

深圳市华远显示器件有限公司 SHENZHEN HUAYUAN DISPLAY CO.,LTD.

液晶显示模块规格书

Specification for Liquid Crystal Display Module

HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC

Reviewed By	Approved By
Date:	Date:
	-



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

Rev. : R00

REVISION HISTORY

The following table tracks the history of the changes made to this document.

SN	Rev.	Content	Date	Design
1	R00	Origin Released	2011-06-23	
		-		



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

CONTENTS

REVI	SION HISTORY
CON	TENTS ····· 3
1.0	GENERAL DESCRIPTION 4
2. 0	FEATURES ····· 4
3. 0	MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION 4
4. 0	BLOCK DIAGRAM····· 5
5. 0	EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS 6
6. 0	INTERFACE PIN DESCRIPTIONS · · · · 7
7. 0	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ····· 8
8. 0	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ····· 8
9. 0	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS · · · 9
10. 0	TIMING CHARACTERICS
11. 0	BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS
12. 0	OPERATING PRINCIPLES & METHODS · · · · · · 14
13. 0	INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION
14. 0	QUALITY GUARANTEE · · · · 20
15. 0	RELIABILITY 25
16. 0	PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES
17. 0	USING LCD MODULES · · · · 28
18. 0	APPENDIX



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

1.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC is a 192x64 dots dot-matrix LCD module. It has a STN panel composed of 192 segments and 64 commons. The LCM can be easily accessed by microcontroller via 6800 series interface.

2.0 FEATURES

Display Format	192x 64 dots
LCD Type	STN-Y/G-POSITIVE
Polarizer Mode	TRANSFLECTIVE
Drive Method	1/64 Duty, 1/9 Bias
Viewing Direction	6 O'clock
Controller	SBN0064G
Interface	6800 Series 8-Bit Parallel Interface
Backlight	Y/G Side Type LED Backlight

3. 0 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

Item	tem Description			
Module Dimension	$130.0(W) \times 65.0(H) \times 12.5(Max)(T)$	mm		
Viewing Area	104.0(W) × 39.0(H)	mm		
Active Area	97.87(W) × 32.59(H)	mm		
Dot Size	$0.46(W) \times 0.46(H)$	mm		
Dot Pitch	$0.51(W) \times 0.51(H)$	mm		
Character Size		mm		



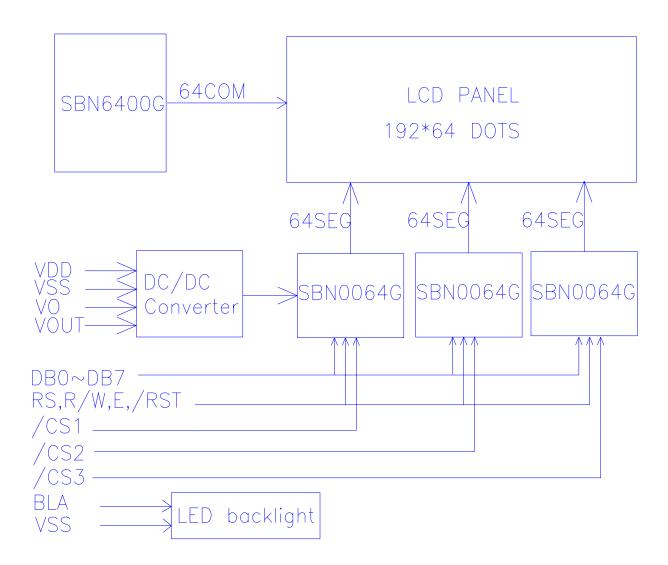
DOC#:

Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

4.0 BLOCK DIAGRAM

Title





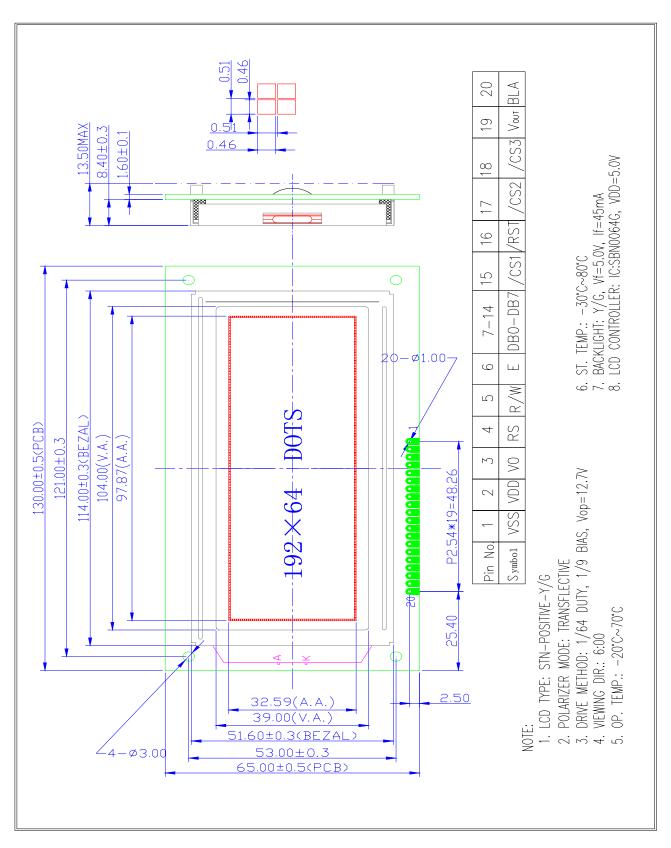
HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

5.0 EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

6.0 INTERFACE PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN No.	Symbol	Level	Description
1	V _{SS}		Ground
2	V_{DD}		Power supply for logic(+5.0V)
3	V0		Power supply for LCD
4	RS	H/L	Data or Instruction. RS=H: DB<0:7>:Display RAM data RS=L: DB<0:7>:Instruction data
5	R/W	H/L	Read or Write. R/W=H: Data appears at DB<0:7> and can be read by the CPU R/W=L: Display data DB<0:7> can be written at falling of E
6	E	Н,Н→L	Enable signal. Write mode: data of DB<0:7> is latched at the falling edge of E Read mode: DB<0:7> appears the reading data while E is at high level.
7	DB0	H/L	Data Bit0
8	DB1	H/L	Data Bit1
9	DB2	H/L	Data Bit2
10	DB3	H/L	Data Bit3
11	DB4	H/L	Data Bit4
12	DB5	H/L	Data Bit5
13	DB6	H/L	Data Bit6
14	DB7	H/L	Data Bit7
15	/CS1	H/L	Chip selection for left half part, Active "L"
16	/RST	H/L	System reset input , Active "L"
17	/CS2	H/L	Chip selection for middle half part, Active "L"
18	/CS3	H/L	Chip selection for right half part, Active "L"
19	VOUT		Built-in Negative Voltage Output
20	BLA		Power supply for LED Backlight (+5.0V)



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

7. 0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage (Logic)	V_{DD} - V_{SS}	-0.3	7.0	V
Supply Voltage (LCD)	V _{DD} -V5		15.0	V
Input Voltage	V _I	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20	70	$^{\circ}$ C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-30	80	$^{\circ}$ C

8.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage for Logic	V_{DD}		4.9	5.0	5.2	V
		-20°C				V
LCD Operating Voltage	V_{DD} -V5	+25℃	12.5	12.7	13.0	V
		+70°C				V
Input voltage H level	V_{IH}	For all inputs	V _{DD} -2.2		V_{DD}	V
Input voltage L level	$V_{ m IL}$	For all inputs	0		0.8	V
Output High Voltage	$ m V_{OH}$	HIGH level output voltage of DB0~7 at IOH=-200 uA	V_{DD} -0.3		$ m V_{DD}$	V
Output Low Voltage	$ m V_{OL}$	LOW level output voltage of DB0~7 at IOL=1.6 mA.	0		0.3	V
Operating current for display and microcontroller access at tCYC=1 MHz	${ m I}_{ m DD}$	1/64 duty, FCLK1,CLK2=2 50 KHz, frame frequency= 70Hz, and no loading for SEG0~63.			500	uA



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

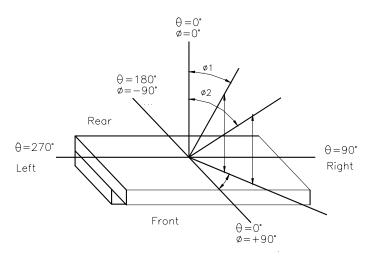
Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

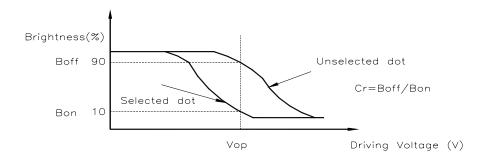
9.0 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		θ =0 ° and T	θ =0 ° and Ta=-20°C				ms
	Ton	θ =0 ° and T	~a=+25°C				ms
D 4:		θ=0 ° and Ta=+70°C					ms
Response time		θ=0 ° and Ta=-20°C					ms
	Toff	θ =0 ° and Ta=+25°C					ms
		θ =0 ° and Ta=+70°C					ms
Contrast ration	CR(MAX)	Ta=25℃		5	10		
		Deg θ=0 °			50		
Viewing	α	Deg θ=90 °	CR≥2.0		35		D
Angle	Ø	Deg θ=180 °	Ta=25°C		30		Deg
		Deg θ=270 °			35		
Crosstalk		Ta=25℃			1.2		

9.1 Viewing Angle θ , \emptyset and Viewing Angle Range: $\Delta \emptyset = |\emptyset 2 - \emptyset 1|$



9.2 Contrast ratio(CR)





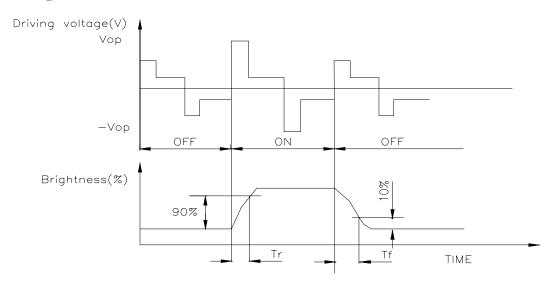
DOC#:

Rev. : R00

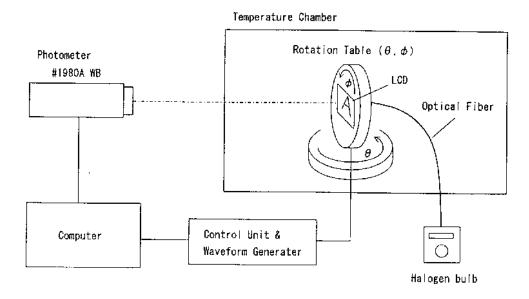
Effective Date: 2011-06-23

9.3 Response Time

Title



9.4 Optical Measurement System





HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

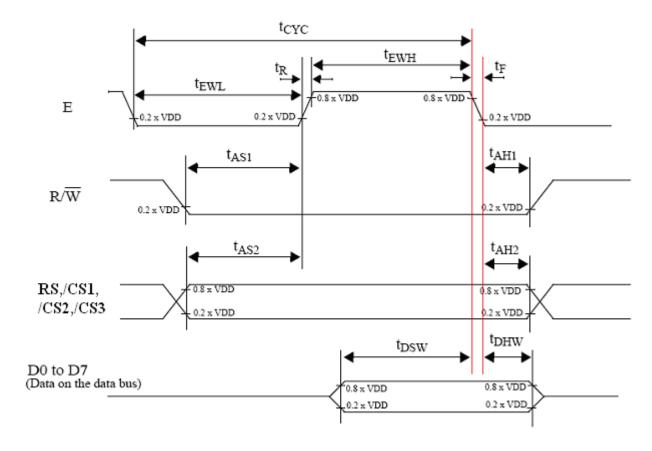
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Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

10.0 TIMING CHARACTERICS

10.1 Microcontroller interface timing for writing



Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Test Conditions	Unit
tCYC	Enable (E) cycle time	1000			
tEWL	Enable (E) LOW width	450			
tEWH	Enable (E) HIGH width	450			
tR	Enable (R) rise time		20		
tF	Enable (F) fall time		20		
tAS1	Write set-up time	140			ns
tAH1	Write hold time	10			
tAS2	RS, /CS1, /CS2,/CS3 set-up time	140			
tAH2	RS, /CS1, /CS2,/CS3 hold time	10			
tDSW	Data setup time (on the data bus)	200		The loading on the data bus is shown	
tDHW	Data hold time (on the data bus)	10		as below.	



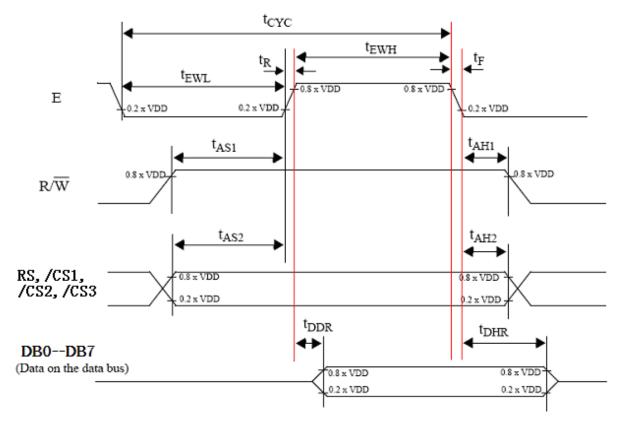
HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

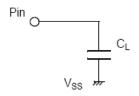
Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

10.2 Microcontroller interface timing for reading



Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Test conditions	Unit
tCYC	Enable (E) cycle time	1000			
tEWL	Enable (E) LOW width	450			
tEWH	Enable (E) HIGH width	450			
tR	Enable (R) rise time		20		
tF	Enable (F) fall time		20		
tAS1	READ set-up time	140			ng
tAH1	READ hold time	20			ns
tAS2	RS, /CS1, /CS2,/CS3 set-up time	140			
tAH2	RS, /CS1, /CS2,/CS3 hold time	10			
tDDR	Data delay time (on the data bus)	320		The loading on the	
tDHR	Data hold time (on the data bus)	20		data bus is shown as below.	



C_L= 50 pF (including wiring and probe capacitance).

显示

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

11.0 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

11.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25℃)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	Vr		5.0	V
Absolute maximum forward current	Ifm		60	mA
Forward Current	If	Vf=5.0V	45	mA
Power Description	Pd		135	mW
Operating temperature range	Topr		-20~+70	^{0}C
Storage temperature range	Tst		-30~+80	^{0}C

11.2 ELECTRICAL/OPTLCAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25℃)

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Forward Voltage	Vf	4.9	5.0	5.1	V	If=45 mA
Reverse Current	Ir		30		uA	Vr=5.0 V
Dominant wave length	λр				nm	If=45 mA
Spectral Line Half width	Δλ					If=45 mA
Luminance	Lv				cd/m ²	If=45 mA
Color Coordinate	X		Y/G			If=45 mA
Color Coordinate	Y					11–43 IIIA

显示

HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

12. 0 OPERATING PRINCIPLES & METHODS

12.1 RESET

The system can be initialized by setting /RST terminal at low level when turning power on, receiving instruction from MPU.

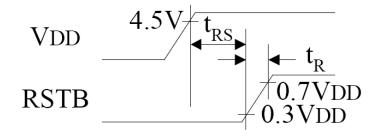
When /RST becomes low, following procedure is occurred.

- Display off
- •Display start line register become set by 0. (Z-address 0)

While /RST is low, No instruction except status read can be accepted. Therefore, execute other instructions after making sure that DB4=0 (clear /RST) and DB7=0 (ready) by status read instruction. The Conditions of power supply at initial power up are shown in table 2.

Power Supply Initial Conditions

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Reset time	tRS	1.0	-	1	us
Rise time	tR	-	-	200	ns





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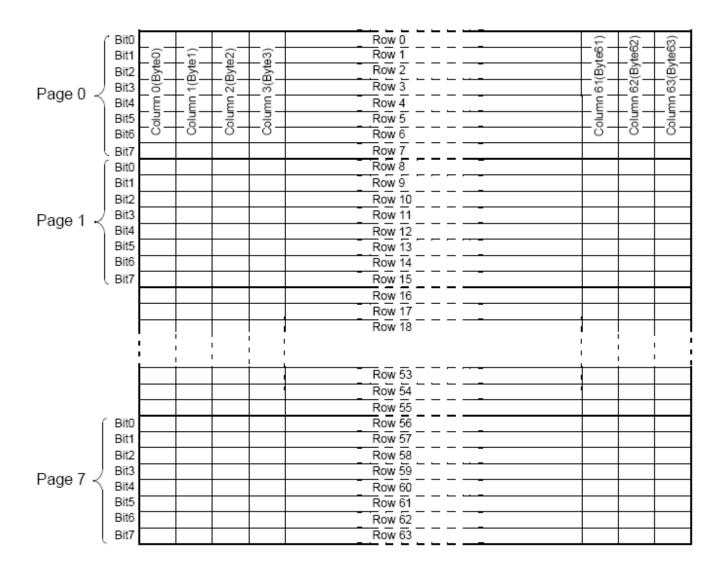
Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

12.2 Display Data Memory

Title

The Display Data Memory is divided into 8 pages: Page $0 \sim \text{Page } 7$, with each page having 64 bytes in horizontal direction. Page 0 is from Row 0 to Row 7, Page 1 from Row 8 to Row 15, Page 2 from Row 16 to Row 23, and Page 3 from Row 24 to Row 31,...etc, shown as below.





DOC#:

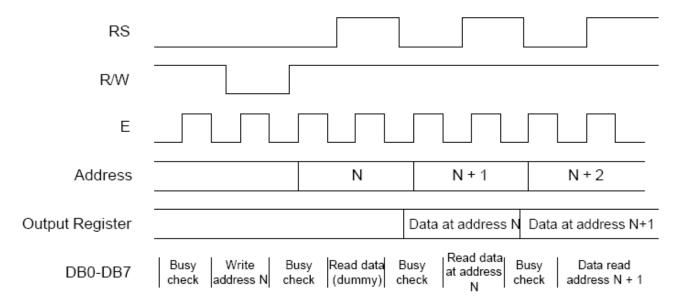
Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

12.3 Busy Flag

Title

Busy Flag indicates that SBN0064G is operating or no operating. When busy flag is high, SBN0064G is in internal operating. When busy flag is low, SBN0064G can accept the data or instruction. DB7 indicates busy flag of the SBN0064G.



Busy Check



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

13.0 INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

13.1 INSTRUCTION TABLE

Title

Instruction	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
Display on/off	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	D	Controls the display on or off. Internal status and display RAM data is not affected.
Set address (Y address)	0	0	0	1	Y add	ress (0	- 63)				Sets the Y address in the Y address counter.
Set page (X address)	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	Page ((0 - 7)		Sets the X address at the X address register.
Display start line (Z address)	0	0	1	1	Displa	ay start	line (0	- 63)			Indicates the display data RAM displayed at the top of the screen.
Status read	0	1	BUSY	0	ON/OFF	RESET	0	0	0	0	Read status. BUSY L: Ready H: In operation ON/OFF L: Display ON H: Display OFF RESET L: Normal H: Reset
Write display data	1	0	Write	data					Writes data (DB0:7) into display data RAM. After writing instruction, Y address is increased by 1 automatically.		
Read display data	1	1	Read	data							Reads data (DB0:7) from display data RAM to the data bus.



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

13.2 DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUCTION

1) DISPLAY ON/OFF

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	D

The display data appears when D is 1 and disappears when D is 0. Though the data is not on the screen with D = 0, it remains in the display data RAM. Therefore, you can make it appear by changing D = 0 into D = 1.

2) SET ADDRESS (Y ADDRESS)

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

Y address (AC0 - AC5) of the display data RAM is set in the Y address counter. An address is set by instruction and increased by 1 automatically by read or write operations of display data.

3) SET PAGE (X ADDRESS)

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	AC2	AC1	AC0

X address(AC0 - AC2) of the display data RAM is set in the X address register. Writing or reading to or from MPU is executed in this specified page until the next page is set.

4) DISPLAY START LINE (Z ADDRESS)

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
0	0	1	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0

Z address (AC0 - AC5) of the display data RAM is set in the display start line register and displayed at the top of the screen. When the display duty cycle is 1/64 or others(1/32 - 1/64), the data of total line number of LCD screen, from the line specified by display start line instruction, is displayed.

5) STATUS READ

I	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
	0	1	BUSY	0	ON/OFF	RESET	0	0	0	0



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

■BUSY

Title

When BUSY is 1, the Chip is executing internal operation and no instructions are accepted.

When BUSY is 0, the Chip is ready to accept any instructions.

■ON/OFF

When ON/OFF is 1, the display is off.

When ON/OFF is 0, the display is on.

RESET

When RESET is 1, the system is being initialized.

In this condition, no instructions except status read can be accepted.

When RESET is 0, initializing has finished and the system is in the usual operation condition.

6) WRITE DISPLAY DATA

RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Writes data (D0 - D7) into the display data RAM. After writing instruction, Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

7) READ DISPLAY DATA

ĺ	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0
ĺ	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Reads data (D0 - D7) from the display data RAM. After reading instruction, Y address is increased by 1 automatically.



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

14.0 QUALITY GUARANTEE

14.1 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

Inspection items	Sampling procedures	AQL	
	GB2828-81		
Visual-operating	Inspection level II	0.65	
(Electro-optical)	Normal inspection	0.03	
	Single sample inspection		
	GB2828-81		
Visual not operating	Inspection level II	1.5	
Visual-not operating	Normal inspection	1.5	
	Single sample inspection		
	GB2828-81		
Dimension	Inspection level II		
measurement	Normal inspection	1.5	
	Single sample inspection		

14.2 Conditions of Cosmetic Inspection

Environmental condition

The inspection should be performed at the 1m of height from the LCD module under 2 pieces of 40W white fluorescent lamps (Normal temperature $20\sim25^{\circ}$ C and normal humidity $60\pm15\%$ RH).

Inspection method

The visual check should be performed vertically at more than 30cm distance from the LCD panel.

Driving voltage

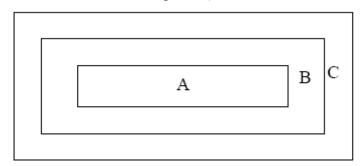
The V0 value which the most optimal contrast can be obtained near the specified V0 in the specification. (Within ± 0.5 V of the typical value at 25°C.).

14.3 Definition of inspection zone in LCD

Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)



Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

14.4 Inspection Standard

• Major Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classification of defects
1	All functional defects	 No display Display abnormally Missing vertical, horizontal segment Short circuit Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting. 	Major
2	Missing	Missing component	
3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed.	

• Module Cosmetic Criteria

No.	Item	Judgment Criterion	Partition
1	Difference in	None allowed	Major
	Spec.		
2	Pattern peeling	No substrate pattern peeling and floating	Major
3	Soldering	Soldering Mo soldering missing	
	defects	No soldering bridge	Major Minor
		No cold soldering	
4	Resist flaw on	Invisible copper foil (Ø0.5mm or more) on substrate	Minor
	substrate	pattern	
5	Accretion of	No soldering dust	Minor
	metallic Foreign	No accretion of metallic foreign matters (Not exceed	Minor
	matter	Ø0.2mm)	
6	Stain	No stain to spoil cosmetic badly	Minor
7	Plate discoloring	No plate fading, rusting and discoloring	Minor
8	Solder amount	a. Soldering side of PCB Solder to form a 'Filet'	Minor
	1. Lead parts	all around the lead.	
		Solder should not hide the	
		lead form perfectly. (too much)	_
		b. Components side	_
		(In case of 'Through Hole PCB')	
		Solder to reach the Components side of PCB.	
	2. Flat packages	Either 'Toe' (A) or 'Seal' (B) of	- Minor
		the lead to be covered by 'Filet'. A B	-
		Lead form to be assume over	
		solder.	



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

No.	Item	Judgment Criterion	Partition
8	3. Chips	$(3/2) H \ge h \ge (1/2) H$ $\uparrow h$ $\uparrow h$	Minor

• Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Non-Operating)

No.	Defect	Judgement Criterion			Partition	
1	Spots	In accordance	In accordance with Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating)			Minor
		No.1.	No.1.			
2	Lines	In accordance	with Sci	reen Cosmetic Criteria (Oper	rating)	Minor
		No.2.				
3	Bubbles in	-				Minor
	polarizer	Size : d	mm	Acceptable Qty in active area		
		d	≤ 0.3	Disregard		
		0.3 < d	≤ 1.0	3		
		1.0 < d	≤ 1.5	1		
		1.5 < d		0		
4	Scratch	In accordance	In accordance with spots and lines operating cosmetic			
		criteria. When	riteria. When the light reflects on the panel surface, the			
		scratches are n	ot to be re	markable.		
5	Allowable	Above defects	Above defects should be separated more than 30mm each			
	density	other.				
6	Coloration	Not to be not	Minor			
		LCD panels.				
		Back-lit type sl	Back-lit type should be judged with back-lit on state only.			
7	Contamination	Not to be notic	eable.			Minor

Note: Size : d = (long length + short length) / 2



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

• Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating)

No.	Defect	Judgment Criterion		
1	Spots	A) Clear		Minor
		Size : d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area	
		d ≤ 0.1	Disregard	
		$0.1 < d \le 0.2$	6	
		$0.2 < d \le 0.3$	2	
		0.3 < d	0	
			es and defective dots which must be within	
		one pixel size.		
		B) Unclear		
		Size : d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area	
		$d \leq 0.2$	Disregard	
		$0.2 < d \le 0.5$ $0.5 < d \le 0.7$	6 2	
		$0.3 < d \le 0.7$ 0.7 < d	0	
		0.7 < u	U	
2	Lines	A) Clear		Minor
		L 5.0	(0)	
		□ 5.0	(0)	
		2.0 (6)	See No. 1	
		0.02 0.05 0.1		
		Note:		
			y in active area	
		() - Acceptable Qty in active area L - Length (mm)		
		L - Length (mm) W - Width (mm)		
		∞ - Disregard		
		B) Unclear		
		L 10.0	(0)	
		∞ (6)		
		(0)	,	
		2.0	See No. 1	
		2.0		
		0.05 0.3 0.5 W		
		'Clear' = The shade and size are not changed by Vop.		
			nd size are changed by Vop.	
		The shade a	ina size are enanged by vop.	

Note: Size : d = (long length + short length) / 2



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

• Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating) (Continued)

No.	Defect	Judgment Criterion	Partition
3	Rubbing line	Not to be noticeable.	Minor
4	Allowable density	Above defects should be separated more than 10mm	Minor
		each other.	
5	Rainbow	Not to be noticeable.	Minor
6	Dot size	To be 95% ~ 105% of the dot size (Typ.) in drawing.	Minor
		Partial defects of each dot (ex. pin-hole) should be	
		treated as pot'.	
		(see Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating) No.1)	
7	Uneven brightness	Uneven brightness must be BMAX / BMIN ≤ 2	Minor
	(only back-lit type		
	module)	- BMIN : Min. value by measure in 5 points	
		Divide active area into 4 vertically and horizontally.	
		Measure 5 points shown in the following figure.	
		0 0	
		0	
		O : Measuring points	

Note:

- (1) The limit samples for each item have priority.
- (2) Complex defects are defined item by item, but if the numbers of defects are defined in above table, the total number should not exceed 10.
- (3) In case of 'concentration', even the spots or the lines of 'disregarded' size should not allowed. Following three situations should be treated as 'concentration'.
 - 7 or over defects in circle of Æ5mm.
 - 10 or over defects in circle of Æ10mm.
 - 20 or over defects in circle of Æ20mm.



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

15.0 RELIABILITY

Title

15.1 Content of Reliability Test

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test	
1 2 3	High Temperature Storage Low Temperature Storage High Temperature	80°C±2°C/200 hours -30°C±2°C/200 hours 70°C±2°C/120 hours	Inspection after	
5	Operating Low Temperature Operating Temperature Cycle	-20°C±2°C~25~70°C±2°C×10cycles	2~4hours storage at room temperature, the sample shall be free from defects:	
6	High Temperature / Humidity operation	(30min.) (5min.) (30min.) 50°C±5°C×90%RH/120 hours	1.Air bubble in the LCD;	
7	Vibration Test	Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm, X, Y, Z direction for total 3hours (Packing condition)	2.Sealleak; 3.Non-display; 4.missing segments; 5.Glass crack;	
8	Drooping test	Drop to the ground from 1m height, one time, and every side of carton. (Packing condition)	6.Current Idd is twice higher than initial value.	
9	Static electricity test	Voltage:±8KV R: 330Ω C: 150pF Air discharge, 10time		

Remark:

- 1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2. Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3. For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance \geq 10M Ω) should be used.
- 4. In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judge as a good part.
- 5. EL evaluation should be excepted from reliability test with humidity and temperature: Some defects such as black spot/blemish can happen by natural chemical reaction with humidity and Fluorescence EL has.
- 6. Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

16. 0 PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

16.1 Handing Precautions

Title

- (1) The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol
- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents
- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
 - (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
 - (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
 - (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
 - Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
 - To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions.
 - The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

16.2 Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep the modules in bags (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below 0°C). Whenever possible, the LCD modules should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

16.3 Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- Terminal electrode sections.



DOC#:

Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

17. 0 USING LCD MODULES

Title

17.1 About Liquid Crystal Display Modules

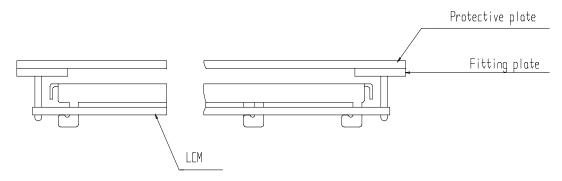
LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

- (1) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
- (2) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).
- (3) N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizer and reflectors made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropyl alcohol.
- (4) When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- (5) Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
 - (6) Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- (7) Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
 - (8) Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- (9) Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinate to the polarizer).
- (10) As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

17.2 Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#: Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

17.3 Electro-Static Discharge Control

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.

- (1) Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.
- (2) Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- (3) When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- (4) When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutation of the motor.
- (5) As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- (6) To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

17.4 Soldering to the LCM

- (1) Observe the following when soldering lead wire, connector cable and etc. to the LCM.
 - Soldering iron temperature : $280^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$.
 - Soldering time : 3-4 sec.
 - Solder: eutectic solder.

If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage dur to flux spatters.

- (2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- (3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

17.5 Operation

- (1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.
 - (2) Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.
- (3) Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.
- (4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

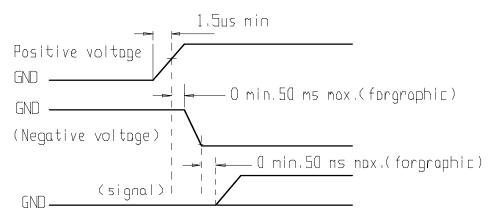


HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION DOC#: Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

(5) Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40° C, 50% RH.

(6) When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.



17.6 Storage

When storing LCDs as spares for some years, the following precaution are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0° C and 35° C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped.)
 - (4) Environmental conditions:
 - Do not leave them for more than 168hrs, at 60°C.
 - Should not be left for more than 48hrs. at -20°C.

17.7 Safety

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leakes out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

17.8 Limited Warranty

Unless agreed between HYDISPLAY and customer, HYDISPLAY will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with HYDISPLAY LCD/LCM acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of shipments. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to HYDISPLAY within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of HYDISPLAY limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. HYDISPLAY will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.



DOC#:

Rev. : R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

17.9 Return LCM under warranty

Title

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet's damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.



DOC#:

Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

18.0 APPENDIX

18.1 Initialization Code

Title

```
void wr cmd(uchar cmd)
{
   LCD E
              =0;
   LCD_RS
              =0;
   LCD RW
              =0;
   LCD E
              =1;
   DATAPORT = cmd;
   LCD E
              =0;
}
//Write Display RAM Data
#pragma disable
void wr dat(uchar dat)
   LCD E
              =0;
   LCD RS
              =1;
   LCD RW
              =0;
   LCD E
              =1;
   DATAPORT = dat;
   LCD E
              =0:
}
void initial()
   LCD CS1 =0;
   LCD CS2 =0;
   LCD CS3 = 0;
   wr_cmd(0xC0);//Set Display Start Line(Z Address)
   CLRDDRAM();
   wr cmd(0x3F); //Display On
}
```



HYG1926442C-YF62L-VC SPECIFICATION

DOC#:

Rev.: R00

Effective Date: 2011-06-23

18.2 Power Supply Circuit Diagram

