedy	Return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
67	Test calculation Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	The hardware positioner is monitored by means of a test calculation.
	Remedy	Confirm error. If this is not possible, return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
Data e	error	
68	Control parameter Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	Control parameter error, e.g. due to EMC disturbances.
	Remedy	Confirm error, perform reset and re-initialize the positioner.
69	Poti parameter Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	Parameter error of the digital potentiometer.
	Remedy	Confirm error, perform reset and re-initialize the positioner.
70	Calibration Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	Error in the production calibration data, e.g. due to EMC disturbances. Subsequently, the device runs on default values
	Remedy	Return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
71	General parameters	Parameter errors that are not critical for the control.
	Remedy	Confirm error. Check and, if necessary, reset required parameters.

72	Start-up parameters	Start-up parameter errors
	Remedy	Confirm error, perform reset and re-initialize the positioner.
73	Internal device error 1	Internal device error
	Remedy	Return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
74	HART parameters	Error in the HART parameters that are not critical for the control function.
	Remedy	Confirm error. Check and, if necessary, reset required parameters.
75	Info parameters	Error in the info parameters that are not critical for the control function.
	Remedy	Confirm error. Check and, if necessary, reset required parameters.
76	No emergency mode	The travel measuring system of the positioner has a self-monitoring function (see Code 62). A controlled emergency mode is not available on certain actuators, such as double-acting actuators. For this reason, the positioner moves to the fail-safe position when a measuring error occurs. During the initialization, the positioner checks whether the actuator has such a function or not.
	Remedy	Merely information, confirm, if necessary. No further action necessary.
77	Program loading error Additional alarm at the fault alarm contact!	When the device starts operation for the first time after the input signal has been applied, it carries out a self-test (<i>tEStinG</i> runs across the display). If the device loads a program that does not correspond to that of the positioner, the valve moves to the fail-safe position. It is not possible to make the valve leave this fail-safe position again by operating the positioner.
	Remedy	Interrupt current and restart positioner. Otherwise, return the positioner to SAMSON AG for repair.
78	Options parameter	Errors in options parameters, e.g. due to EMC disturbances.
79	Diagnostic alarms	Alarms are generated in the EXPERT ⁺ extended diagnostics if EXPERT ⁺ has been successfully activated in Code 48.

Code list

80	Diagnostic parameters	Error which is not critical for control.
	Remedy	Confirm error. Check and, if necessary, start new reference run.
81	Reference graphs	Error on plotting the reference graphs of drive signal Y stationary or drive signal Y hysteresis. Reference run was interrupted Reference line Y stationary or Y hysteresis was not adopted.

13.1 General

A CD-ROM containing the program for installing the TROVIS-VIEW Configuration and Operator Interface is provided by SAMSON.

Insert the installation CD-ROM to start the installation program. Once inserted, the CD-ROM usually starts the installation program automatically depending on the configuration of the operating system.

If the program does not start automatically, double-click **setup.exe** in the root directory of the CD-ROM in order to install TROVIS-VIEW.

Follow the on-screen prompts and instructions of the installation program.

The system requirements are specified in the **readme.txt** file in the root directory of the CD-ROM.

The TROVIS-VIEW Operator Interface can be used for different SAMSON devices. Note that the installation program also offers you the option of installing a demo module. To use the software without restrictions, the software needs to be activated as described below:

After installation, a dialog box will appear, prompting you to enter the CD key, which you will find on the cover of the original CD-ROM. Once you have entered the correct CD key and initiated the activation process, a request code will be automatically generated. The Activation dialog box will come up displaying the generated request code and an Internet link to SAMSON's activation server where a unique activation code will then be generated and displayed. Enter this activation code into TROVIS-VIEW's Activation dialog box. The software is now ready for use without any restrictions in the purchased scope.

To enable communication with the PC, connect the serial interface to the serial interface (5-pole female socket) of the positioner using a SAMSON connecting cable with serial interface adapter (order no. 1400-7700).

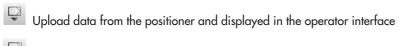
The positioner settings configured in TROVIS-VIEW can be directly transferred over the SAMSON connecting cable to the positioner on site. This online connection enables you to read any entered settings as well as providing a diagnostic function.

13.2 Starting TROVIS-VIEW and performing basic settings

Settings may be entered into the TROVIS-VIEW operator interface when either the positioner is connected or not connected. When the positioner is connected, the data uploaded from the positioner can be overwritten.

When the positioner is not connected, the default settings appear on the operator interface display or, alternatively, a stored TROVIS-VIEW file (*.tro) can be loaded and written over in the File menu by selecting Open.

Connection to the positioner is established by clicking the symbols on top right on the button bar:



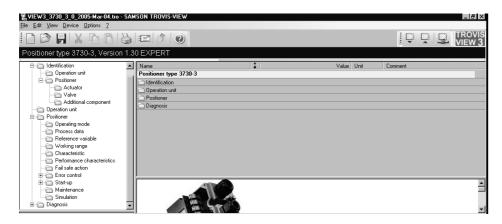
Download data onto the positioner from the operator interface

The positioner is in online mode, indicated by the TROVIS-VIEW 3 logo on the top right in the blue bar

The positioner is in offline mode.

You can also activate the listed functions in the Device menu.

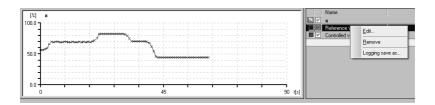
1. Start TROVIS-VIEW



Make required settings in View menu by activating or deactivating functions.

When the Trend Viewer is activated, all operating data are uploaded cyclically from the positioner in online mode and shown in the form of graphs.

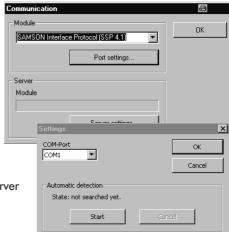
Right-click on the graph to edit the graph format or to copy the logged data to a file.



2. Select required language in Options menu. The selected language can be changed at any time except in online mode.

3. Select Communication from the Options menu and choose. communication settings.

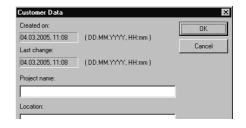
4. Click on Port settings and select port as well as server setting.



5. Select Convert in the File menu to select the firmware version of the positioner. It must match the version specified in the bar at the top.



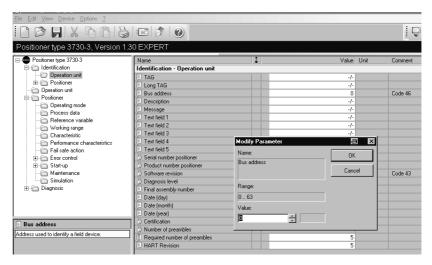
6. Enter more details about the plant, if necessary, in Customer Data in the Edit menu.



7. Select Load Factory Defaults in Edit menu to upload default settings to the operator interface.

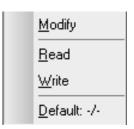
13.3 Setting the parameters

Click on one of the folders listed in the left column to open a window listing the settings of the corresponding parameters. Place the mouse arrow on the parameter name to open a tool tip providing information about that particular parameter.



Double-click on a parameter to open a window to enable the parameter to be modified.

Right-click on the parameter to open a drop-down menu providing further editing options.



The parameters in all the folders are listed in the following parameter list.

13.4 Parameter list

Parameter	Values	Default setting	Description Refer to section 11 for the description of the codes
Identification – Ope	ration unit		
TAG	Max. 32 characters		Tag identification of operation unit
Long TAG			
Bus address		0	Code 46
Description			Freely available text fields
Message			
Text field 1 to 5			
Positioner serial number			Serial number of the positioner
Positioner product number		3730-3 xxx	Manufacturer model number of the positioner
Firmware version		x.xx	Current firmware version of device, Code 43
Diagnosis level		EXPERT	
Final assembly number	016777215	0	Any number assignable to clearly identify the entire field device
Date (day)	131	1	
Date (month)		January	Date that can be entered. Stored in the
Date (year)	19002155	2003	positioner
Certification			Indicates whether the positioner can be used in hazardous area
Number of preambles		5	Number of required synchronization bytes
Required number of preambles	520	5	
HART revision		5	Designates the version of the HART specification which is supported by the positioner

Identification – Positioner			
Device type		3730-3	Indicates exact model designation
Identification – Posit	tioner – Actuator		
Type identification actuator			Manufacturer ID number of the actuator that the positioner is mounted upon
Actuator type	Single-acting Double-acting	Single-acting	Actuator with or without spring return mechanism
Attachment	Integral/ NAMUR	Integral	Defines the attachment of the positioner on the control valve
Booster	Not present/ present	Not present	Pneumatic volume booster
Actuator size	605600	240 cm ²	Effective diaphragm or piston area of the actuator
Signal pressure lower value	0.06	0.2 bar	Initial value of the actuator bench range
Signal pressure upper value	0.06	1.0 bar	Final value of the actuator bench range
Supply pressure	0.06	6.0 bar	Supply pressure of compressed air network
Identification – Posit	tioner – Valve		
Type identification valve			Manufacturer ID number of the valve that the positioner is mounted upon
Direction of flow	Flow-to-open (FTO)/ Flow-to-close (FTC)	Flow-to-open (FTO)	Indicates in which direction the process medium flows to the valve plug.
Packing	Adjustable/ Self-adjusting/ Bellows seal	Self- adjusting	Sealing of the plug stem to the atmosphere
Seating surface (leakage class)	Metal sealing/ Lapped-in metal/ Soft sealing/ Nickel sealing	Metal sealing	Type of sealing between seat and plug
Pressure balancing	Without/ With (PTFE)/ With (graphite)	Without	Plug with pressure balancing to compensate for forces

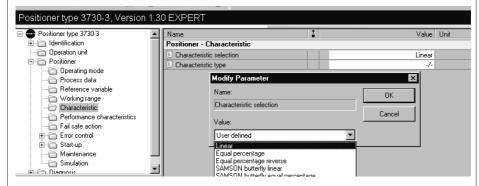
Flow characteristic	Linear 30:1/ Eq. perc. 30:1/ Linear 50:1/ Eq. perc. 50:1/ Other	Linear 50:1	Valve characteristic: Flow to valve travel
Valve dimensions standard	DIN/ANSI	DIN	Valve dimensions according to DIN or ANSI
Nominal size DN	82100	50	Nominal size in mm (DIN) or inch (ANSI)
Kvs coefficient	0.0001 20000.0000	1.0000 Kv	Valve flow coefficient
Kvs unit	Kv/cv	Κv	Flow coefficient, metric unit (Kvs) or US American units (cv)
Seat diameter of the valve	2.0500.0	6.0 mm	Diameter of valve seat bore
Identification – Posit	ioner – Additional	components	
Solenoid valve			Code 45
Position transmitter		Not	Code 37
Inductive limit switch	Installed/ Not installed	installed	Code 38
Operation unit			
HART write protection		Not write protected	Code 47
Start with default settings			Code 36
Positioner – Operati	ng mode		
Current operating mode			Indicated the current operating mode used by the device
Target operating mode	Automatic/ Manual/Fail-safe position	Automatic	Code 0
Positioner – Process	data		
Reference variable w			Code 42
Controlled variable x			Current position
System deviation e	Displays current process variables		Deviation from target position (e=w-x)
Manipulated variable			Indicates the actuator pressure after the initialization has been completed

Status		
Condensed state		Summarized state of the positioner. The condensed status is made up from the various states. The condensed status can take on the following states:
		No alarm
		Maintenance requirement
		Maintenance demand
		Failure
		Function check
		The condensed states "Maintenance requirement" and "Maintenance demand" are also indicated on the positioner display by
		The condensed status "Failure" causes the fault alarm symbol to appear on the display.
Fault exists (fault alarm contact)		Status of the fault alarm contact
Status of limit switch A1		Status of the switching output for limit switch A1
x falls below A1	Display and alarm	Indicates whether the controlled variable x has fallen below the limit for A1
Status of limit switch A2		Status of the switching output for limit switch A2
x exceeds A2		Indicates whether the controlled variable x has exceeded the limit for A2
Operational status		Indicates the current operational status of the internal control
Temperature		Current temperature in the positioner

Positioner – Referen	Positioner – Reference variable			
Direction of action	Increasing/ increasing >> Incr./decr. <>	Increasing/ increasing >>	Code 7	
Lower reference range value	0.075.0 %	0.0 %	Code 12	
Upper reference range value	25.0100.0 %	100.0 %	Code 13	
Enable final posi- tion smaller than w	On/Off	On	Code 14	
Final position when w is smaller	0.049.9 %	1.0 %	Code 14	
Enable final posi- tion greater than w	On/Off	Off	Code 15	
Final position when w is greater	50.0100.0 %	100.0 %	Code 15	
Required transit time OPEN	0240 s	0 s	Code 21	
Required transit time CLOSED	0240 s	0 s	Code 22	
Positioner - Working	g range			
Initial value of travel range/angle of rotation range	0.012.0 mm	0.0 %	Code 8	
Final value of travel range/angle of rotation range	3.015.0 mm	100.0 %	Code 9	
Enable travel/angle of rotation lower limit	On/Off	Off	Code 10	
Travel/angle of rotation lower limit	0.049.9 %	0.0 %	Code 10	
Enable travel/angle of rotation upper limit	On/Off	On	Code 11	
Travel/angle of rotation upper limit	50.0120.0 %	100.0 %	Code 11	

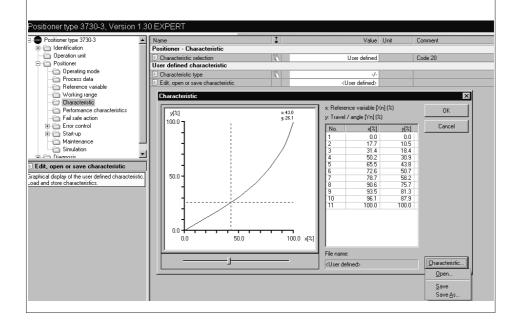
Positioner – Charact		I	
Characteristic selection		Linear	Graphs of the user-defined characteristics, loading and saving characteristics.
Characteristic type	User defined		See example on the next page. Free text for describing the user-defined characteristic

Example for user-defined characteristic



- Select **User defined characteristic** in *Characteristic selection* parameter.
- Double-click on Edit, open or save characteristic to open a window where the characteristic can be
 edited.

Click on Characteristic button on the bottom right to open and save a characteristic.



Parameter	Values	Default	Description
Positioner – Perform	ance characteristic	s	
Required proportional-action coefficient KP (step)	017	7	Code 17
Proportional-action coefficient KP (step)			Code 17
Required deriva- tive-action time TV (step)	Off/1/2/3/4	2	Code 18
Derivative-action time TV (step)			Code 18
Positioner – Fail-safe	e action		
Fail-safe position		Closing	Fail-safe action of the actuator upon air/auxiliary power failure or device start-up. Determined during initialization by the position of the slide switch (see section 5.1).
			In double-acting actuators, the fail-safe position relates only to the failure of the auxiliary power supply. There is no defined position when the supply air fails.
Positioner – Error co	ntrol		
Tolerance band	0.110.0 %	5.0 %	Code 19
Delay time	09999 s	30 s	Reset criterion for running control loop monitoring. A control loop error is issued when the delay time is exceeded and the system deviation is not within the tolerance band.
Total valve travel		1	Code 23
Limit of the total valve travel	1000 990 000 000	1 000 000	Code 24
Alarm mode	A1 Conducting/high A2 Non-conduc./low A1 Non-conduc./low A2 Non-conduc./low A1 Conducting/high A2 Conduc./high A1 Non-conduc./low A2 Conducting/high	A1 Con- ducting/high A2 Conducting/ high	Code 25

Enable limit value A1	On/Off	On	Code 26
Limit value A1	0.0100.0 %	2.0 %	Code 26
Enable limit value A2	On/Off	On	Code 27
Limit value A2	0.0100.0 %	98.0 %	Code 27
Fault alarm special functions	Yes/No	Yes	Code 32
Fault alarm total valve travel	Yes/No	Yes	Code 32
Zero point limit	0.0100.0 %	5.0 %	Limit for zero point monitoring

Positioner - Error control - Classification report

Condensed status error alarms

Note!

Each fault alarm has a status assigned to it.

The possible states are placed in order starting with the lowest priority:



The fault alarm present in the device with the highest priority determines which condensed status is displayed.

The condensed states "Maintenance requirement" and "Maintenance demand" are also indicated on the positioner display by ...".

The condensed status "Failure" causes the latest fault alarm symbol to appear on the display.

		T
x > range		Code 50
Delta x < range		Code 51
Attachment		Code 52
Initialization time		Code 53
exceeded	Determines the individual status for each alarm	
Initialization/ solenoid valve		Code 54
Transit time not achieved	with symbol	Code 55
Pin position	an alarm is not added to	Code 56
Control loop	the condensed status	Code 57
Zero point		Code 58
Autocorrection		Code 59
x signal		Code 62
w too small	C	Code 63
Control parameter	Symbol	Code 68
Poti parameter		Code 69
Calibration param-	for maintenance requirement	Code 70
eter	maintenance demand	
General parameters		Code 71
Internal device error 1	Symbol	Code 73
HART parameter		Code 74
Parameter info	for failure	Code 75
No emergency mode		Code 76
Options parameter		Code 78
Total valve travel exceeded	or symbol	Determines the condensed status when a fault occurs
Temperature < -40 °C	for function check	Temperature fell below –40 °C during operation
Temperature > 80 °C		Temperature exceeded +80 °C during operation

Positioner – Start-up)		
Reading direction	Pneumatic connection right/left	Pneumatic connection right	Code 2
Pin position	Off 17/25/35/50/ 70/100/200 mm 90°	Off	Code 4
Initialization mode	Nominal range Maximum range Manual adjust- ment Substitution	Maximum range	Code 6
Pressure limit	Off /2.4/3.7/ 1.4 bar	Off	Code 16
Determined nom- inal range			Code 5
Minimum transit time OPEN			Code 40
Minimum transit time CLOSED			Code 41
Fail-safe action			Fail-safe action of the actuator upon air/auxiliary power failure or device start-up. Determined during initialization by the position of the slide switch (see section 5.1). In double-acting actuators, the fail-safe position relates only to the failure of the auxiliary power supply. There is no defined position when the supply air fails.
Positioner – Start-up	– Initialization		
Initialization mode	Nominal range Maximum range Manual adjust- ment Substitution	Maximum range	Code 6
Device initialized			Status of device initialization
Initialization			Starting of initialization procedure. The initialization mode parameter must be first set to the required initialization procedure.

Initialization status			Status of the running initialization procedure
Initialization can- celed			Running initialization procedure has been canceled. The control valve moves to its fail-safe position.
Target operating mode	Automatic Manual SAFE	Automatic	Code 0
Current operating mode			Indicates current operating mode of positioner
Initialization error			
x > range			Code 50
Delta x < range			Code 51
Attachment			Code 52
Initialization time exceeded			Code 53
Initialization/sole- noid valve	Alarm		Code 54
Transit time too short			Code 55
Pin position			Code 56
No emergency mode			Code 76
Positioner – Start-up – Substitution			
Initialized in Sub			Indicates whether the substitute configuration (sub mode) has been performed
Closing direction		Counter- clockwise	Code 34
Blocking position		0.0 %	Code 35
Positioner – Mainter	ance		
Start zero calibratio	n		
Zero calibration			Starts zero calibration
Initialization status			Status of running initialization procedure
Initialization can- celed			Running initialization procedure has been canceled. The valve moves to fail-safe position.
Target operating mode	Automatic Manual SAFE	Automatic	Code 0
Current operating mode			Indicates current operating mode of positioner

Positioner – Simulati	on		
Alarm test A1			Code 28
Alarm test A2			Code 28
Alarm test A3 (alarm fault output)			Code 28
Diagnosis			
Diagnosis level setting		Expert	
Current operating mode		Automatic	Indicates current operating mode of positioner
Diagnosis – Status a	larms		
Status			
Condensed status	Alarm symbol		Summarized condensed status. Made up from various states.
Operating hours counter			Time elapsed since first initialization
Device in closed loop			Time elapsed in closed loop since first initialization
Device switched on since last initialization			Time elapsed since last initialization
Device in closed loop since last initialization			Time elapsed in closed loop since last initialization
Error occurred (fault alarm output)			Status of fault alarm output
Solenoid valve status	Display or	status	Status of optional solenoid valve
Fail-safe position			Fail-safe action of actuator upon air supply/auxiliary power failure or device start-up. Determined during initialization.
Device initialized			Status of device initialization
Start performed with default settings			Indicates whether a start has been performed with default settings.
Local operation active			Local operation is active
Configuration changed			Status of device status bit configuration changed.

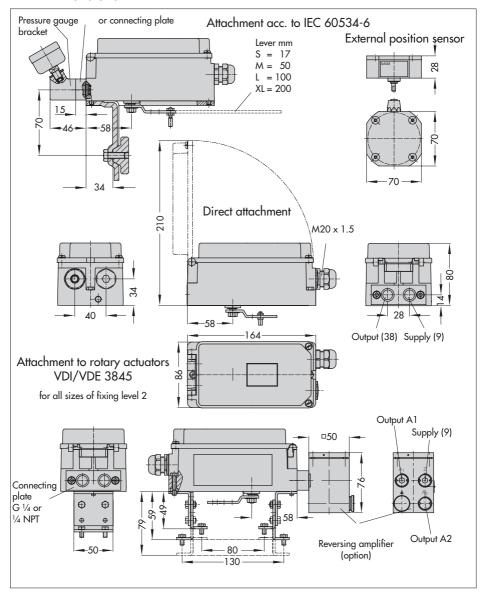
	Number of zero calibrations performed since last initialization
	l l
	Number of initializations performed
	Limit for zero point monitoring
	Code 57
	Code 58
	Code 59
	Code 60
Alarm	Code 63
	Status of total valve travel limit
	Status alarm resulting from diagnosis analysis
	Code 62
	Code 64
41	Code 65
Alarm	Code 66
	Code 67
	Code 77
	Code 50
	Code 51
	Code 52
Alarm	Code 53
	Code 54
	Code 55
	Code 56
	Code 76
	Alarm

Data mamana		
Data memory		Code 68
Control parameter		Code 68
Poti parameter		
Calibration parameter		Code 70
General parameters		Code 71
Internal device		Code 73
error 1	Alarm	
HART parameter		Code 74
Info parameter		Code 75
Option parameter		Code 78
Diagnostic parameters		Code 80
Temperature		
Min. temperature		Lowest temperature recorded in the positioner
Max. temperature		Highest temperature recorded in the positioner
Min. temperature (time)	Display	Operating hours counter logging when the lowest temperature was recorded in the positioner
Max. temperature (time)		Operating hours counter logging when the highest temperature was recorded in the positioner
Diagnosis – Status m	nessages – Data logger	
Alarms (1) to (30)		Recorded alarms issued by the positioner
Operating hours since first initialization	Alarm	Operating hours counter logging of each alarm
Diagnosis – Status a	larms – Reset	
Reset absolute total travel		Reset counter for absolute total valve travel back to 0
Reset default values flag	Resetting corresponding	Set back default values flag to 0
Reset configuration changed	alarms	Reset device status bit configuration changed.

Reset initialization error				
Reset		Code 50		
x > range				
Reset		Code 51		
Delta x < range				
Reset attachment		Code 52		
Reset initialization exceeded	Resetting corresponding	Code 53		
Reset initialization/ solenoid valve	alarms	Code 54		
Reset transit time too short		Code 55		
Reset pin position		Code 56		
Reset operational en	ror			
Reset zero point	Resetting corresponding	Code 58		
Reset autocorrection	alarms	Code 59		
Reset hardware erro	r			
Reset hardware		Code 65		
Reset control calculation	Resetting corresponding alarms	Code 67		
Reset data error				
Reset control parameter		Code 68		
Reset poti param- eter		Code 69		
Reset general parameters	Resetting corresponding alarms	Code 71		
HART parameter		Code 74		
Reset options pa- rameter		Code 78		
Reset diagnostic parameters		Code 80		

Reset statistical info	mation	
Reset data logger		Measured data in the data logger buffer memory are deleted

14 **Dimensions in mm**





IECEx Certificate

of Conformity

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION IEC Certification Scheme for Explosive Atmospheres for rules and details of the ECEx scheme visit wavecexcon

Issue No : 0 Page 1 of 3 IECEX PTB 05.0008 2005-02-21 Current Certificate No.: Date of Issue: Status:

SAMSON AG Mess- und Regelitechnik Applicant:

Manufacturing location(s):

Weismuellerstrasse 3 D-60314 Frankfurt am Main Germany

Electrical Apparatus: HART capable positioner type 3730-31... Optional accessory:

General Requirements, Intrinsic Safety, Protection by Enclosure Type of Protection:

Ex ia IIC T6/T5/T4 IP 54 and IP 65 T 80 °C Marking:

Department Head "Intrinsic Safety and Safety of Dr.-Ing. Ulrich Johannsmeyer Approved for issue on behalf of the IECEx Certification Body: Position:

Signature: (for printed version)

Date

Systems"

This certificate and schedule may only be reproduced in full.
 This certificate is not transferable and remains in the property of the issuing body.
 The Status and authenticity of this certificate may be verified by visiting the Orlicial IECEX Website.

Certificate issued by:

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB) Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig

Germany



E

IECEx Certificate of Conformity

Issue No : 0 Page 2 of 3 SAMSON AG Mess- und Regeltechnik ECEX PTB 05,0008 Weismuellerstrasse 3 D-60314 Frankfurt am Main Germany 2005-02-21 Certificate No.: Date of Issue: Manufacturer:

the restificate is stand as vertification that a sample(a), presentative or potally standard and characteristic and several as vertification that a sample(a), present the company which the CE Standard Ist below and that the manufacture is quality system, relating to the Exponduz found to comply with the EC Standard Ist below and that the manufacture is quality system, relating to the Exponduz contribute or the standard subject to the assessed and count to comply with the IECE CO and Operation of Documents confidence is guide as the confidence as set out in IECE VS the time Rules, IECE VS and Operational Documents and the confidence as the confidence as set out in IECE VS the time Rules, IECE VS and Operational Documents.

The electrical apparatus and any acceptable variations to it specified in the schedule of this certificate and the identified documents, was found to comply with the following standards: STANDARDS:

Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 0: General requirements Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 11: Intrinsic safety " IEC 61241-1-1: 1999 Edition: 2 IEC 60079-11: 1999 IEC 60079-0:2000 Edition: 4

Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust - Part 1-1; Electrical apparatus protected by enclosures and surface temperature limitation - Specification for

This Certificate does not indicate compliance with electrical safety and performance requirements other than those expressly included in the Standards listed above.

TEST & ASSESSMENT REPORTS: A sample(s) of the equipment listed has successfully met the examination and test requirements as recorded in

File Reference: DE/PTB/05-005

ECEX ATR:

B022174

IECEx Certificate of Conformity

ECEx PTB 05.0008

Certificate No.: Date of Issue:

2005-02-21

ssue No.: 0 Page 3 of 3

Schedule

EQUIPMENT: Equipment and systems covered by this certificate are as follows:

communication conducts (2004 of 2004 of 1401 for capable Portions is a single or cohord-earling possibility and communication capably instructed to attachment to promote the communication capably instructed to attachment to promote the communication conductor respectively. The Positioners solver the authority tops and adaptise titled unabledly to the attachment of valor or catability respectively. The Positioners according to the promote the communication considerable with the advance according to the authority demands tracked and the promote the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication and the communication and the communication of the communication and the communication and the communication of the communication of the communication of the communication and the communication and the communication of the communication of

CONDITIONS OF CERTIFICATION: NO

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin



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Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin

PTB

(11) Accroding to the Directive 94/9/EC, this EC TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE relates only to the design and construction of the specified equipment. In explication of the properties of the supply of the equipment.

(12) The marking of the equipment shall include the following:

Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive

EC TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATION

TRANSLATION

(EX) || 2 G EEX ia IIC T6

Zertifizierungsstelle Explosionsschutz By order

Braunschweig, 02 December 2002

(Seal)

(Signature)

Dr. Ing. U. Johannsmeyer Regierungsdirketor

The examination and test results are recorded in confidential report

certifies that this equipment has been found to comply with the Essential Health

The Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt, notified body number 0102 in according to Article 9 of the Council Directive 94/9/EC of 23 March 1994,

This equipment and any acceptable variation thereof are specified in the

schedule to this certificate.

8

Weismüllerstr. 3, D-60314 Frankfurt, Germany

HART® capable positioner Type 3730-31

PTB 02 ATEX 2174

EC Type Examination Certificate Number

Atmospheres - Directive 94/9/EC

(2) (3)

 \equiv

SAMSON AG Mess, und Regeltechnik

Manufacturer:

(2) 9 0

Address:

Equipment:

₹

and Safety Requirements relating to the design and construction of equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PTB Ex 02-22323.

given in Annex II to the Directive.

The Essential Health and Safety Requirements are satisfied by compliance with

(10) If the sign "X" is placed after the certificate number, it indicates that the EN 50020: 1994 EN 50014: 1997

equipment is subject to special conditions for safe use specified in the schedule to

this certificate.

EC Type Ecomination Conflictore without signature and and are innotingers. This EC Type Ecomination Certificate may only be expended in its infriting without only challeds, schedule included. Entrets or charges shall require the prior approval of the Physiolaida-Technicke Bundessnall

Ptb32-3730.doc Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt., Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig

EC Type Examination Certificates without signature and sand are invalid.

This EC Type Examination Certificate may only be reproduced in the arringly and without any changes, schedule included.

Enrots or changes shall require the prior approval of the Physiciatch - technicate Bundesanstall. Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt., Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig Ptb32-3730.doc

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt

PTB

Braunschweig und Berlin

(13) (14)

Schedule

EC TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE No. PTB 02 ATEX 2174

(15) Description of Equipment

positioner with communication capability intended for attachment to all current linear or rotary actuators. It serves for adjusting valve stem position to the control The HART $^{\circledR}$ capable positioner Type 3730-31 is a single- or double-acting

In the 3730-31 ... version communication is according to the SSP (<u>\$</u>AMSON <u>\$</u>eriel Interface <u>Protocol</u>) and the HART protocol.

The HART $^{\circ}$ capable positioner Type 3730-31 is a passive two-terminal network which may be connected to any certified intrinsically safe circuit, provided the permissible maximum values of Ui, Ii and Pi are not exceeded.

For instrument air non-combustible media are used.

The device is intended for use inside and outside of hazardous areas.

The correlation between temperature classification and permissible ambient temperature ranges are shown in the table below:

Permissible ambient temperature range	-40 °C 60 °C -40 °C 70 °C -40 °C 80 °C
Temperature class	76 T5 T4

Electrical data

Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit (terminals 11/12) Signal circuit

Maximum values:

ĕ ≥ > 115 28 <u>ت</u>ه <u>--</u> negligible

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EC Type Examination Certificates without signature and sead are invalid.

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Extracts or changes shall require the prior approval of the Physikalisch-Technickte Bundesanstall:

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Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin



Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit Software limit switches (terminals 41/42, 51/52)

Maximum values:

П ت 20 V 60 mA 250 mW 'n, 5.3 Ш П 5 ــة ـــ Ü

negligible

Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit

Limit switch, inductive

(terminals 41/42)

Maximum values:

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ž mA 16 64 *=* = ∈

200 П ت 'n, 9 ت

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temperature ranges and maximum short-circuit current for analysers is shown in The correlation between temperature classification, permissible ambient the table below:

Temperature class	Permissible ambient temperature range	lo / Po
76 T5 T4	-40 °C 45 °C -40 °C 60 °C -40 °C 75 °C	52mA/169mW
76 75 74	-40 °C 60 °C -40 °C 80 °C -40 °C 80 °C	25mA/64mW

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Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt., Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig Page 4/6

Ptb32-3730.doc

Fault alarm output (terminals 83/84)

Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe

Maximum values:

20 V 60 mA 250 mW

negligible

5.3 nF, Li Ш

Type of protection. Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC

Serial interface BU

= 7.88 V ೨ - ೭

Maximum values:

61.8 mA 120 mW, Linear characteristic 2 $C_0 = 0,65 \mu F, L_0$

H

only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit

16 V 25 mA 64 mW negligible, Ш 5 <u>- 6</u> 0 <u>-</u>

negligible

For interconnecting the rules for interconnecting intrinsically safe circuit shall be

complied with.

Type of protection. Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC Maximum values: External position sensor (analog pcb, pins, p9, p10,

61 mA 120 mW, Linear characteristic ೨೯೪

Ē 10 m 370µН 11 11 0,66 µF, Lo 730 nF, Li 11 11 ೦ ೮

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Ptb32-3730.doc

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin

PTB

(16) Test Report: PTB Ex 02-22323

(17) Special conditions for safe use

Not applicable

(18) Special Health and Safety Requirements

In compliance with the standards specified above

Braunschweig, 02 December 2002 Zertifizierungsstelle Explosionsschutz By order

(seal) (Signature)

Dr. Ing. U. Johannsmeyer

Regierungsdirektor

EC Type Examination Certificates without signature and sand are invalid.

This EC Type Examination Certificate may only be reproduced in the arringly and without any changes, schedule included.

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Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin



TRANSLATION

ADDENDUM No.: 1

in compliance with Directive 94/9/EC Annex III Clause 6 to the EC Type Examination Certificate PTB 02 ATEX 2174

Model 3730-31.. HART-capable Positioner Equipment:

(EX) | 1 2 G EEX ia IIC T6 Marking:

SAMSON AG

Manufacturer:

Weismüllerstr. 3, D-60314 Frankfurt, Germany Address:

Description of the additions and modifications

In future the Model 3730-31... HART-capable Positioner is permitted to be manufactured also in compliance with the documents listed below. The modem board will be modified and the optional "Forced Venting Function" will be added. The electrical data will be supplemented as follows:

Electrical data

Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC only for connection to a certified intrinsically Forced venting function (terminal 81/82) safe

Maximum values: Ui = 28 V

II = 115 mA

Li negligible Ci = 5.3 nF Pi = 500 mW

EC Type Examination Certificates without signature and seal are invalid.

This EC Type Examination Certificates may only be proportional included. Extracts or denges, schedule included.

Extracts or denges shall require the prior approach of the Physikalickh-Technische Bundesanstali.

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt, Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig

Ptb32-3730-31Add-1.doc



Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt

Braunschweig und Berlin

Addendum No. 1 to the EX Type Examination Certificate PTB 02 ATEX 2174

All the other electrical data and particulars specified in the EC Type Examination Certificate apply unchanged also to this Addendum No. 1.

PTB EX 03-23171 Test report: Braunschweig, 18 June 2002 Zertifizierungsstelle Explosionsschutz By order

(Seal) (Signature)

Dr. Ing. U. Johannsmeyer Regierungsdirketor EC Type Examination Certificates without signature and seal are invalid.

This EC Type Examination Certificates may only be proportional included. Extracts or denges, schedule included.

Extracts or denges shall require the prior approach of the Physikalickh-Technische Bundesanstali.

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt, Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig

Ptb32-3730-31Add-1.doc

ADDENDUM No.: 2

in compliance with Directive 94/9/EC Annex III Clause 6 to the EC Type Examination Certificate PTB 02 ATEX 2174

Model 3730-31... HART capable Positioner Equipment:

(€x) | 2G EEx ia IIC T6 Marking:

Weismüllerstr. 3, D-60314 Frankfurt, Germany Address:

SAMSON AG

Manufacturer:

Description of the additions and modifications

The Model 3731-31... HART capable Positioner is permitted to be manufactured in future also in compliance with the documents specified in the attached test report PTB Ex 04-23430.

Attachment to pneumatic control valves or butterfly valves is either directly to the Series 3277 Actuators or by means of NAMUR adapter plates to actuators of conventional

The modifications relate to the internal and external design.

50281-1-1-:1998 relating to electrical apparatus with protection provided by enclosures. According to this standard, the positioner shall be provided in addition The Model 3730-31... HART capable Positioner satisfies the requirements of EN with the following marking: æ



option "position indicator" will be added (version 3730-.1..1), the electrical data will be supplemented as follows: The circuitry of the multifunction printed circuit board will be modified and the 9

EC Type Exemination Certificates without signature and seal are invalid.

This EC Type Exemination Certificate may only in expandated in its entitlety and without any changes, schedule included.

Extract or danges shall require the prior approved of the Physikalisch forhisches Bundsamatelut.

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt., Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt

Braunschweig und Berlin

#@

Electrical data

Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC Only for connection a certified intrinsically safe circuit Signal circuit

115 mA 1 W Maximum values: Ui = 28 V Li negligible

Version 3730-.1-1

35 nF

Ö

Only for connection a certified intrinsically safe circuit Type of protection: Intrinsic safety EEx ia IIC (terminals 31/32) Position indicator

115 mA 1 W Maximum values: Ui = 28 V

5.3 nF Li negligible ö All the other electrical data and information contained in the EC Type Examination Certificate apply unchanged also to this Addendum No. 2.

PTB EX 04-23430 Fest report: Braunschweig, 16 February 2004 Zertifizierungsstelle Explosionsschutz

By order

(Seal) (Signature)

Dr. Ing. U. Gerlach

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Extract or danges shall require the prior approved of the Physikalisch forhisches Bundsamatelut.

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt., Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig

Statements of Conformity without signature and seal ore invalid.

This Statement of Conformity mery bar approduced only in its aminaty without any danges. Entracts or changes shall equive the prior approach of the Physikalisch - Schnische Bundesamatalt.

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin



Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin

TRANSLATION

Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive

Statement of Conformity

₽₩

(12) The marking of the equipment shall include the following:

(Ex) | 1 3 G EEX NA 11C T6

Zertifizierungsstelle Explosionsschutz By order

Braunschweig,

(Seal)

(Signature)

Dr. Ing. U. Johannsmeyer Regierungsdirketor

The equipment and any acceptable variation thereof are specified in the schedule

to this certificate and the documents referred to therein.

Weismüllerstr. 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Model 3730-38 HART-capable Positioner SAMSON AG Mess- und Regeltechnik

Manufacturer: Equipment:

4 (2) (9) 6

Address:

PTB 03 ATEX 2180 X

EC Type Examination Certificate Number

3

Atmospheres - Directive 94/9/EC

(2)

The Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt, notified body number 0102 according to Article 9 of the Council Directive 94/9/ of 23 March 1994, certifies that this

8

requirements relating to the design and construction of equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres specified in Annex

equipment has been found to comply with the essential health and safety

Statements of Conformity without signature and seal are invalid.

This Statement of Conformity was respected only in its arminety whited any danges.

Entants or changes shall require the prior perpenoal of the Physikalisch-Technische Bundsannstati.

(10) If the sign "X" is placed after the certificate number, it indicates that the equipment is subject to special conditions for safe use as specified in the schedule

to this certificate.

The essential health and safety requirements are satisfied by compliance with

6

EN 50021: 1999

PTB Ex 03-23301

The examination and test results are recorded in confidential report.

Il to the Directive.

(11) In compliance with the Directive 94/9/EC this Statement of Conformity relates

requirements of this Directive apply to manufacture and marketing of this only to the dessign and consturciton of the equipment specified. Further

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin

Statement of Conformity PTB 03 ATEX 2180 X

Schedule

(15) Description of Equipment

The Model 3739.38 . HART-capable Positioner is a single- or double-acting positioner with communication capability intended for tradement, to any current intera or rotary actualities. It serves for transfering control signals into volve stem positions.

The Model 3730-38 . . version is capable of communicating according to the SSP and the HART protocol.

For instrument air non-combustible media are used.

The device is intended for use inside and outside of hazardous loctions.

The correlation between temperature classification and permissible temperature ranges is shown in the table below.

Electrical data

Signal circuit (terminals 11/12)	Type of protection EEx nA II
Software limit switch (terminals 41/42, 51/52)	Type of protection EEx nA II
Inductive limit switch (terminals 41/42)	Type of protection EEx nA
Forced venting function (terminals 81/82)	Type of protection EEx nA II
Fault alarm output (terminals 83/84)	Type of protection EEx nA II
Serial interface adapter	Type of protection EEx nA I
External position sensor (analog board, pins p9, p10, p11)	Type of protection EEx nA II

Steaments of Conformity without signeture and said are similarly changes.

This Stetement of Conformity may be respectuced only in its entirely without any changes. Extract or changes shall respuise he prior approved of her Physikitisch Technische Bundesamadil.

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Bundesallee 100 D-38116 Braunschweig **ph.32Ex n.doc**

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Braunschweig und Berlin

(16) Test report PTB Ex 03-23301

(17) Special conditions for safe use

The signal circuit (terminals 11/12) shall be preceded by a fuse installed outside of the hazardous locations. This tises shall comply with IEC 60/12/2/11/280 V F, or with IEC 60/12/2/11/280 V, with other nominal current of Ns. 68 mA.

The serial interface adapter shall be preceded in the Vcc connection by a fuse in compliance with IEC 60127-2/NI, 250 V F, or with IEC 60127-2/NI, 250 T, with a fuse nominal current of In \leq 40 mA.

The serial interface adapter shall be installed outside the hazardous location.

The Model 3730-38... HART-capable Positioner shall be mounted in an enclosure providing at least Degree of Protection IP 34 in compliance with the IEC Publication 60529. This requirement applies also to cable entries and/or cable couplers..

The wiring shall be connected in such a manner that the connection facilities are not subjected to pull and/or twisting.

(18) Basis health and safety requirements

Are satisfied by compliance with the standard specified above.

(Signature) (seal)

Dr. Ing. U. Johannsmeyer Regierungsdirektor Statements of Conformity without signature and seal are involid.

This Statement of Conformity may be reproduced only in its entirely without any changes.

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Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt Bundesallee 100 D-38116 Braunschweig **ph.32Ex n.doc**

(13)

Revision Control Number: 0/ October 2003

Addendum Page 1

Installation Manual for apparatus certified by CSA for use in hazardous locations.

Electrical rating of intrinsically safe apparatus and apparatus for installation in hazardous locations.

Table 1: Maximum values

	Control	Postion	Forced venting	Limit switches	itches	Foult
	signal	indicator	function Solenoid valve	inductive	software	signal
Circuit No.	-	2	2	3 and 4	3 and 4	9
Terminal No.	11 / 12	31/32	81 / 82	41 / 42 and 51 / 52	41 / 42 and 51 / 52	83 / 84
Ui or Vmax	28V	28V	28V	16V	200	200
li or Imax	115mA	115mA	115mA	25/52 mA	60mA	60mA
Pi or P _{max}	1W	Wt	500mW	64/169 mW	250mW	250mW
Ö	35nF	5.3nF	5.3nF	60nF	13.3nF	13.3nF
i,	Нц0	Hrl0	Нцо	100рН	Hrlo	Нц0

9
8 0 3

Notes: Entity parameters must meet the following requirements:

Us or Vsc or Vi \le Ui or Vmax / Is or Is or It \le Ii or Imax / Ps or Pmax \le Pt or Pmax Ca \ge Ci + Ccable and La \ge Li + Lcable

Addendum Page 2

Table 2: CSA/FM – certified barrier parameters of circuit 2 and 5

Barrior		Supply	Supply barrier		Eval	valuation barrier	rier
	>	œ		Ь	>	œ	-
circuit 2	≤28V	∆00£≤	≤115mA	W1≥	<28V	*	0mA
circuit 5	≤28V	≥392Ω	≤115mA	≤500mW	≥28V	*	0mA

Table 3: The correlation between temperature classification and permissible ambient temperature ranges is shown in the table below:

Temperature class	Permissible ambient temperature range
T6	- 40°C 60°C
Т5	- 40°C 70°C
14	- 40°C 80°C

Table 4: For the Model 5730 – 331 ... Positioner the correlation between temperatur dissification, permissible annibient temperature ranges and maximum short-direuit current is shown in the table below.

Temperature class	Permissible ambient temperature range	Maximum short- circuit current
Т6	- 40°C 45°C	
Т5	- 40°C 60°C	52mA
Т4	- 40°C 75°C	
Т6	- 40°C 60°C	
Т5	- 40°C 80°C	25mA
T4	- 40°C 80°C	

intrinsically safe if installed as specified in manufacturer's installation manual.

CSA- certified for hazardous locations

Ex ia IIC T6: Class I, Zone 0

Class I, Div. 1, Groups A, B, C, D. Class II Div. 1, Groups E, F + G;

Type 4 Enclosure Notes: CSA certified apparatus. For maximum values of Ut or Vmax; It or Imax; Pt or Pmax Ci and Li of the various apparatus see Table 1 on page 1.

The apparatus may be installed in intrinsically safe circuits only when used in conjunction with

The installation must be in accordance with the C. E. C. Part 1. For barrier selection see Table 2 on page 2.

> 3.) 4.) 2.)

2.)

Use only supply wires suitable for 5°C above surrounding temperature.

C.E.C. Part. 1. Each pair of I.S. wires must be protected by a shield that is grounded at the I.S. For CSA Certification, Safety Barrier must be CSA Certified and installed in accordance with Ground. The shield must extend as close to the terminals as possible.

Controller / Supply supply barrier evulation barrier supply barrier evulation barrier relay or transistor output relay or transistor putput ρ I.S.Ground LOCATION SAFE # E circuit 1 position indicator control signal solenoid valve circuit 5 circuit 2 sault signal limit switch mit switch circuit 4 circuit 6 circuit 3 Terminal No. External position sensor 82-31+ 81+ ‡ 12-32-‡ 84-45-52-83+ HAZARDOUS LOCATION Options depending on versions Model 3730-33

Relay or transistor output 1 or 2 channel(s) resp. CSA/FM - certified Supply and evulation barrier CSA/FM - certified Controller CSA/FM - certified.

For the permissible maximum values for the intrinsically safe circuits 1,3,4 and 6 see Table 1 For the permissible barrier parameters for the circuits 2 and 5 see Table 2 Cable entry M 20 x 1.5 or metal conduit according to drawing No. 1050-0539 T

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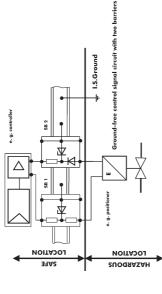
or 1050 - 0540 T

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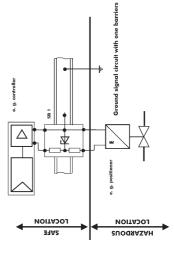
On interconnection to form ground- free signal circuits, only evaluation barriers must be installed in the return line. Correct polarity must be ensured.

Circuit diagram of a ground- free signal circuit. (position indicator and forced venting function)



In grounded signal circuits with only one barrier, the return line must be grounded or included in the potential equalization network of the system

Circuit diagram of a grounded signal circuit (position indicator and forced venting function)



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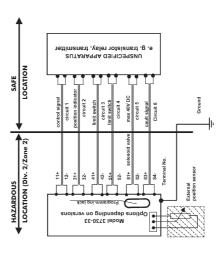
CSA- certified for hazardous locations

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Class I, Zone 2 Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D, Class II, Groups E, F + G.

Type 4 Enclosure

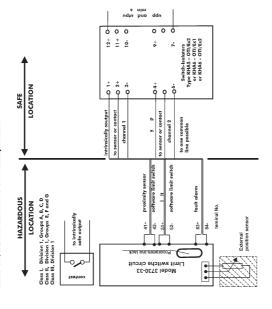
HART-capable positioner with position indicator, forced venting function (solenoid valve), fault signal and limit switches.



- Notes: 1.) The installation must be in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1
 - For the maximum values for the individual circuits see Table 1 and 2.
- The cables shall be protected by conduits. 3.)
- Cable entry only rigid metal conduit according to drawing No. 1050-0539 T and 1050-0540 T 4.)

Installation drawing Control Relay KHA5-OTI/Ex2, KHA6-OTI/Ex1 or KHA6-OTI/Ex2 with Model SJ-b-N Proximity Sensors

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maximum inductance of each inductive sensor $200\mu H$

The total series inductance and shunt capacitance of shield wiring shall be restricted to the following maximum values

lsc [mA]	4	8,61	→
, voc	•	12,9	→
с [µF]	1,27	3,82	10,2
L [mH]	84,8	299	744
Groups	A + B	o	q
Control Relay Terminal No.		1-3; 2-3 4-6; 5-6	

Each pair of I.S. wires must be protected by a shield that is grounded at the I.S. Ground. The shield must extend as dose to the terminals as possible Install per C.E.C. Part 1.

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